



International
Olympic
Committee

OLYMPIC BRAND GUIDELINES

September 2023



These guidelines are intended to help bring the Olympic brand to life – a visual identity inspired by our heritage and driven by our vision of building a better world through sport. The system balances consistency and flexibility to maximise impact through every application. Just like in sport, there are lines to stay within, but those margins aren't meant to stop the exceptional; they simply frame it. Let's move the world.

CONTENTS

1	Introduction	4	5	Typography	41	Editorial.....	74	Pictogram Colour.....	108		
	The Olympic brand.....	5		Olympic Headline.....	43	Digital application.....	75	Alignment and grid.....	109		
	Brand framework.....	6		Olympic Sans.....	45	Adding elements.....	76	Removing containers.....	110		
	Brand characteristics.....	7		Olympic Serif.....	47	Post-processing.....	77	Applications.....	111		
	System elements.....	8		Opentype features.....	49	8	Illustrations	79	Guidance.....	112	
2	Olympic Symbol	9		Tracking, kerning, leading.....	50		Concept.....	81	10	Infographics	113
	Full colour.....	11		Paragraph alignment.....	51		Style and Colour.....	82		Highlighting data.....	115
	Monochrome.....	12		Rags and widows.....	51		Illustration types.....	83		Part-to-whole charts.....	116
	Isolation and minimum size.....	13		Line length.....	52		Combining illustrations types.....	84		Comparison charts.....	117
	Backgrounds.....	14		Typography colour.....	53		Illustration types guidance.....	85		Infographics examples.....	118
	Olympic symbol on photos.....	15		Combining typefaces.....	54		Illustration index.....	87		Infographics with icons.....	119
	Guidance.....	16	6	Graphic Devices	57		Cropping.....	88		Infographics guidance.....	120
3	Colour	17		Field of play.....	59		Applications.....	89		Maps.....	122
	Olympic colour.....	18		Field of play cropping.....	60	9	Pictograms	91	11	Composition	123
	Medal colour.....	19		Sport lines.....	61		Universal pictograms.....	92		Grids and formats.....	125
	Extended colour.....	20		Combining graphics.....	62		Clear space & minimum size.....	93		Digital grids and formats.....	126
	Combining colour.....	21		Guidance.....	63		Summer sports.....	94		Rings and alignment.....	127
	Guidance.....	22		Modifying.....	65		Winter sports.....	96		Fine lines.....	128
4	Logo System	24		Applications.....	66		Demonstration sports.....	97		A4 portrait layouts.....	129
	Tier 1.....	26	7	Photography	67		Functional Icons – Standard.....	98		A4 landscape layouts.....	130
	Tier 2.....	34		Representing diversity.....	69		Functional Icons – YOG.....	100		Display layouts.....	131
	Colourways.....	38		Style.....	70		Functional Icons – TOM.....	104		Digital layouts.....	132
	Guidance.....	39		Action.....	71		Versions.....	106		Spacing in digital.....	133
	Designations and labels.....	40		Emotion.....	72		Backgrounds.....	107		Layering digital components.....	134
				Heritage.....	73				12	Contact information	135

1

INTRODUCTION

5	The Olympic brand
6	Brand framework
7	Brand characteristics
8	System elements

THE OLYMPIC BRAND

Our vision is to build a better world through sport. To inspire, by being the best that we can be. The best of what we can achieve. Together.

The roots of our brand date back nearly 3,000 years to the ancient Olympic Games. Traditions and values developed over millennia – promoting peace, friendship and respect through sport.

Since then, the Olympics have left an imprint on cities, measured greatness and inspired hope. Sport has the power to bring people together. To break down barriers, drive progress and move the world forward. Solidarity, equality, achievement and peace. These ideals can be traced all the way back to the ancient Games and the philosophy of Olympism.

Along with the Olympic rings, our values form the foundation of our identity – welcoming the world through all that we do. We hold our torch high and aspire to be our best.

→ More on [Olympism](#)



BRAND FRAMEWORK

A framework designed to bring purpose to every expression of the Olympic brand.

Purpose

Inspire human potential every day

Since ancient times, the Olympic Games have measured human potential — inspiring the best of us. Unlocking potential isn't just for elite athletes chasing world records. Potential is inside everyone looking to get better — to be better — every single day.

Vision

Build a better world through sport

What can sport accomplish in a complex and ever-evolving world? A lot. Sport shows us we're all chasing the same dreams — that anyone, from anywhere, can aspire to compete at the highest level. Sport can help people find their confidence, their spirit, their creativity.

Sport can build friendships and bridge nations. Athletes are competitors, but respect each other in victory and defeat. Sport is a way in — a universal language accepted everywhere. It shows us we're not that different after all.

→ More on [Vision and Missions](#)

Positioning

Unite the world on and off the field of play

The Olympic Games are about bringing people together. Nations and generations of diverse backgrounds and beliefs. A celebration of what we share and the power of our differences. Faster. Higher. Stronger. Together.

Values

Excellence, respect and friendship

Our values help bring out the best in us. We strive for excellence and encourage people to do the best they can. We promote respect in many different ways, respect for yourself, for the rules, for your opponents, for the environment and for the public. We celebrate friendship, which is the hallmark of the Olympic Games. There is more that unites than divides us.

BRAND CHARACTERISTICS

The qualities of the Olympic brand have been shaped over decades, even centuries. These characteristics inform every element and expression of our brand and can be dialled up or down to reflect different needs.

Hopeful

Inspiring optimism about the future. Promoting peace through sport. Ambition. Aspiration. Promise and potential.

Universal

Shared by all people, everywhere. Everlasting. Timeless. Essential. Enduring.

Inclusive

United in diversity. United in solidarity. Bringing the world together. Uniting people through empathy and celebrating differences and individuality.

Vibrant

Full of energy and enthusiasm. Dynamic, inspiring, active and exciting. Igniting passion in us all.

Progressive

Innovative and sustainable ideas, methods and milestones that help move the world forward. Positive social impact for a better world. Pushing the limits. Inspiring potential.

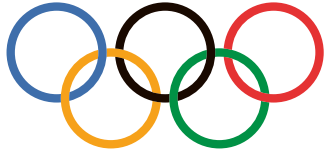


SYSTEM ELEMENTS

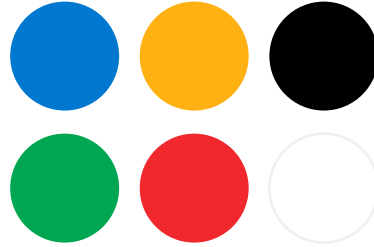
The system elements were inspired by the brand framework and brand characteristics. They are designed to enhance consistency while allowing flexibility across various mediums. System elements may be combined in various ways to create distinct expressions, from simple and

elegant to bold and energetic. The spacious and structured approach to composition helps each application feel more open, inviting and inspiring – reflecting our brand personality and connecting all that we do.

Olympic symbol



Colour



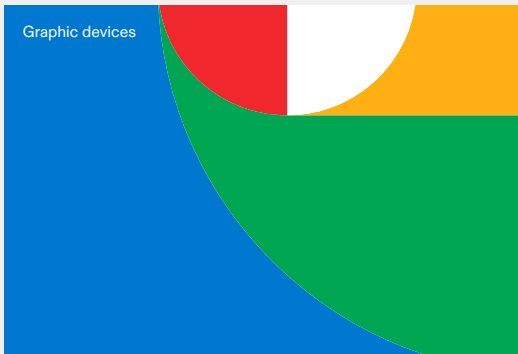
Logo system



Typography

ABCDEFGHI

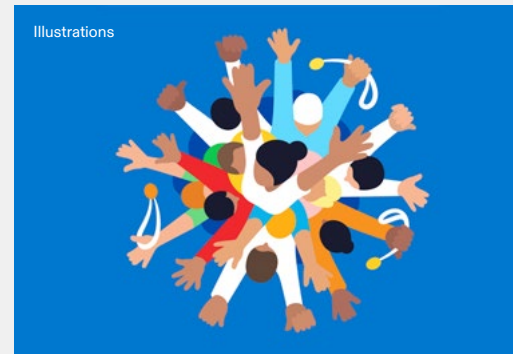
Graphic devices



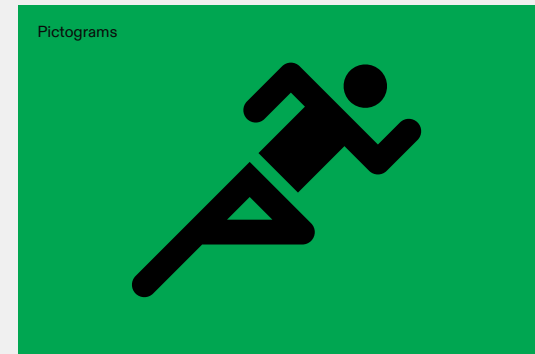
Photography



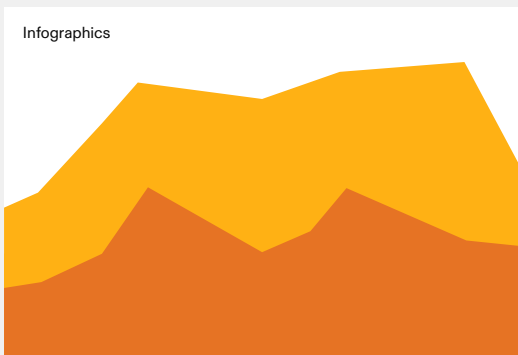
Illustrations



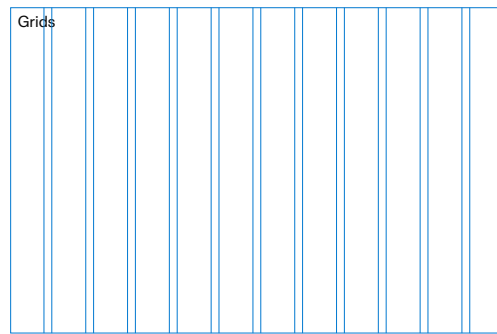
Pictograms



Infographics



Grids



2

OLYMPIC SYMBOL

11
12
13
14
15
16

Full colour
Monochrome
Construction, isolation area and minimum size
Backgrounds
Olympic symbol on photographs
Guidance

OLYMPIC SYMBOL

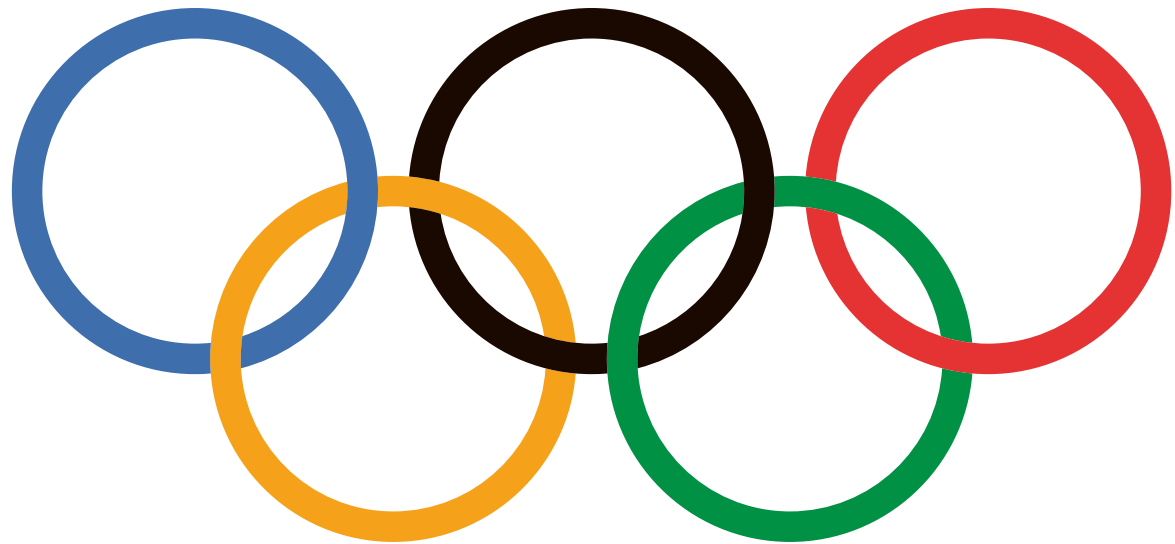
The Olympic rings represent the world coming together. Five connected rings, five continents connected in competition and celebration — Africa, the Americas, Asia, Australia and Europe.

They were designed by the founder of the modern Games, Pierre de Coubertin, and debuted at the Olympic Games Antwerp 1920.



OLYMPIC SYMBOL FULL COLOUR

The full-colour Olympic rings — blue, yellow, black, green and red on a white background; colours combining to represent the flags of all nations when the rings were created in 1913. This is the preferred version of the Olympic rings.

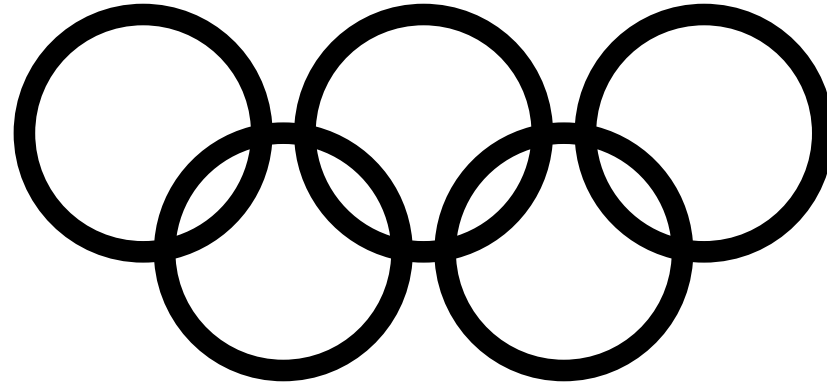


OLYMPIC SYMBOL MONOCHROME

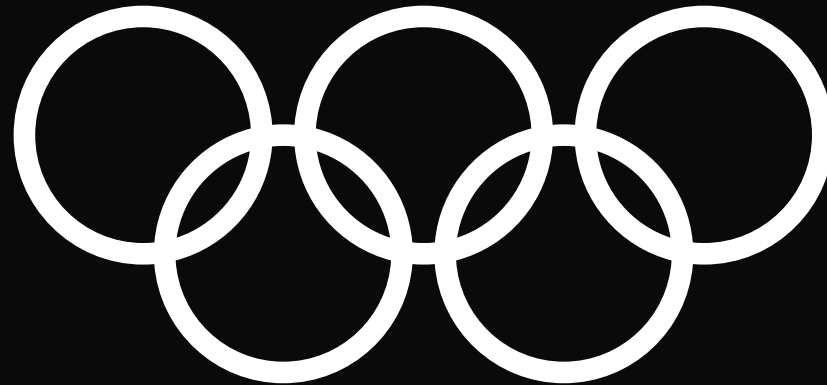
The black and white rings may be applied to any solid coloured background as long as visual integrity is maintained.

For more information on other monochrome versions of the Olympic rings, please refer to the Olympic Symbol Guidelines.

Black



White



CONSTRUCTION, ISOLATION AREA AND MINIMUM SIZE

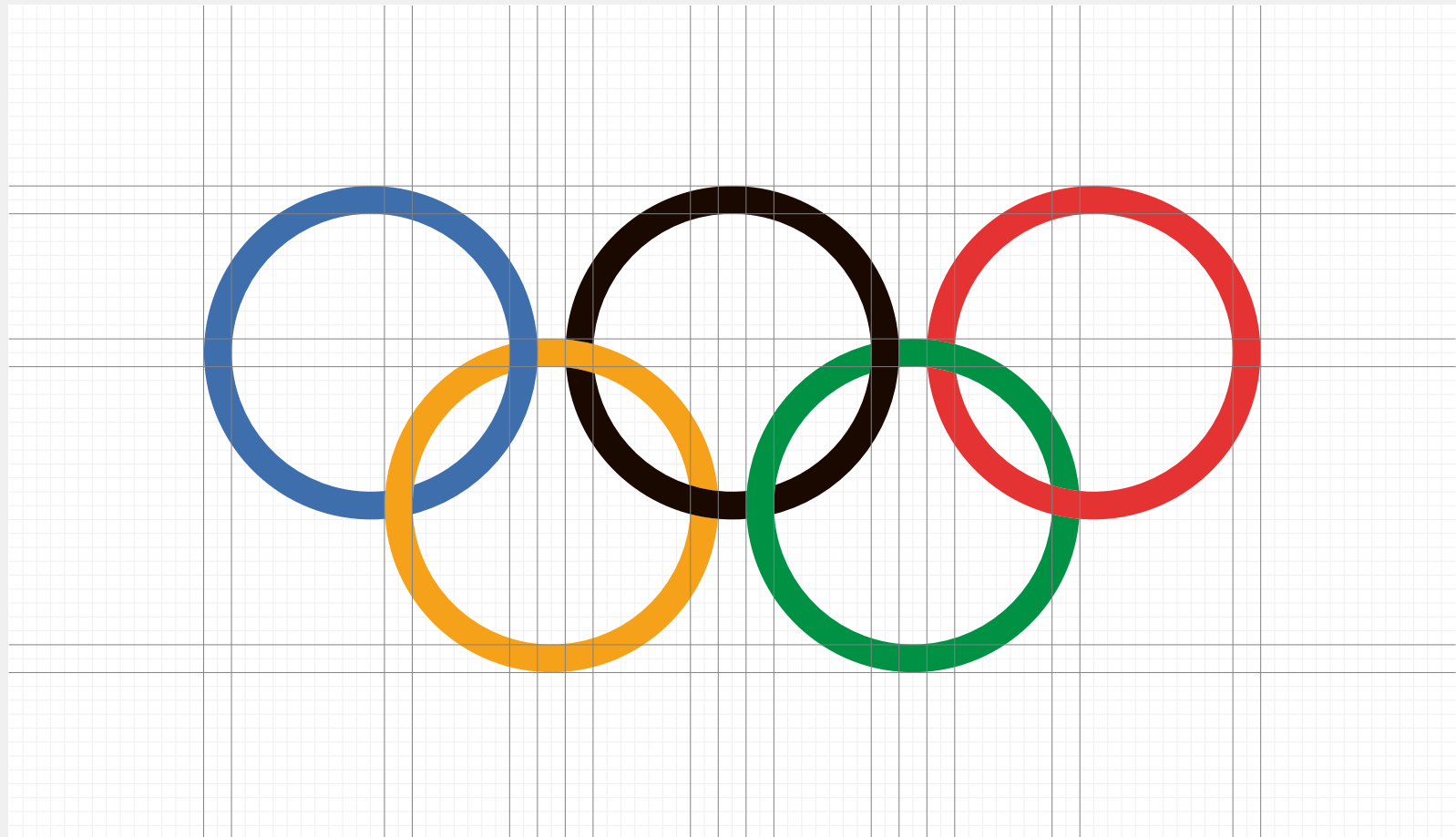
Constructed on a strict geometric grid, one ring is equal to 12 times the thickness of a ring. The space between two rings is equal to the thickness of one ring. Always use the artwork provided and do not alter in any manner.

Isolation area

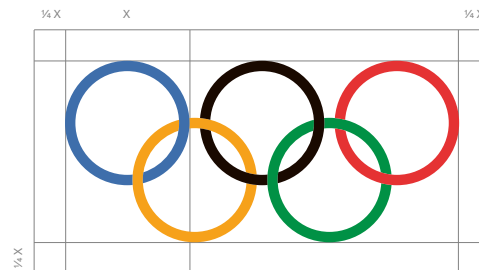
The isolation area corresponds to $\frac{1}{4}$ the diameter of a ring. No other typography, text, graphic and/or photographic element may overlap the Olympic rings.

Minimum size

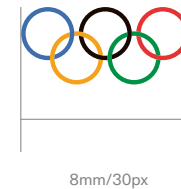
The Olympic rings should appear no smaller than 8 millimetres or 30 pixels wide. In special cases, provided that the legibility and integrity of the Olympic rings are retained, the rule on minimum size might not be applied, with the prior consent of the IOC.



Isolation area



Minimum size



BACKGROUNDS

Full-colour rings may be applied to white backgrounds only. Black or white rings may be applied to any solid coloured background as long as visual integrity and legibility are maintained.

White

Black

Blue

Yellow

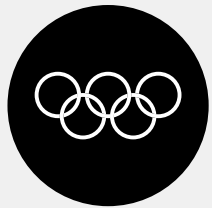
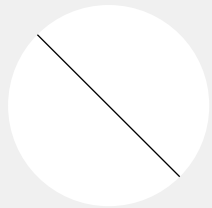
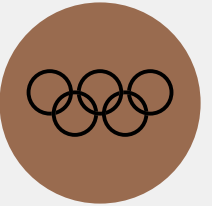
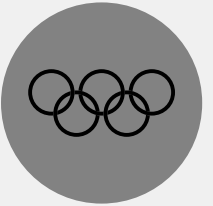
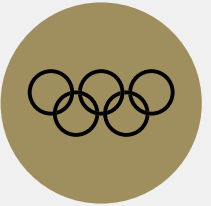
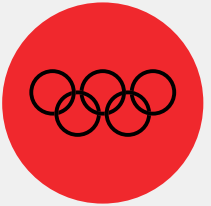
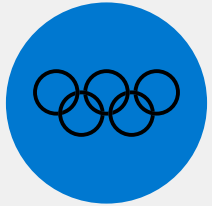
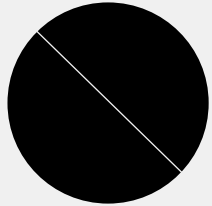
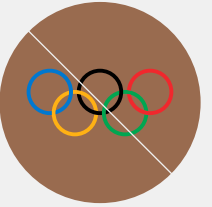
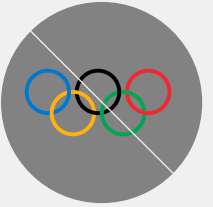
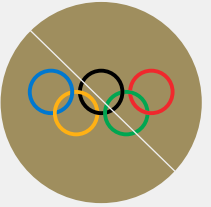
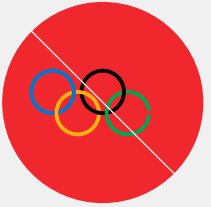
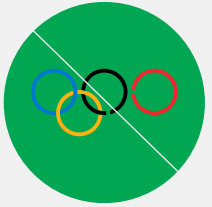
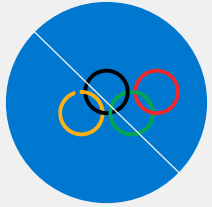
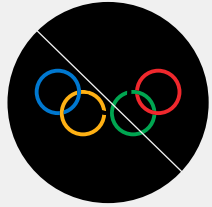
Green

Red

Gold

Silver

Bronze



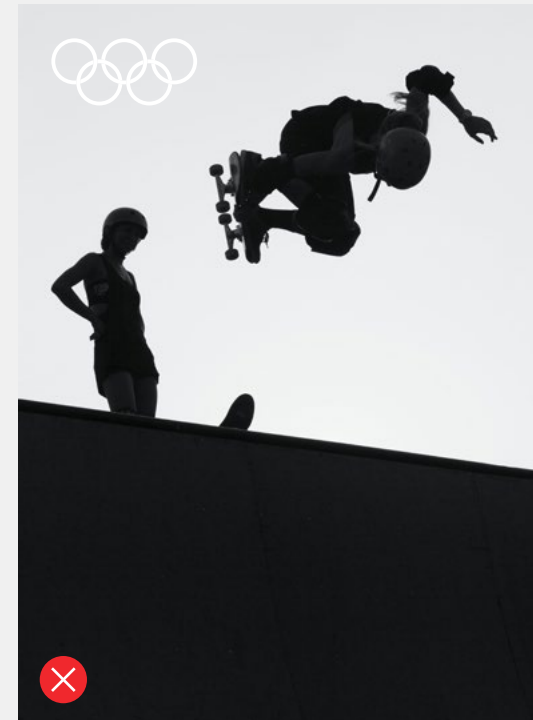
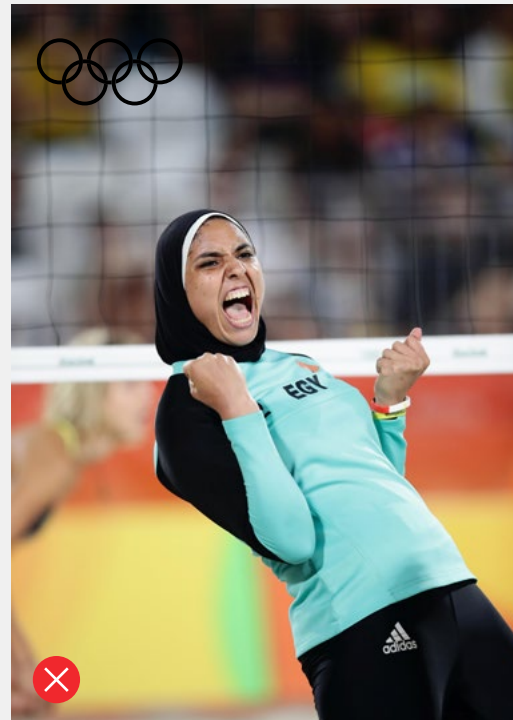
OLYMPIC SYMBOL ON PHOTOGRAPHS

When placing the rings on a photograph, ensure legibility is maintained. Do not modify any colours within the rings to create contrast.

Applying on light backgrounds

The full-colour rings may be applied on light backgrounds in photographs as long as legibility is not impacted. As a general rule, a light background in a photograph should not include a tint of black that is darker than 5%.

For more information on applying the Olympic rings on light backgrounds, please refer to the Olympic Symbol Guidelines.



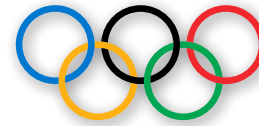
GUIDANCE

The Olympic rings should never be altered in any manner, including modifying the official colours, or the order of the colours. Always use supplied artwork (never recreate the rings).

Do not apply unauthorised one-colour versions.



Do not add drop shadow.



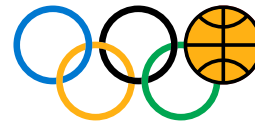
Do not modify any colours.



Do not rotate.



Do not recreate with objects, shapes, people or products.



Do not place any elements over the top of the rings.



Do not fill with imagery.



Do not add gradients.



Do not distort.



3

COLOUR

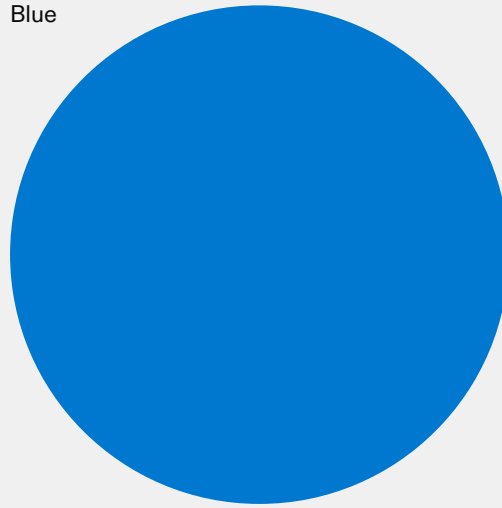
18
19
20
21
22

Olympic colour
Medal colour
Extended colour
Combining colour
Guidance

OLYMPIC COLOUR

Our primary brand colours are blue, yellow, black, green, red and white. They form the foundation of everything Olympic. These colours are used to provide accessibility, simplicity and consistency throughout all brand communications.

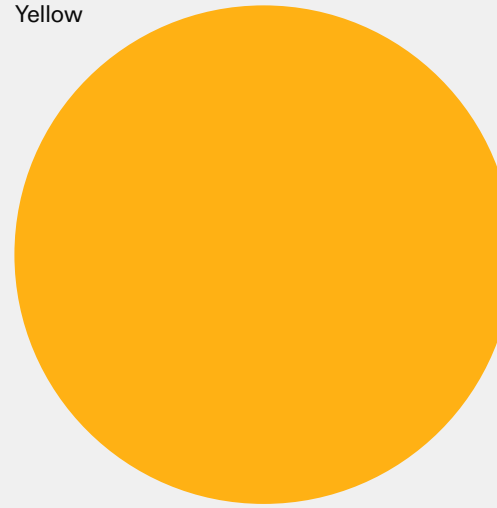
Blue



Pantone 3005 C
HEX #0078D0
RGB 0, 120, 208
CMYK 100, 40, 0, 0

Textile Cotton 18-4440 TCX
Madeira 1297
RAL 5015

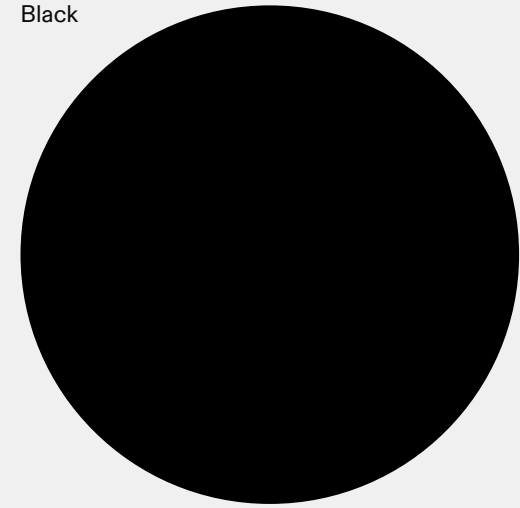
Yellow



Pantone 137 C
HEX #FFB114
RGB 255, 177, 20
CMYK 0, 35, 100, 0

Textile Cotton 14-1064 TCX
Madeira 1137
RAL 1028

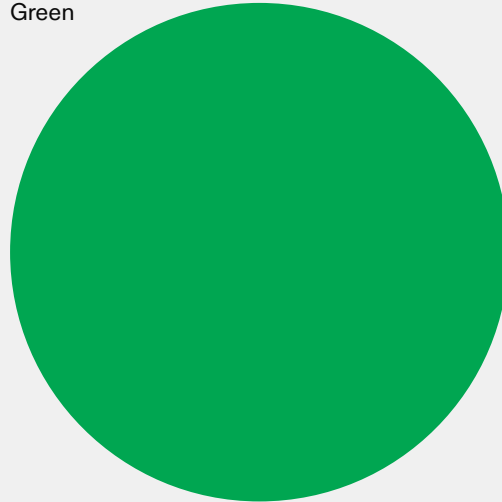
Black



Pantone 426 C
HEX #000000
RGB 0, 0, 0
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 100

Textile Cotton 19-4205 TCX
Madeira 1007
RAL 9005

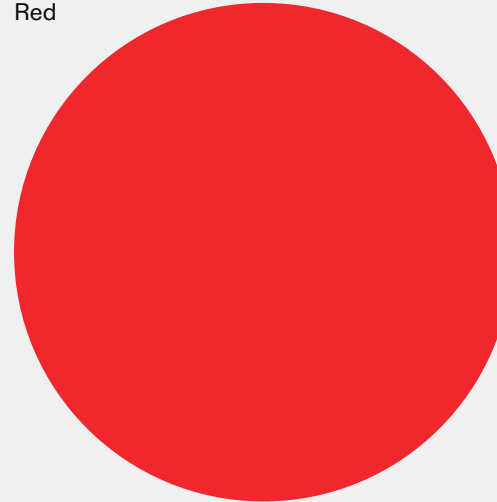
Green



Pantone 355 C
HEX #00A651
RGB 0, 166, 81
CMYK 100, 0, 100, 0

Textile Cotton 17-6153 TCX
Madeira 1051
RAL 6037

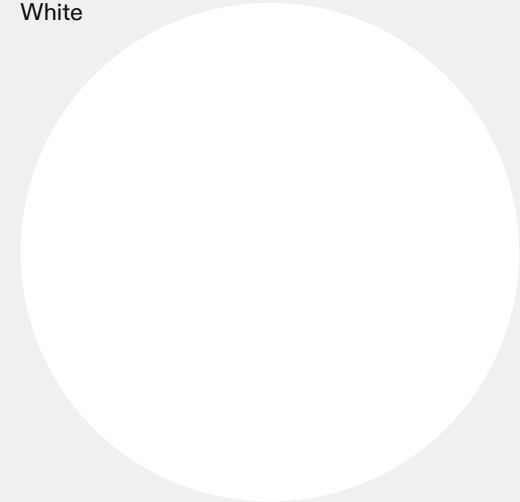
Red



Pantone 192 C
HEX #F0282D
RGB 240, 40, 45
CMYK 0, 95, 90, 0

Textile Cotton 18-1763 TCX
Madeira 1147
RAL 3020

White



Pantone White
HEX #FFFFFF
RGB 255, 255, 255
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 0

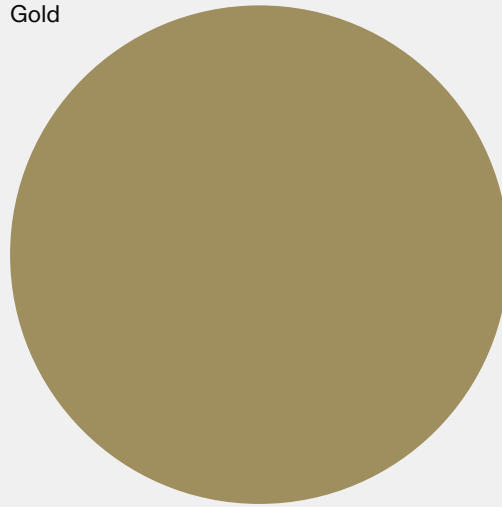
Textile Cotton 11-0601 TCX
Madeira 1001
RAL 9016

MEDAL COLOUR

The medal colours provide a beautiful, more neutral complement to the vibrant Olympic colours. They work especially well for special communications around achievement, heritage and legacy. When printed, metallic ink is preferred where possible to produce the most authentic visual expression of these tones.

These colours are contemporary and distinguished, and play an important part in Olympic history. Olympic medals were awarded to winners when the modern Games began at Athens 1896, with the iconic gold, silver and bronze introduced at St Louis 1904.

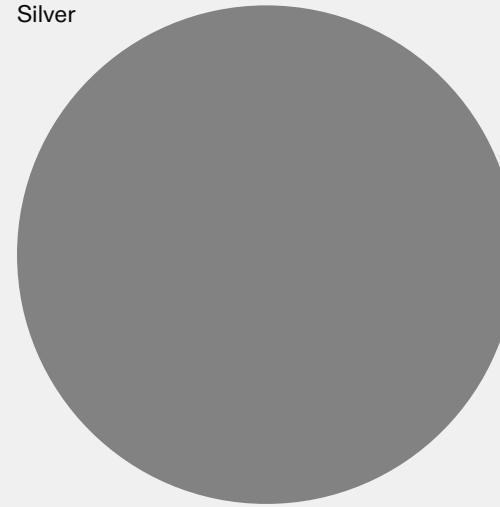
Gold



Pantone 871 C
HEX #9F8F5E
RGB 159, 143, 94
CMYK 37, 37, 72, 7

Textile Paper 17-1036 TPX
Textile Cotton 17-1028 TCX
Madeira 424
RAL 8000

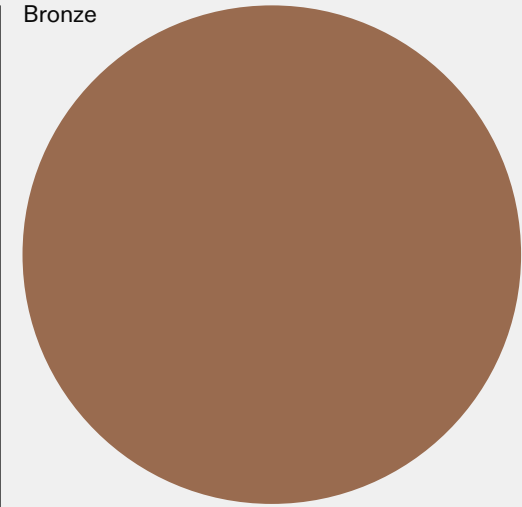
Silver



Pantone 877 C
HEX #969696
RGB 150, 150, 150
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 50

Textile Paper 14-5002 TPX
Textile Cotton 17-5102 TCX
Madeira 442
RAL 7045

Bronze



Pantone 8023 C
HEX #996B4F
RGB 153, 107, 79
CMYK 34, 56, 71, 16

Textile Paper 17-1340 TPX
Textile Cotton 17-1147 TCX
Madeira 428
RAL 8023

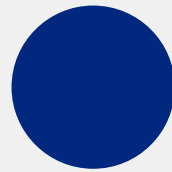
EXTENDED COLOUR

The extended colours are designed only for digital interfaces, infographics, illustrations and product designs where tone-on-tone pairings improve the communication or user experience; for example, on hover states or disabled buttons.

These colours may be used in support of Olympic colours only, and should not be used prominently in application. This helps maintain the meaning and impact of the Olympic palette.

Outside of illustrations, extended colours may be applied only with similar tones. For example, on an infographic, the extended blues may be used in support of Olympic blue.

*Olympic colour



HEX #00287F
RGB 0, 40, 127
CMYK 100, 90, 5, 30



HEX #0049AA
RGB 0, 73, 170
CMYK 100, 80, 0, 0



*
HEX #0078D0
RGB 0, 120, 208
CMYK 100, 40, 0, 0



HEX #00B4EB
RGB 0, 180, 235
CMYK 70, 10, 2, 0



HEX #5ED6FF
RGB 94, 214, 255
CMYK 53, 0, 2, 0



HEX #ABEBFF
RGB 171, 235, 255
CMYK 25, 0, 3, 0



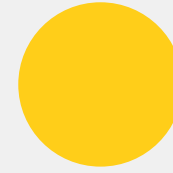
HEX #E67324
RGB 230, 115, 36
CMYK 5, 70, 100, 0



HEX #FA841E
RGB 250, 132, 30
CMYK 0, 58, 100, 0



*
HEX #FFB114
RGB 255, 177, 20
CMYK 0, 35, 100, 0



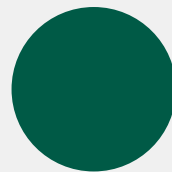
HEX #FFCE19
RGB 255, 206, 25
CMYK 0, 18, 100, 0



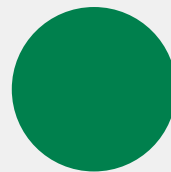
HEX #FFE045
RGB 255, 224, 69
CMYK 0, 10, 83, 0



HEX #FFF08C
RGB 255, 240, 140
CMYK 0, 0, 53, 0



HEX #005A46
RGB 0, 90, 70
CMYK 100, 45, 85, 30



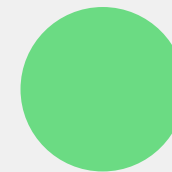
HEX #00804D
RGB 0, 128, 77
CMYK 100, 20, 95, 16



*
HEX #00A651
RGB 0, 166, 81
CMYK 100, 0, 100, 0



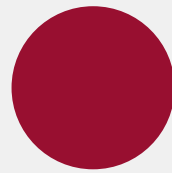
HEX #00CB50
RGB 0, 203, 80
CMYK 75, 0, 82, 0



HEX #6BDB83
RGB 107, 219, 131
CMYK 52, 0, 60, 0



HEX #AAE8B8
RGB 170, 232, 184
CMYK 27, 0, 32, 0



HEX #980F30
RGB 152, 15, 48
CMYK 27, 100, 80, 24



HEX #BF192B
RGB 191, 25, 43
CMYK 14, 100, 93, 10



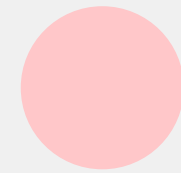
*
HEX #F0282D
RGB 240, 40, 45
CMYK 0, 95, 90, 0



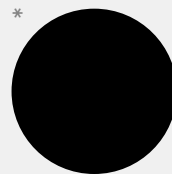
HEX #FF555F
RGB 255, 85, 95
CMYK 0, 78, 53, 0



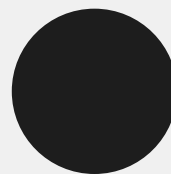
HEX #FF9196
RGB 255, 145, 150
CMYK 0, 50, 27, 0



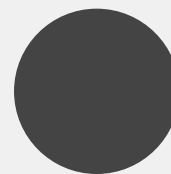
HEX #FFC7C9
RGB 255, 199, 201
CMYK 0, 25, 10, 0



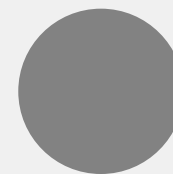
*
HEX #000000
RGB 0, 0, 0
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 100



HEX #2E2E2E
RGB 46, 46, 46
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 94



HEX #5A5A5A
RGB 90, 90, 90
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 80



HEX #969696
RGB 150, 150, 150
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 50



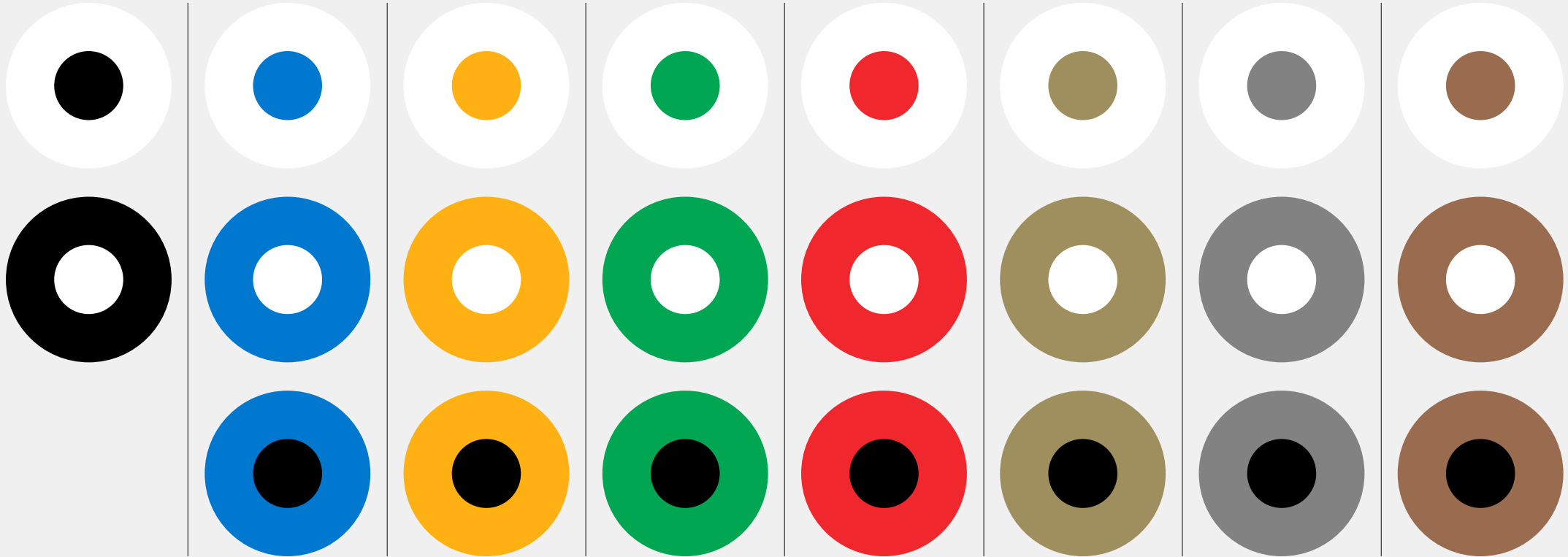
HEX #B4B4B4
RGB 180, 180, 180
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 35



HEX #E5E5E5
RGB 229, 229, 229
CMYK 0, 0, 0, 10

COMBINING COLOUR

These pairings provide a general guide for combining colours across all Olympic brand elements. Any colour may appear on white. Olympic colours and medal colours may be combined with white or black only. For example, white or black text may appear on an Olympic green background.



GUIDANCE

Solid colour

Use colour boldly in application to create space and impact, with big hits of white and big hits of colour. Select colours that align with the tone or theme of the communication. For example, white feels more elegant and red more energetic. When in doubt, use white — a key Olympic colour and a neutral backdrop for content.

When designing a series of applications that appear together, a solid Olympic colour or medal colour may be used across each application. The series collectively creates an Olympic look. Avoid a series that features only part of the Olympic colour palette, for example Olympic blue and red exclusively.

For digital interfaces, apply colour consistently, distinctively and intentionally, to accent specific elements such as buttons, text highlights or media tags.

Use colour to indicate interactivity with hover and focus states.

Avoid gradients or effects in most circumstances. Olympic colours are most powerful when pure. In digital, use black or white gradients only when overlaid on images.

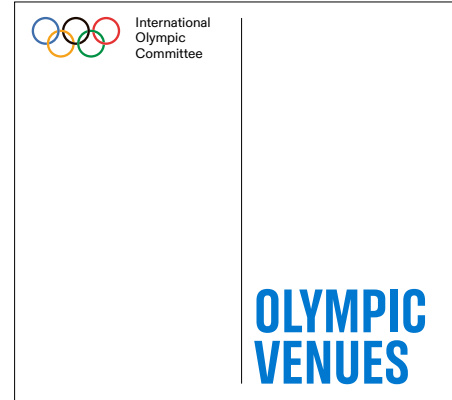
Combining colour

Olympic colours and medal colours may be combined with white or black only. For example, white or black text may appear on an Olympic green background.

Use Olympic colours to flood a design.



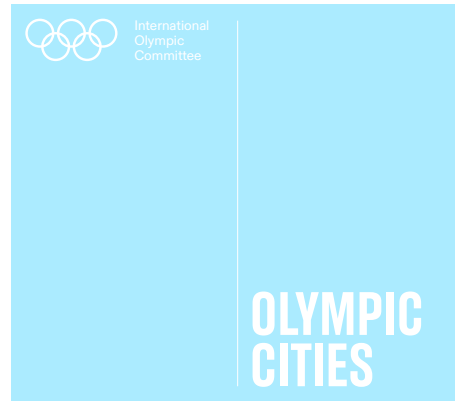
Only headline text may appear in a colour.



Use medal colours to flood a design.



Do not flood a design with an extended colour.



Do not apply colour headline text to a non-white background.



Do not combine colours in unauthorised ways.

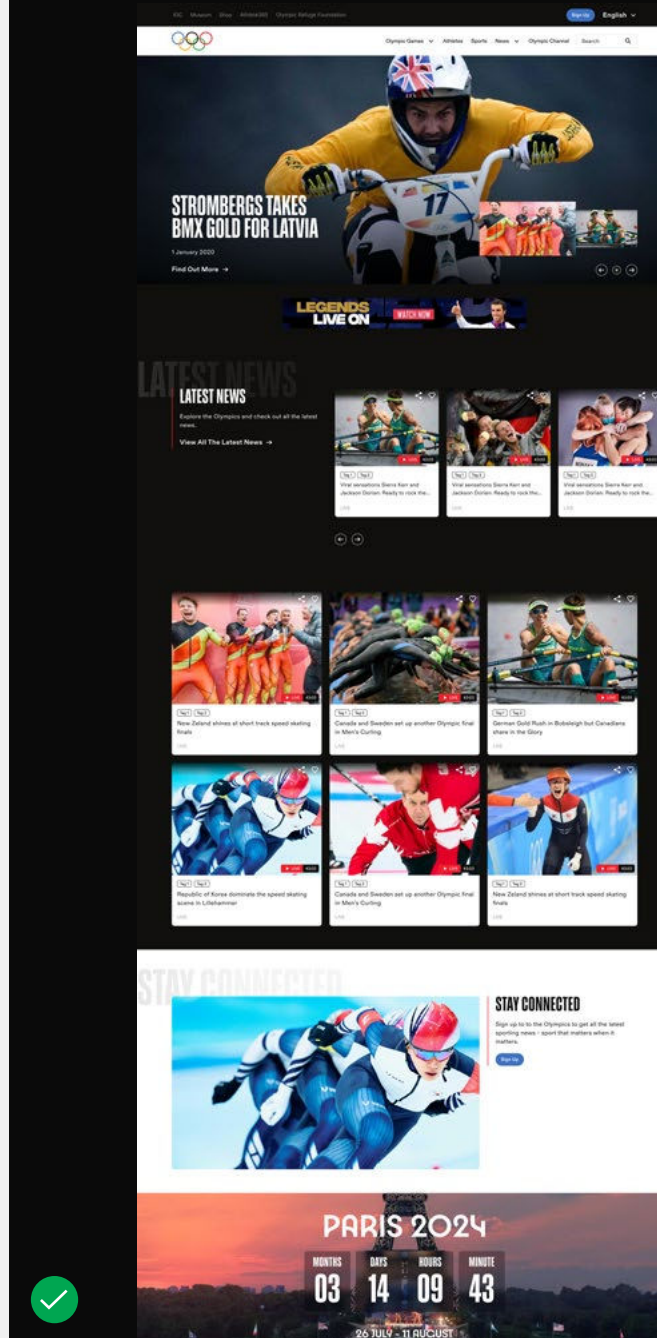


GUIDANCE

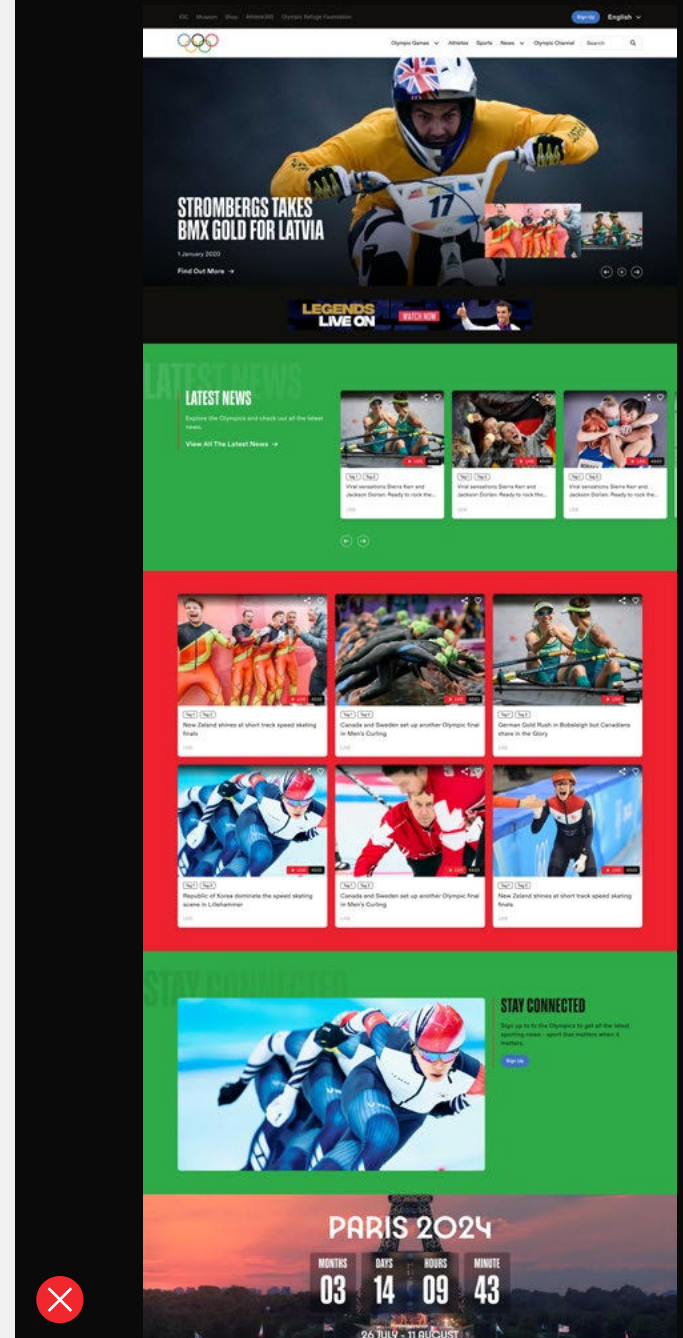
Colours should be separated by generous areas of white or black in most instances. Do not use bright Olympic colours side by side. In layout, colour should be used to create hierarchy and space.

For digital interfaces, favour black and white backgrounds as other Olympic colours are hard to consistently combine with the colours used for accent elements such as buttons, tags, and page furniture. Black backgrounds or dark mode is also more sustainable as it decreases energy consumption.

Colour should be separated by generous areas of white or black in most layouts.



Do not use bright Olympic colours side by side.



4

LOGO SYSTEM

26

34

38

39

40

Tier 1

Tier 2

Colourways

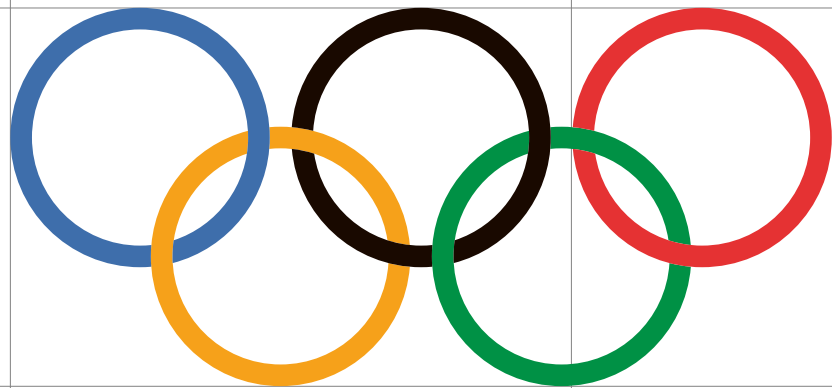
Guidance

Designations and labels

LOGO SYSTEM

The logo system is a consistent way to arrange logos that unites IOC entities, programmes, products and events. It creates a coherent visual rhythm to lock up designations with the Olympic rings — enhancing consistency, functionality and flexibility.

The system can be adapted for various orientations and applications, from large-scale to small screens. There are two logo system categories: Tier 1 for entities and Tier 2 for activities.



International
Olympic
Committee

TIER 1 LOCKUPS

Tier 1 lockups are for the International Olympic Committee and related entities such as IOC Television & Marketing Services SA and Olympic Broadcasting Services SL. They are typeset in Olympic Sans.

Primary lockup

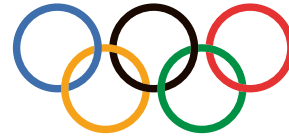
This is the preferred version and should be used in most cases. The minimum size of the primary lockup is defined by the width of the rings: 8mm for print or 50px for digital.

Secondary lockup

This lockup should be used in small sizes or when larger text is appropriate in layout. The minimum size of the secondary lockup is defined by the width of the rings: 8mm for print or 30px for digital.

A vertical lock-up is available for special cases only.

Primary lockup



International
Olympic
Committee

Secondary lockup



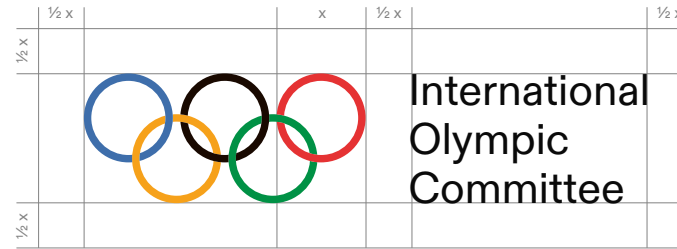
International
Olympic Committee

TIER 1 CONSTRUCTION AND ISOLATION AREA

To maintain legibility, ensure that no elements crowd the surrounding space and that they do not sit uncomfortably close to the edge of a surface.

The isolation area that surrounds Tier 1 lockups corresponds to half the height of one ring.

Primary lockup



Secondary lockup

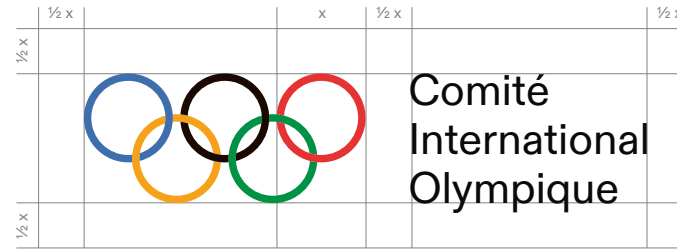


TIER 1 CONSTRUCTION AND ISOLATION AREA (FRENCH)

To maintain legibility, ensure that no elements crowd the surrounding space and that they do not sit uncomfortably close to the edge of a surface.

The isolation area that surrounds Tier 1 lockups correspond to half the height of one ring.

Primary lockup



Secondary lockup



TIER 1 CONSTRUCTION AND ISOLATION AREA (BILINGUAL)

Bilingual lockups speak to a wider audience and offer a more sustainable option when creating printed materials. Bilingual lockups are available in French first and English first arrangements.

To maintain legibility, ensure that no elements crowd the surrounding space and that they do not sit uncomfortably close to the edge of a surface.

Primary lockup

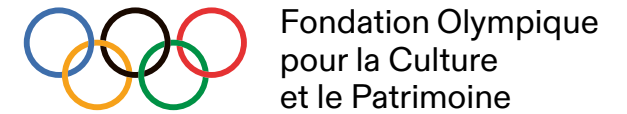


Secondary lockup



TIER 1 ENTITIES PRIMARY LOCKUPS

For ITMS, OBS and OCS, the full entity designation should always be displayed on any document or communication piece in addition to the logo: IOC Television & Marketing Services SA, Olympic Broadcasting Services SL and Olympic Channel Services SL.



TIER 1 ENTITIES SECONDARY LOCKUPS

For ITMS, OBS and OCS, the full entity designation should always be displayed on any document or communication piece in addition to the logo: IOC Television & Marketing Services SA, Olympic Broadcasting Services SL and Olympic Channel Services SL.



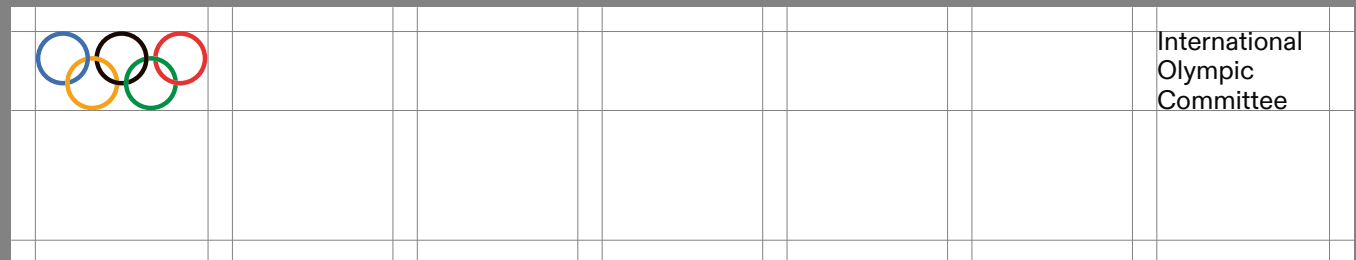
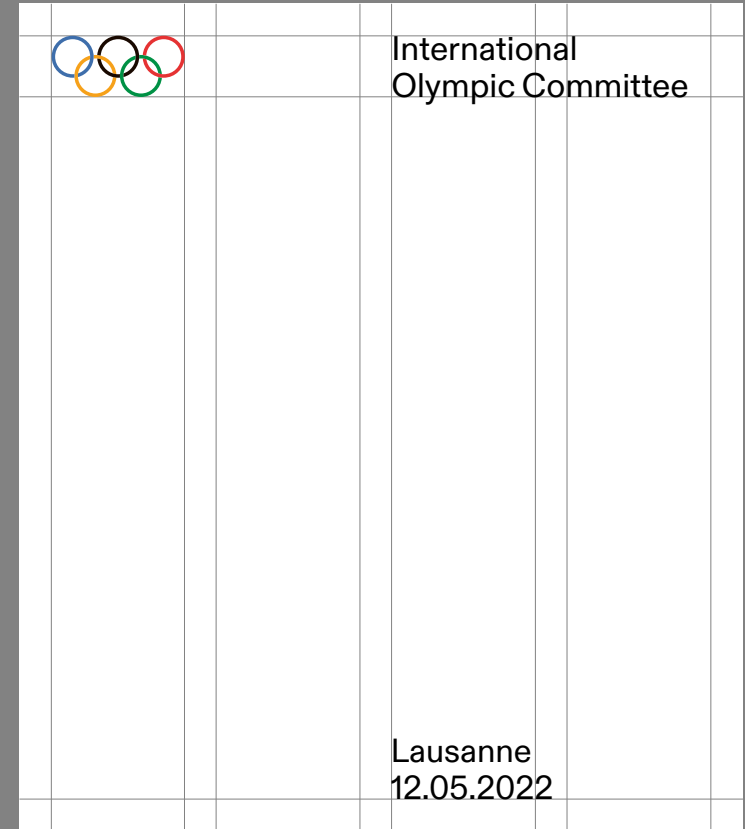
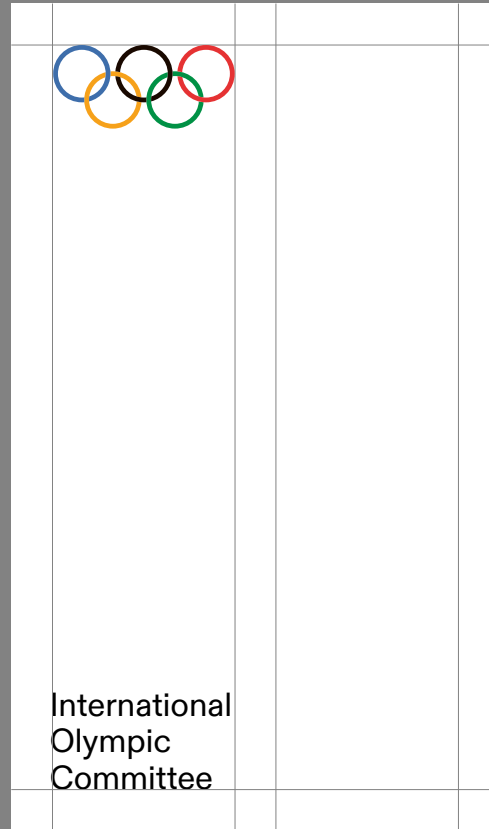
TIER 1 FLEXIBILITY

In professionally designed applications and templates, the designation may be separated from the Olympic rings to create space for, or align with, other elements along the grid.

This flexibility reduces visual noise around the Olympic rings and makes the communication feel more open — reflecting the personality of the Olympic brand.

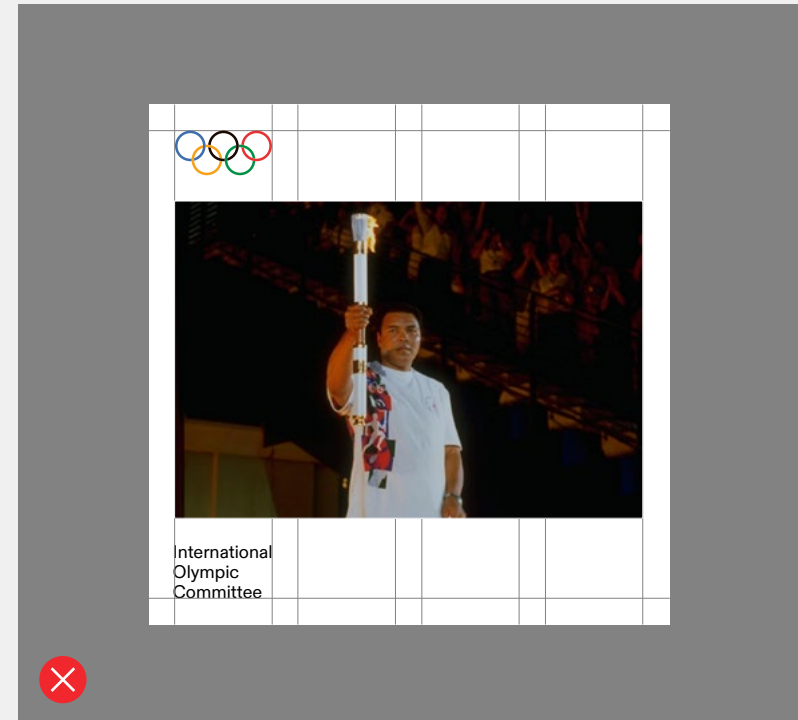
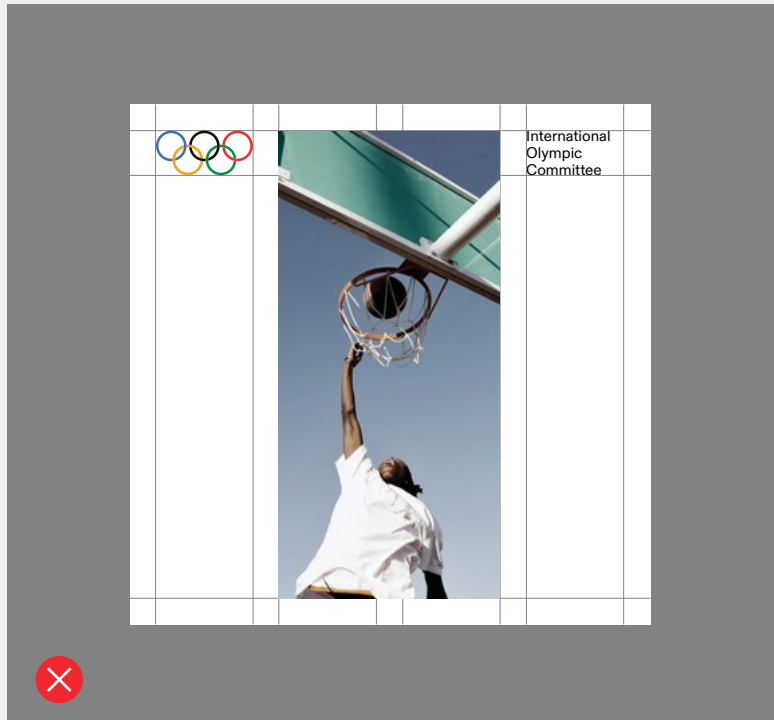
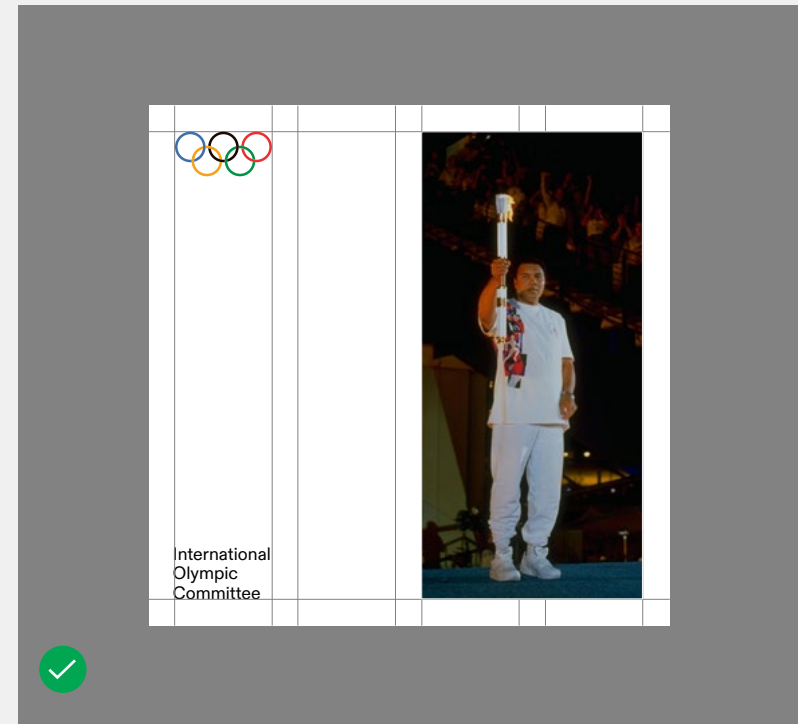
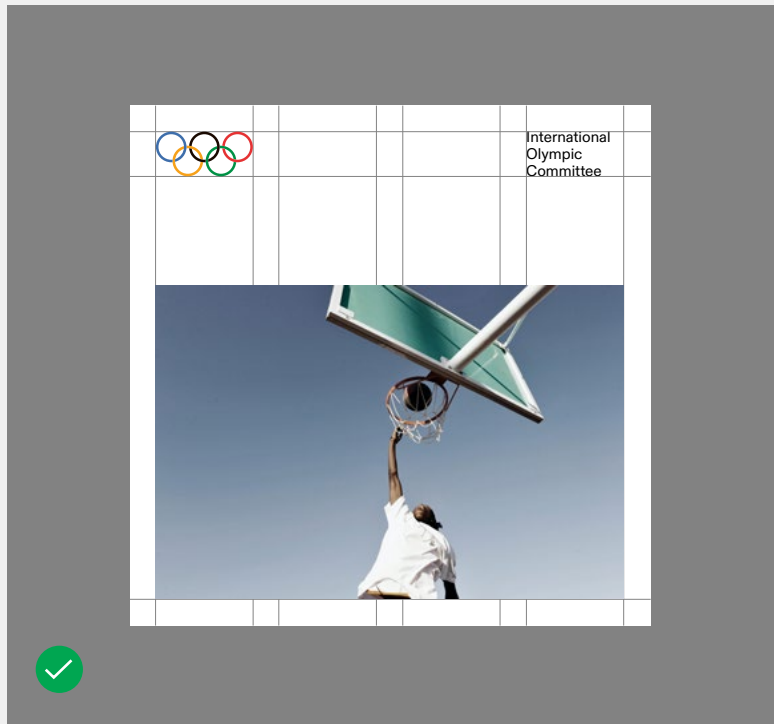
For horizontal applications, the Olympic rings and IOC designation should always share the same height.

Aside from increasing functionality and elegance, this approach is also rooted in tradition. For the first century of the modern Games, the IOC designation appeared as a separate element, independent from the Olympic rings.



TIER 1 FLEXIBILITY

The rings and designation should lock up with the grid. There should always be an equal relationship between the width or height. No objects such as photos, illustrations or graphics should enter the space between the rings and the designation.



TIER 2 LOCKUPS

Tier 2 lockups are for IOC activities, including products, programmes and events. They are typeset in Olympic Headline. Examples include Olympic Day and Olympic Agora. There are three lockup arrangements for various layout and composition needs.

Horizontal lockup

The minimum size is defined by the width of the rings: 8mm for print or 50px for digital.

Horizontal one-line lockup

The minimum size is defined by the width of the rings: 8mm for print or 30px for digital.

Vertical lockup

The minimum size is defined by the width of the rings: 8mm for print or 50px for digital.

Horizontal lockup



Horizontal one-line lockup



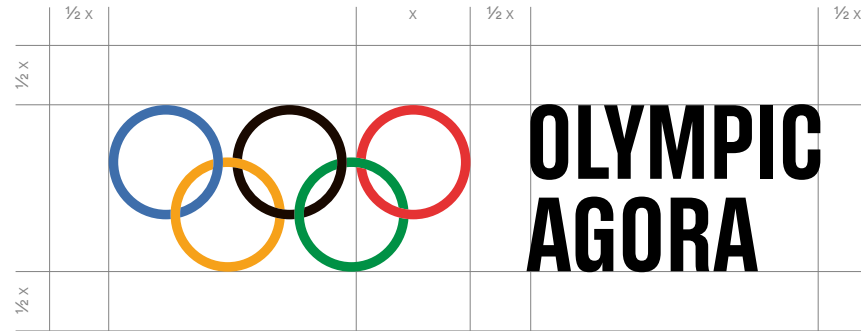
Vertical lockup



TIER 2 CONSTRUCTION AND ISOLATION AREA

The construction grid provides a consistent structure and visual rhythm. To ensure legibility, no elements may be placed nearby. The isolation area that surrounds Tier 2 lockups correspond to half the height of one ring.

Horizontal lockup



Horizontal one-line lockup



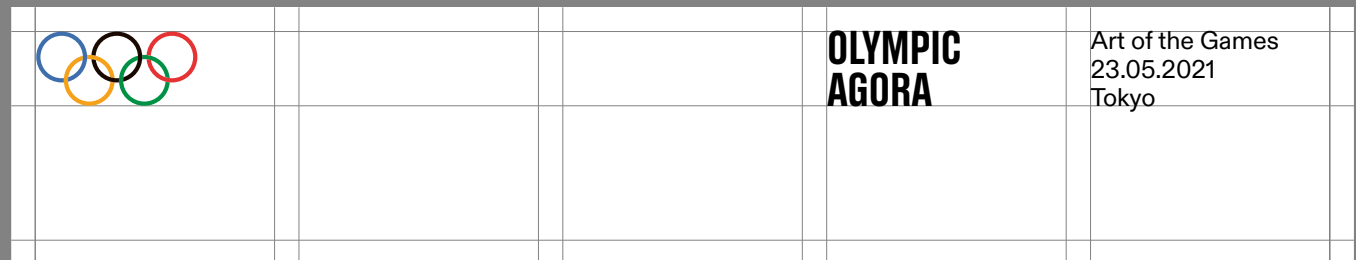
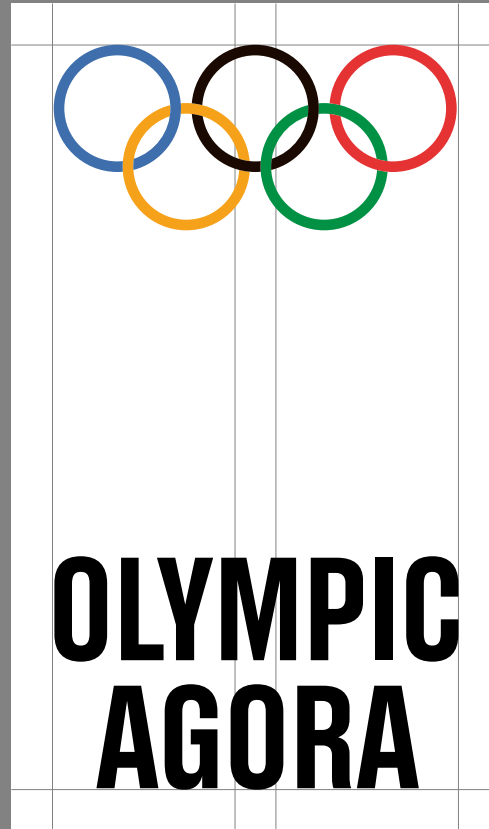
Vertical lockup



TIER 2 FLEXIBILITY

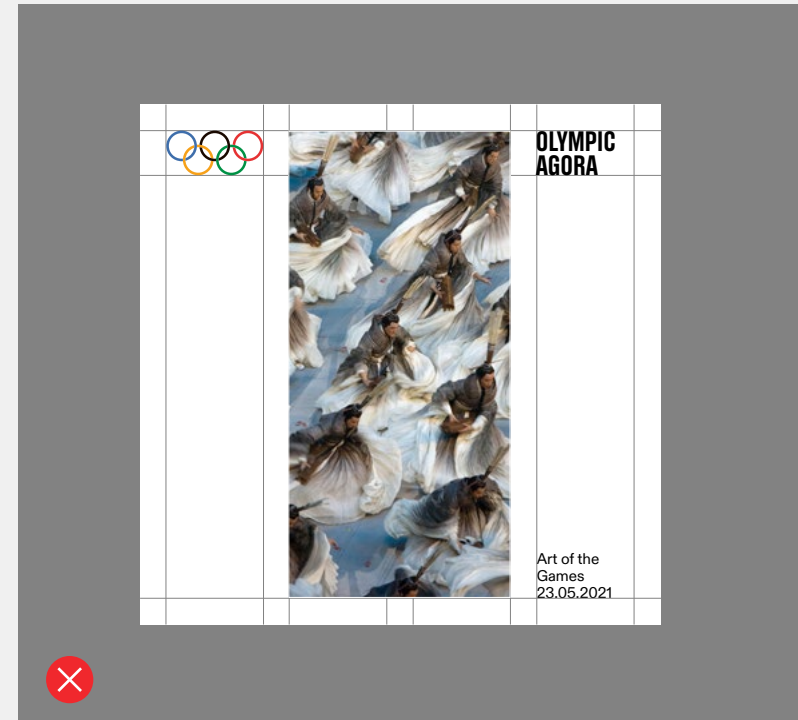
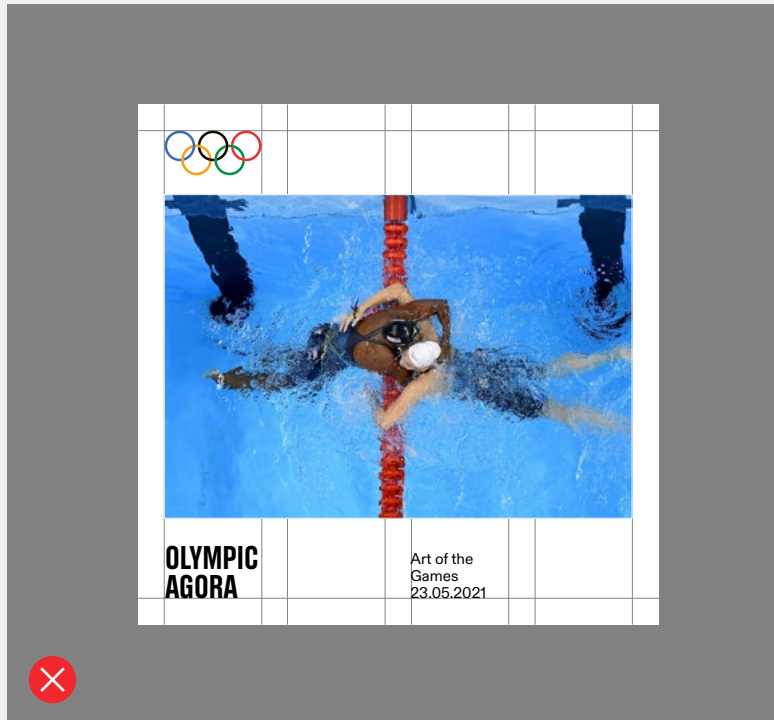
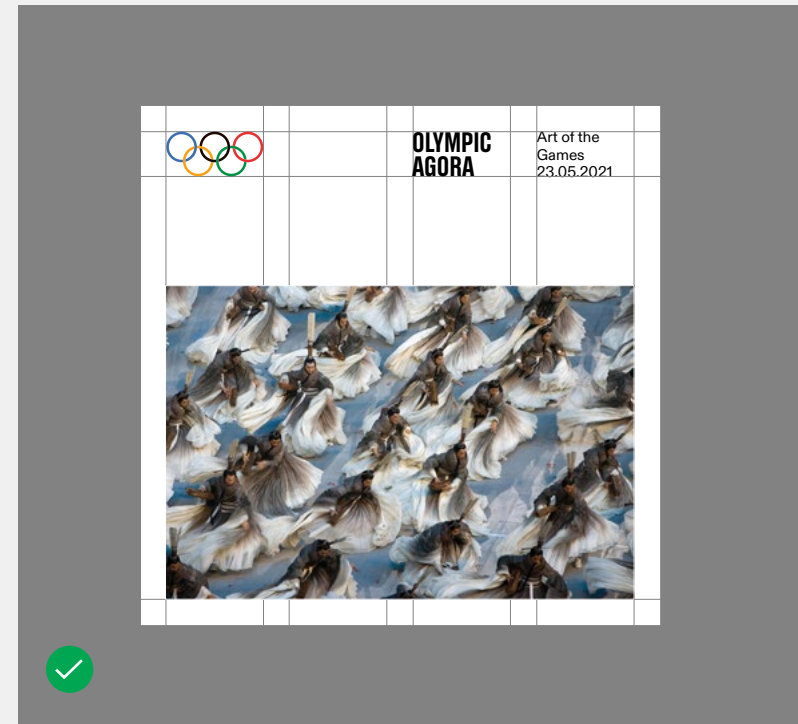
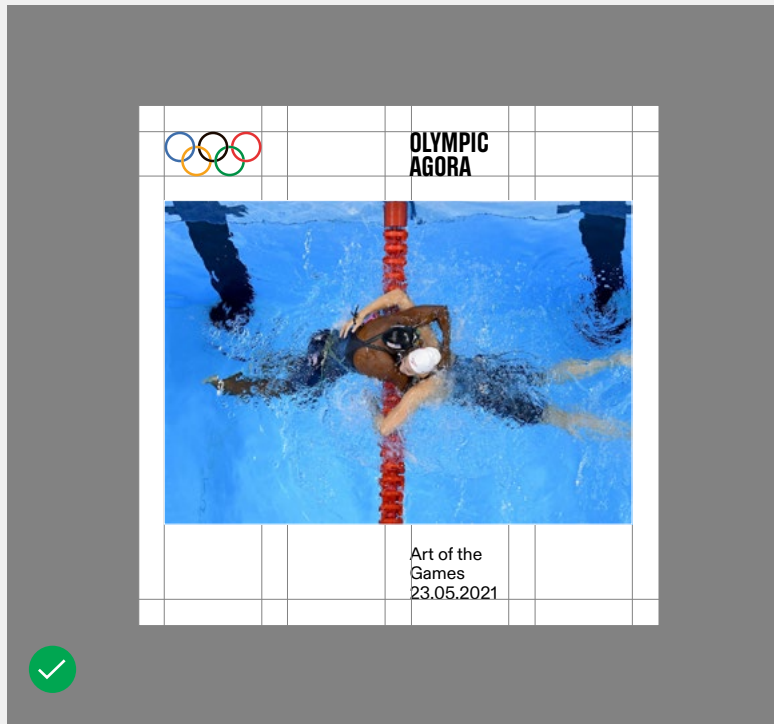
In professionally designed applications and templates, the designation may be separated from the Olympic rings to create space for, or align with, other elements along the grid. Key elements such as rings, titles and photos should most often be locked to an edge of the grid.

This flexibility reduces visual noise around the Olympic rings and makes the communication feel more open — reflecting the personality of the Olympic brand.



TIER 2 FLEXIBILITY

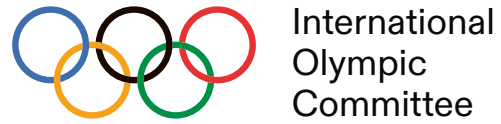
The rings and designation should lock up with the grid. There should always be an equal relationship between the width or height. No objects such as photos, illustrations or graphics should enter the space between the rings and the designation.



COLOURWAYS

All versions of Tier 1 and Tier 2 lockups are only available in colour, black and white. Typography should be treated in black or white only. The full-colour version on white is the preferred version.

Colour



Black



White



GUIDANCE

It is not permitted to alter the Olympic rings or lockups in any way.

Do not create new lockup arrangements.



In horizontal lockups, the rings should always be placed before the designation.



In stacked lockups, the rings should always be on top of the designation.



The typography should be black or white only. No other colours are permitted.



Do not use Olympic Headline in the Tier 1 lockups.



Tier 1 lockups should always be typeset in Regular; never Medium or Bold.



Tier 1 lockups should always use title case never all caps, except for special-case acronyms.



Tier 2 horizontal lockup should be aligned with the rings.



The text in Tier 1 stacked lockups should never be on two lines.



DESIGNATIONS AND LABELS FOR THIRD PARTIES

Designation files can be downloaded from the Olympic Brand Centre. Please refer to the respective guidelines on designations and labels for guidance on how to use them.

Site of the Olympic Games



Site of the Youth Olympic Games



Host of the Olympic Games



Sport in the Olympic Programme



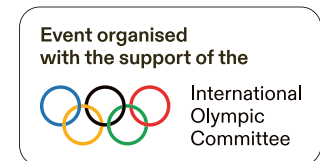
International Federation recognised by the International Olympic Committee



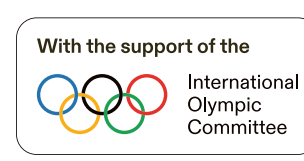
Organisation recognised by the International Olympic Committee



Event organised with the support of the International Olympic Committee



With the support of the International Olympic Committee



5

TYPOGRAPHY

43	Olympic Headline
45	Olympic Sans
47	Olympic Serif
49	Opentype features
50	Tracking, kerning, Leading
51	Paragraph alignment
51	Rags and widows
52	Line length
53	Typography colour
54	Combining typefaces

TYPOGRAPHY

Typography is a key element of our brand. It works to maintain consistency, create clarity and provide equity to the brand as a global leader in sport.

A family of three exclusive typefaces brings a consistent visual tone to all things Olympic. Olympic Headline for short punchy titles, Olympic Sans for long titles and body copy, and Olympic Serif to bring a touch of tradition and elegance to the system.

Inspired by sport and Olympic heritage, the type system was designed to maximise impact across digital and print while being easy to read, ownable and recognisable.

Each typeface supports over 200 Latin script languages and has designated non-Latin alternates, as well as a fall-back font that should be used only if the Olympic typefaces are not available.



OLYMPIC HEADLINE

Bold, athletic and proud. Olympic Headline contains capital letters only.

Olympic Headline was inspired by typography found throughout Olympic Games history, such as the Tokyo 1964 and Seoul 1988 emblems. Olympic Headline was designed in 2020 by Julien Hébert in Montreal, Canada.

Fallback

Impact

Non-Latin alternates

Russian	Bebas Neue Bold
Chinese	Noto Sans CJK CS Bold
Korean	Noto Sans CJK KR Bold
Japanese	Noto Sans CJK JP Bold
Hindi	Noto Sans Devanagari ExtraCondensed Bold
Arabic	Noto Sans Arabic ExtraCondensed Bold

①EQUESTRIAN
{42,195 KM}
#GYMNASTICS
ALI+ZATOPEK
HI@OLYMPICS

OLYMPIC HEADLINE STYLES AND USE

Styles

Olympic Headline Regular
Olympic Headline Regular Italic
Olympic Headline Condensed
Olympic Headline Condensed Italic
Olympic Headline Compressed
Olympic Headline Compressed Italic

Use

With looser spacing and wider proportions, Olympic Headline Regular is the most versatile style of this family. It may be used for short headlines of 12 words or less.

For extra impact, the condensed and compressed styles can be used for very short titles of six words or less.

The line-spacing (or leading) of Olympic Headline should always be set to extra tight.

Italics should be used only to emphasise certain words. They should not be applied to a full title for the sake of style.

Olympic Headline is used sparingly, and only in headings and text that we want to draw attention to throughout our digital portfolio. Olympic Headline should not be overused as it diminishes the typefaces impact.

Case

Olympic Headline is only available in uppercase.

Variable font

For professional designers, Olympic Headline is also available as a variable font: a single file that includes all styles. It allows for variations along two axes: width and slant. This format allows the designer to adjust the font to a specific need and is also useful for digital/interactive animations.

Olympic Headline Regular

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE OLYMPIC FLAME-LIGHTING CEREMONY

Olympic Headline Condensed

WORLD RECORD

Olympic Headline Compressed

19.38.07

Olympic Headline Condensed Italic

HISTORY OF THE ANCIENT GAMES

OLYMPIC SANS

Clear, classic and Swiss-inspired, Olympic Sans is our workhorse typeface.

Olympic Sans is a contemporary interpretation of Akzidenz-Grotesk, a typeface designed in 1896, the same year that the modern Games were born. Olympic Sans was designed in 2020 by Fabian Harb in Basel, Switzerland.

Fallbacks

Arial Regular
Arial Italic
Arial Bold
Arial Bold Italic

Non-Latin alternates

Russian	Roboto Regular
Chinese	Noto Sans CJK CS Regular
Korean	Noto Sans CJK KR Regular
Japanese	Noto Sans CJK JP Regular
Hindi	Noto Sans Devanagari Regular
Arabic	Noto Sans Arabic Regular

Torch & Flame
CANOE SPRINT
#OlympicDay
3 July–11 August
Burkina Faso
→ 2024 Events
PROGRESS!

Styles

Olympic Sans Regular
Olympic Sans Regular Italic
Olympic Sans Medium
Olympic Sans Medium Italic
Olympic Sans Bold
Olympic Sans Bold Italic

Use

Olympic Sans should be used for most text. It is the main voice of the Olympic brand.

In most cases, the Regular style should be used. The other styles allow for greater functionality and more flexibility.

Italics should be used only to emphasise certain words. Italics should not be applied to a full paragraph for the sake of style.

Case

Olympic Sans should be set in sentence case. All caps may be used very sparingly in specific applications such as table headers and small labels. The same applies to digital, as it is hard for users to scan large amounts of capitalised text.

Olympic Sans Bold

The Games of the XXIII Olympiad

Olympic Sans Medium with Latin character support

Czechoslovakian gymnast Věra Čáslavská made her Olympic debut at the 1964 Games in Tokyo, where she took gold medals in the all-around, the balance beam and the vault. At the 1965 and 1967 European Championships, she won every women's gymnastics event.

Olympic Sans Regular + Regular Italic

The Los Angeles 1984 Olympic Games, officially known as the *Games of the XXIII Olympiad*, were an international multi-sport event held from 28 July to 12 August 1984 in Los Angeles, California, United States. This was the second time that Los Angeles had hosted the Games, the first being in 1932.

Olympic Sans Regular

RANK	PARTICIPANT	RESULT
01	Andre Myhrer Sweden	1:38.99
02	Ramon Zenhausern Switzerland	1:39.33
03	Michael Matt Austria	1:39.66
04	Clement Noel France	1:39.70

OLYMPIC SERIF

Traditional, artistic and inspired by our heritage, Olympic Serif gives the brand a more editorial look and adds finesse where needed.

Olympic Serif is a contemporary interpretation of Oldstyle Roman type genre, and gives a subtle nod to the ancient Games. Olympic Serif was designed in 2020 by Seb McLauchlan in London, England.

Fallbacks

Georgia Regular
Georgia Italic
Georgia Bold
Georgia Bold Italic

Non-Latin alternates

Russian	Spectral Regular
Chinese	Noto Serif CJK CS Regular
Korean	Noto Serif CJK KR Regular
Japanese	Noto Serif CJK JP Regular
Hindi	Noto Serif Devanagari Regular
Arabic	Noto Naskh Arabic Regular

Larisa Latynina
Coach & Athlete
→ Skateboarding
@pyeongchang
Empowering you
Opening Ceremony
27:05.64* Boost

OLYMPIC SERIF STYLES AND USE

Styles

Olympic Serif Regular
Olympic Serif Regular Italic
Olympic Serif Medium
Olympic Serif Medium Italic
Olympic Serif Bold
Olympic Serif Bold Italic

Use

Olympic Serif should be used as a complement to the other type families. It is best used as feature text, such as pull quotes or titles in need of extra elegance. In addition, it can be used for longer text, as it has also been optimised for long reading experiences, but Olympic Sans should be considered first.

In most cases, the Regular style should be used. The other styles allow for greater functionality and more flexibility.

Italics should be used only to emphasise certain words. They should not be applied to a full paragraph for the sake of style.

In digital we favour Olympic Sans for body copy over Olympic Serif and maintain the use of Serif for feature text or pull quotes.

Case

Olympic Serif should be set in sentence case. All caps may be used very sparingly in specific applications such as table headers and small labels.

Olympic Serif has a special small caps character set available as an OpenType feature, as outlined on the following page.

Olympic Serif Regular + Regular Italic

Olympic Winter Games *Lillehammer 1994*

Olympic Serif Bold

Olympic spirit

Olympic Serif Regular

Although the Olympic Games took place during the Bosnian War, the Bosnia and Herzegovina four-man bob team consisted of one Croatian, two Bosnians and a Serbian – the best possible example of the Olympic spirit at the worst of times.

Olympic Serif Medium + Medium Italic

Johann Olav Koss won four Olympic gold medals. For his performance, he was named *Sports Illustrated* magazine's Sportsman of the Year.

OPENTYPE FEATURES

OpenType features are accessible in professional design software. They allow fonts to behave smartly. This behaviour includes simple things, such as changing letters to small caps, or complex things like inserting alternates, ligatures or symbols.

The Olympic type families have unique OpenType features for advanced typography flexibility and behaviour.

Olympic rings

Type five zeros in between parentheses for the Olympic rings to appear.

Tabular and proportional numbers

When typesetting numbers in tables or a table of contents, use tabular numbers. Otherwise, use proportional numbers.

Superscript

When typesetting superscripts, use the OpenType feature to show the optically corrected figures.

Small caps

These should be used for acronyms, like IOC, or for titles that would stand out too much in all caps, but still need to be delineated from regular text.

Case-sensitive forms

(Arc-en-ciel) → (ARC-EN-CIEL)

Small capitals

The Olympics → THE OLYMPICS

Contextual alternates

(00000) → 

Fractions

1/2 3/4 → ½ ¾

Contextual alternates

6x2-5=7 → 6×2−5=7

Slashed zero

0 → 0̸

Old-style numbers

0123456789 → 0̣1̣2̣3̣4̣5̣6̣7̣8̣9̣

Tabular numbers

0123456789 → 0123456789

Subscript numbers

CO2 → CO₂

Superscript numbers

a2+b2 → a²+b²

TRACKING AND KERNING

Tracking is the overall spacing between groups of letters, and kerning is the spacing between individual letter forms. The tracking of body text can usually be left as it was designed: 0 units of tracking.

The larger the text, the tighter the tracking should be. A maximum of 15 units of tracking can be subtracted for very large headlines.

For optimal readability, up to 10 units of tracking can be added to very small text, such as captions.

Kerning should always be left on the *Metrics* option, not *Optical*.

The tracking is just right.
In this example, tracking is at 0 units on all text.

WHO WE ARE

The International Olympic Committee

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is a not-for-profit independent international organisation that is committed to building a better world through sport. Created on 23 June 1894, just under two years before the first Olympic Games of the modern era in April 1896, the IOC is the supreme authority of the Olympic Movement.



The tracking is too tight.

WHO WEARE

The International Olympic Committee

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is a not-for-profit independent international organisation that is committed to building a better world through sport. Created on 23 June 1894, just under two years before the first Olympic Games of the modern era in April 1896, the IOC is the supreme authority of the Olympic Movement.



The tracking is too loose.

WHO WE ARE

The International Olympic Committee

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is a not-for-profit independent international organisation that is committed to building a better world through sport. Created on 23 June 1894, just under two years before the first Olympic Games of the modern era in April 1896, the IOC is the supreme authority of the Olympic Movement.



LEADING

Leading is the spacing between lines of type. Choosing the appropriate leading or line spacing is very important to the reading quality and efficiency of the typography.

The larger the text, the tighter the leading should be.

The leading is just right.
In this example, the title size is 15pt with leading at 16pt, and the body size is 8pt with leading at 10.5pt.

The International Olympic Committee

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is a not-for-profit independent international organisation that is committed to building a better world through sport. Created on 23 June 1894, just under two years before the first Olympic Games of the modern era in April 1896, the IOC is the supreme authority of the Olympic Movement.



The leading is too tight.

The International Olympic Committee

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is a not-for-profit independent international organisation that is committed to building a better world through sport. Created on 23 June 1894, just under two years before the first Olympic Games of the modern era in April 1896, the IOC is the supreme authority of the Olympic Movement.



The leading is too loose.

The International Olympic Committee

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) is a not-for-profit independent international organisation that is committed to building a better world through sport. Created on 23 June 1894, just under two years before the first Olympic Games of the modern era in April 1896, the IOC is the supreme authority of the Olympic Movement.



PARAGRAPH ALIGNMENT

Paragraph alignment refers to how the left and right edges of a paragraph align on a page.

Flush left creates strong alignment for the eye to follow, aiding readability and organisation. It is our standard for most typography across the Olympic brand because it is functional, modern, timeless and the most effective in information design and legibility.

Paragraphs as well as most titles should be left-aligned.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



Avoid centre-aligning long paragraphs of text.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



Never justify paragraphs of text.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



Never right-align paragraphs of text.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



RAGS AND WIDOWS

A rag is the uneven side of a paragraph – most often on the right side when text is left-aligned, as shown here. Always look for opportunities to improve rags. A good rag is one where the lines move in and out in small increments. A bad rag creates distracting shapes of irregular white space in the margins where line breaks are varied and inconsistent.

A widow is a short line or single word at the end of a paragraph. Watch out for widows and adjust line lengths with a writer to solve awkward breaks which can affect reading quality. In cases where it is not possible to respect these rules, hyphenation can also be a good solution. Only words that are eight letters or longer can be hyphenated. For more on hyphenation, refer to the IOC Style Guide.

This is a good rag.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



This is a bad rag.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



This paragraph is perfectly typeset.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



Do not leave widows at the end of paragraphs.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy of effort, the educational value of good example, social responsibility and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.



LINE LENGTH

For optimal readability, it's important not to create lines of text that are too long or too short. Shorter text can fit in narrower boxes, while longer reading demands longer lines.

For long text, there should be between 40 and 70 characters per line. For shorter text, there should be between 30 and 50 characters per line.

These rules do not apply to titles.

In these two examples, the line length is just right.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life based on the joy found in effort, the educational value of good example and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles.

Olympic House is a privately funded investment by the IOC in sustainability, operational efficiency and the local economy and local development. The estimated construction costs amount to CHF 145 million. Eighty per cent of the construction costs of Olympic House have gone to local companies and contributed to the development of local competencies. This investment will secure an asset owned with an increase in value for the IOC instead of cash out for rent higher than the value of the building over 50 years.



In these two examples, the line length is too short above and too long below.

Olympism is a philosophy of life, exalting and combining in a balanced whole the qualities of body, will and mind. Blending sport with culture and education, Olympism seeks to create a way of life

based on the joy found in effort, the educational value of good example and respect for universal fundamental ethical principles. The goal of the Olympic Movement is to contribute to building a peaceful and better

world by educating youth through sport practiced without discrimination of any kind and in the Olympic spirit, which requires mutual understanding with a spirit of friendship, solidarity and fair play.

Olympic House is a privately funded investment by the IOC in sustainability, operational efficiency and the local economy and local development. The estimated construction costs amount to CHF 145 million. Eighty per cent of the construction costs of Olympic House have gone to local companies and contributed to the development of local competencies. This investment will secure an asset owned with an increase in value for the IOC instead of cash out for rent higher than the value of the building over 50 years.



EMPHASIS

When emphasising words, always keep styles to a minimum to avoid interrupting the reader and adding noise. Refrain from using multiple styles to do the same thing in typography. Avoid using colour to emphasise words in body text, and never mix multiple colours.

Emphasis should be used sparingly. Trying to bring attention to too many elements in a text makes it more complicated.

Underlining should be reserved for hyperlinks and should not be used to place emphasis on a word or sentence.

This is just the right amount of emphasis.

The **International Hockey Federation (FIH)** organised a week-long celebration of International Women's Day. A number of stories were published on the FIH website, highlighting the numerous activities by the FIH, its continental federations and national associations to promote the role of women on and off the hockey pitch.



This is far too much emphasis.

The **International Hockey Federation (FIH)** organised a *week-long* celebration of **International Women's Day**. A number of stories were published on the **FIH** website, highlighting the **numerous activities** by the **FIH**, its continental federations and national associations to promote **the role of women on and off the hockey pitch**.



TYPOGRAPHY COLOUR

Most typography should be black or white. Tints of Olympic black from the extended palette may be used where additional hierarchy is required.

Headlines should appear in black or white in most cases, but may appear in an Olympic or medal colour on a white background. Body copy and other text should not use colour.

Do not use colour typography on photos.

Colour is used in digital typography to highlight interactivity for instance, applying blue to hyperlinks. To avoid confusion, colour is not applied to other forms of typography for web and mobile.

Body text should be black or white.

GENDER EQUALITY

Sport is one of the most powerful platforms for promoting gender equality and empowering women and girls. As the leader of the Olympic Movement, the IOC is taking continuous action to advance gender equality.

Great progress has been made in terms of balancing the total number of athletes participating at the Games; however, many other challenges and gaps remain. The IOC is working to address these inequalities through leadership development, advocacy and awareness campaigns, and by appointing more women to leadership roles within the administration and key governance positions.



Headlines should be black or white in most instances.

2024 IOC REFUGEE OLYMPIC TEAM

At the UN General Assembly in October 2015, confronted with the global refugee crisis that has seen an estimated 65.3 million people in the world displaced, IOC President Thomas Bach announced the creation of the Refugee Olympic Team to take part in the Olympic Games Rio 2016. Ten months on from the announcement, 10 athletes were competing alongside 11,000 fellow



Headlines may be an Olympic or medal colour on a white background, with exception to digital pages where they are either white or black on a white or black background.

OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES 2030

Olympic hosts can create powerful economic legacies. They include macro-economic indices such as increases in national GDP – USD 16.8 billion for the London 2012 Games, 9.5 billion for Sochi 2014 and 9.6 billion for Rio 2016. Economic impact can also be measured in heightened global visibility and esteem, increases in tourism, and the creation of new skills and new jobs.



Use white or black typography on photos.



Body text should never be in colour.

GENDER EQUALITY

Sport is one of the most powerful platforms for promoting gender equality and empowering women and girls. As the leader of the Olympic Movement, the IOC is taking continuous action to advance gender equality.

Great progress has been made in terms of balancing the total number of athletes participating at the Games; however, many other challenges and gaps remain. The IOC is working to address these inequalities through leadership development, advocacy and awareness campaigns, and by appointing more women to leadership roles within the administration and key governance positions.



Do not use multiple vibrant colours in close proximity.

2024 IOC REFUGEE OLYMPIC TEAM

At the UN General Assembly in October 2015, confronted with the global refugee crisis that has seen an estimated 65.3 million people in the world displaced, IOC President Thomas Bach announced the creation of the Refugee Olympic Team to take part in the Olympic Games Rio 2016. Ten months on from the announcement, 10 athletes were competing alongside 11,000 fellow



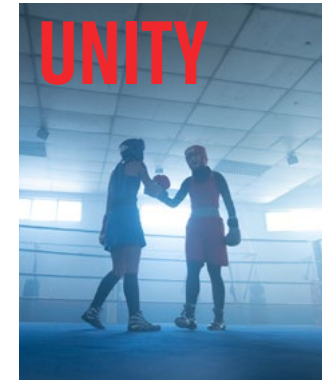
Do not combine colour text with colour backgrounds.

OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES 2030

Olympic hosts can create powerful economic legacies. They include macro-economic indices such as increases in national GDP – USD 16.8 billion for the London 2012 Games, 9.5 billion for Sochi 2014 and 9.6 billion for Rio 2016. Economic impact can also be measured in heightened global visibility and esteem, increases in tourism, and the creation of new skills and new jobs.



Do not use colour typography on photos.



COMBINING TYPEFACES

The typefaces may be combined in a variety of ways for different communication purposes.

Section Titles

Section titles should always be typeset in Olympic Headline, usually in its Regular weight, which should have 12 words or less. For very impactful section titles, Olympic Headline Condensed may be used for large titles of six words or less.

Headline

Titles may be set in any of the three type families. Olympic Headline Regular may be used for short titles of 12 words or less. For longer titles, Olympic Sans or Olympic Serif are great choices. The medium and bold weights are recommended.

Choose the most appropriate typeface to match the tone of your headline. For example, if making a bold statement, maybe Olympic Headline would be more impactful. For a more editorial or classic tone, Olympic Serif's elegance is more suitable.

Kicker and Pull quotes

These should be typeset larger than body text, and smaller than headlines. Olympic Serif is the perfect candidate for these uses as its details are magnified in larger uses.

Subhead

These may be set in any of the three type families. Subheads with more than 12 words should not use Olympic Headline. They should either be the same size as body text or slightly larger.

Body, Running Head, Folio and Caption

These elements should be set in Olympic Sans in all instances.

Classic

SECTION TITLE

This is the Headline

This is the Kicker paragraph. It sets the tone of the article and briefly describes what you can expect from the rest of the page.

Subhead

Body text is the most common element of a document, forming it's main content. Therefore, how the body text looks will have the most noticeable effect on the appearance of a document. The only font that should be used for body copy is Olympic Sans Regular. Our Small Text size of 9 points is perfect for most body text.

This small size of text should be used for image captions, folio, and running head

Standard

SECTION TITLE

This is the Headline

This is the Kicker paragraph. It sets the tone of the article and briefly describes what you can expect from the rest of the page.

Subhead

Body text is the most common element of a document, forming it's main content. Therefore, how the body text looks will have the most noticeable effect on the appearance of a document. The only font that should be used for body copy is Olympic Sans Regular. Our Small Text size of 9 points is perfect for most body text.

This small size of text should be used for image captions, folio, and running head

Dynamic

SECTION TITLE

THIS IS A VERY SHORT HEADLINE

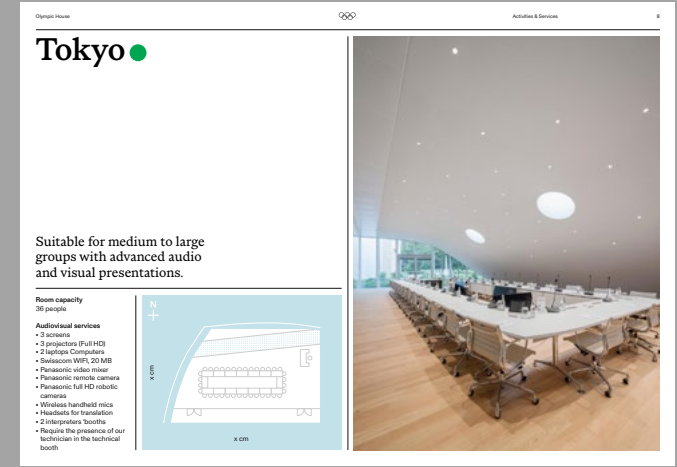
This is the Kicker paragraph. It sets the tone of the article and briefly describes what you can expect from the rest of the page.

SUBHEAD

Body text is the most common element of a document, forming it's main content. Therefore, how the body text looks will have the most noticeable effect on the appearance of a document. The only font that should be used for body copy is Olympic Sans Regular. Our Small Text size of 9 points is perfect for most body text.

This small size of text should be used for image captions, folio, and running head

COMBINING TYPEFACES EXAMPLE



Olympic House Activities & Services

Facilities

The conference centre of the Olympic House is located on the ground floor. It has a large modular meeting room the Stadium fully equipped for meetings and conferences and able to welcome up to 250 people, depending on the layout. All rooms have access to daylight through skylights.

The conference centre has 4 additional meeting rooms not modular located on north side. Rooms are named after upcoming editions of the Olympic Games:

Fixed meeting rooms

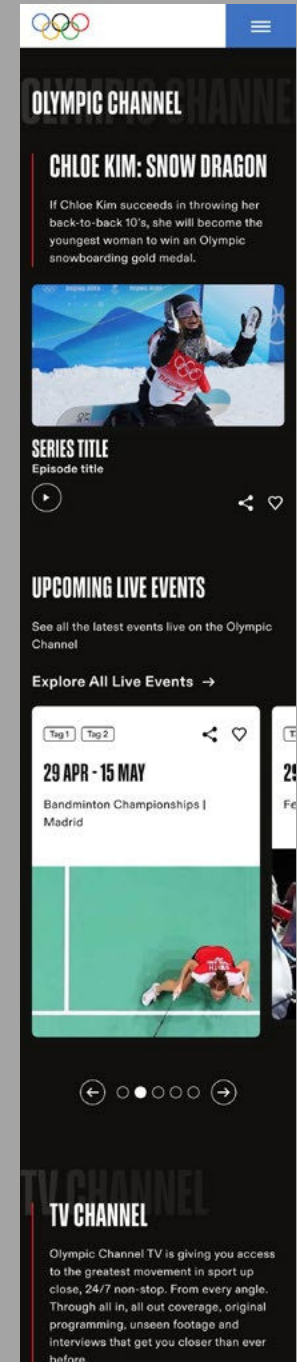
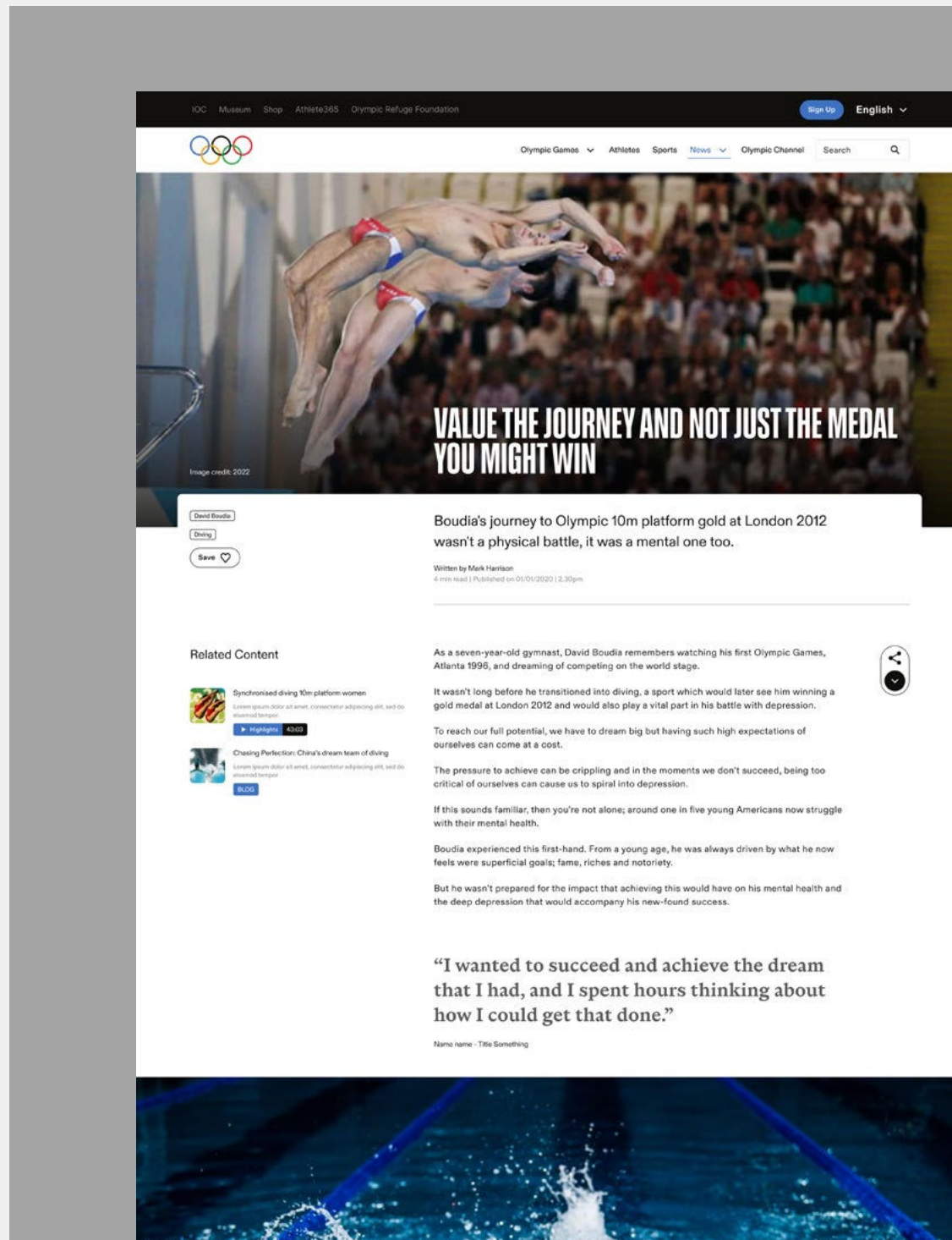
● Tokyo	36 people
● Beijing	12 people
● Paris	12 people
● Milano Cortina	8 people

Multifunctional centre

56 to 264 people

Château de Vidy ←

COMBINING TYPEFACES EXAMPLE IN DIGITAL



6

GRAPHIC DEVICES

59
60
61
62
63
65
66

Field of play
Field of play cropping
Sport lines
Combining graphics
Guidance
Modifying
Applications

GRAPHIC DEVICES

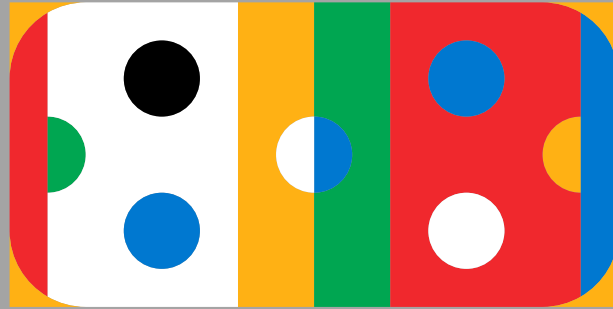
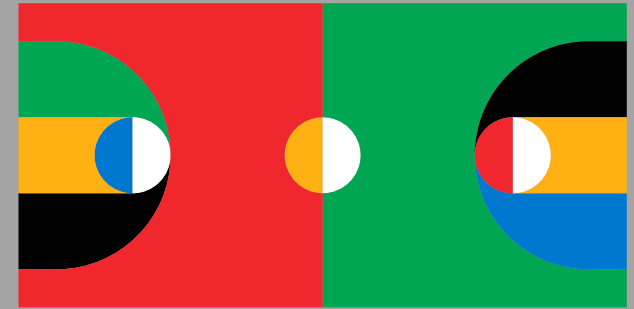
The graphic system expresses the Olympic brand through colour and geometry inspired by the Games. This provides a consistent way to incorporate Olympic colour into designs and

provides a bold visual without featuring a specific athlete or sport the way that a photo would. The system has three core elements: field of play graphics, sport lines and colour blocks.



FIELD OF PLAY

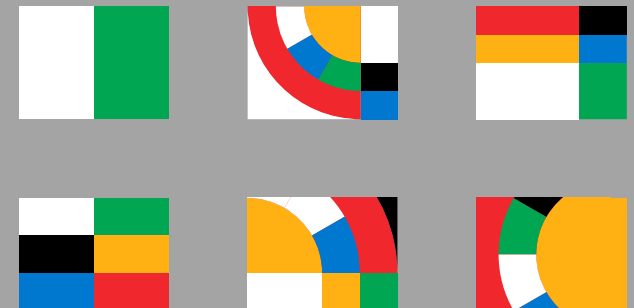
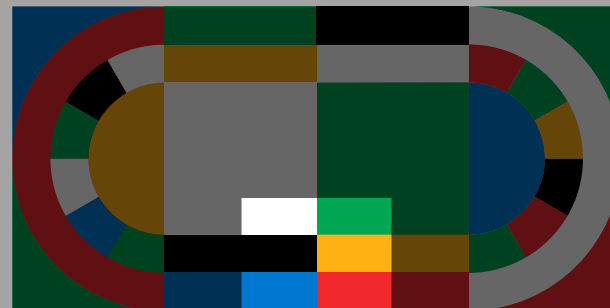
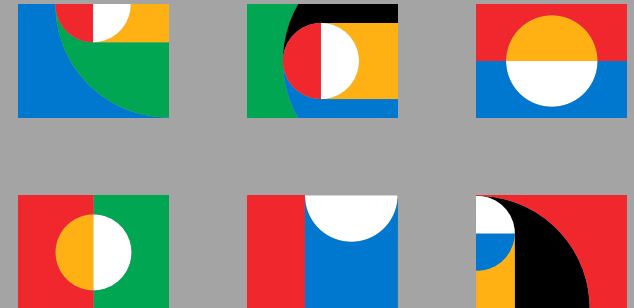
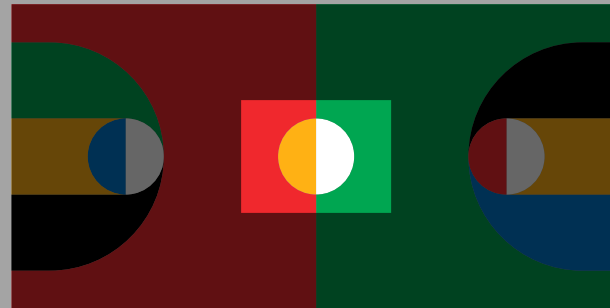
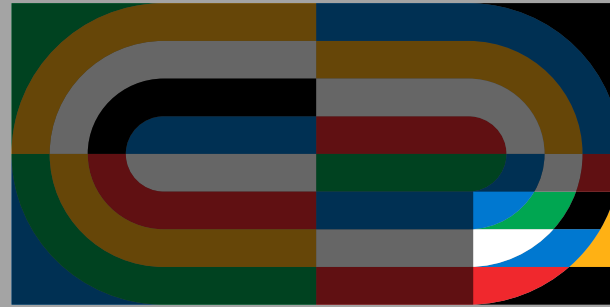
A series of graphic patterns inspired by geometry from the field of play. Courts, jumps, fields, tracks and lanes. Lines that guide and transform the lives of athletes around the globe. Each is divided into and filled with Olympic colours to create a playful and artful interpretation of the Olympic stage. A visual representation of all nations coming together at the Games – the world united on the field of play.



FIELD OF PLAY CROPPING

In application, field of play graphics should be cropped to help decontextualise the specific fields, add flexibility to the system, and generate a dynamic range of simplified graphic elements.

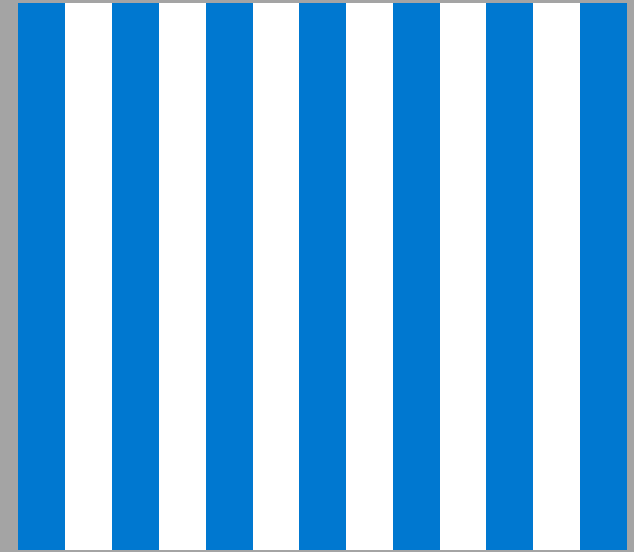
Crop along shapes and colour blocks within the artwork to create a consistent visual rhythm. The colours and orientation of the crops may be adjusted to fit within the layout and the surrounding elements. Avoid crops that could be misinterpreted as national flags.



SPORT LINES

From swimming pools to athletics tracks, halfpipes to curling rinks, these simple lines offer a decorative complement to field of play graphics. Like many elements of the visual identity, they feel sporty and playful. Used in monochrome (one Olympic colour), they help offset the multi-coloured field of play graphics while offering another visual tool.

Sport lines may be applied in any primary Olympic colour.



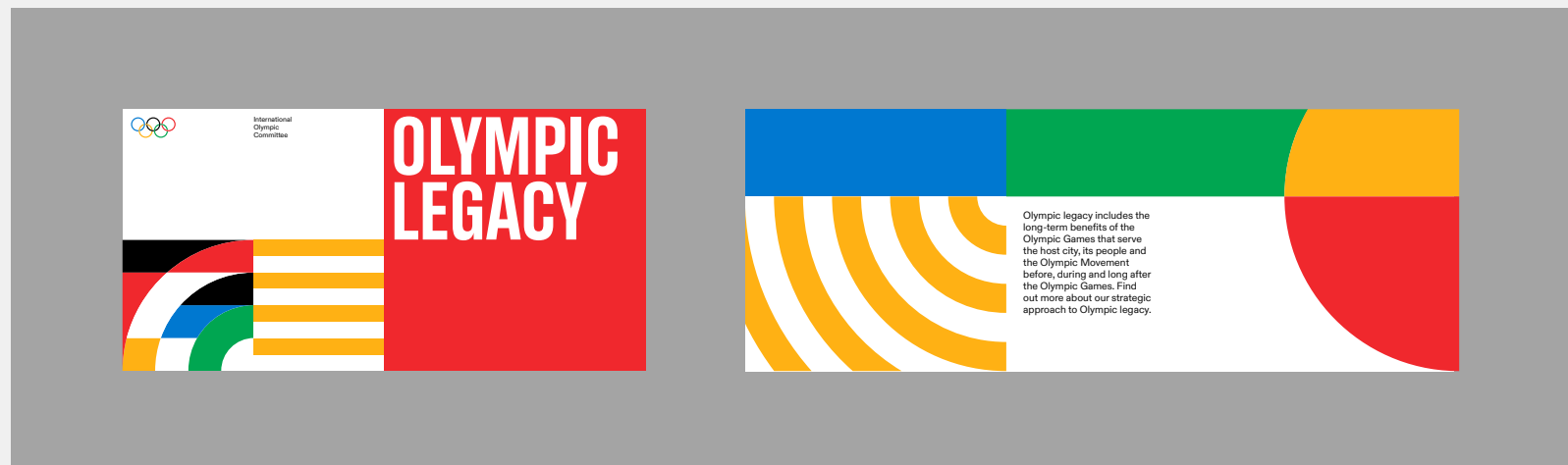
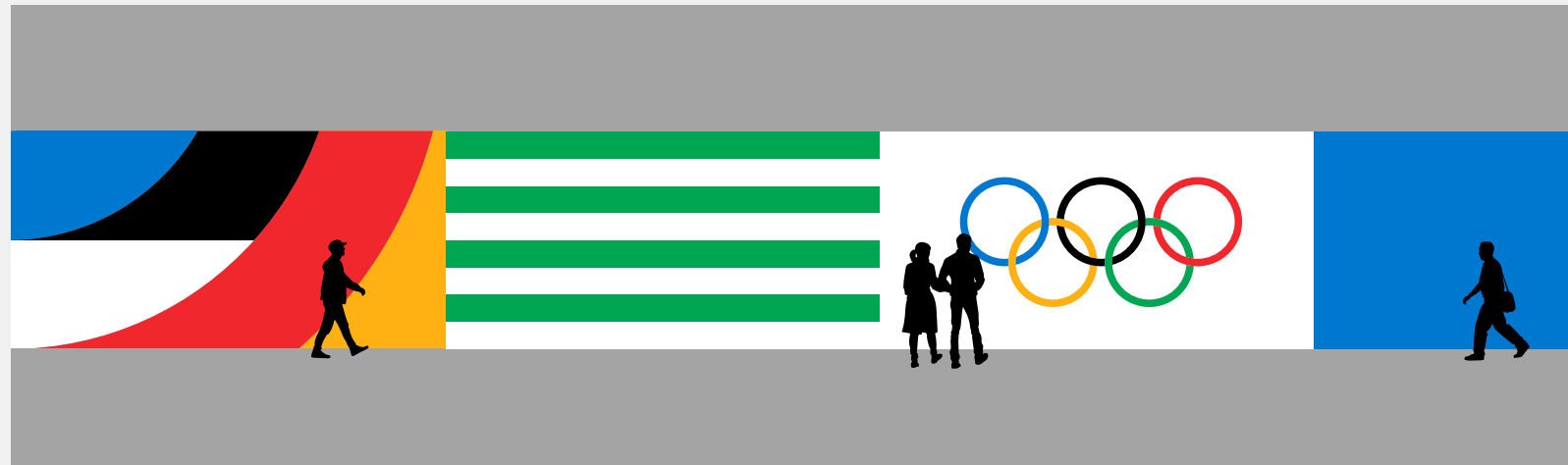
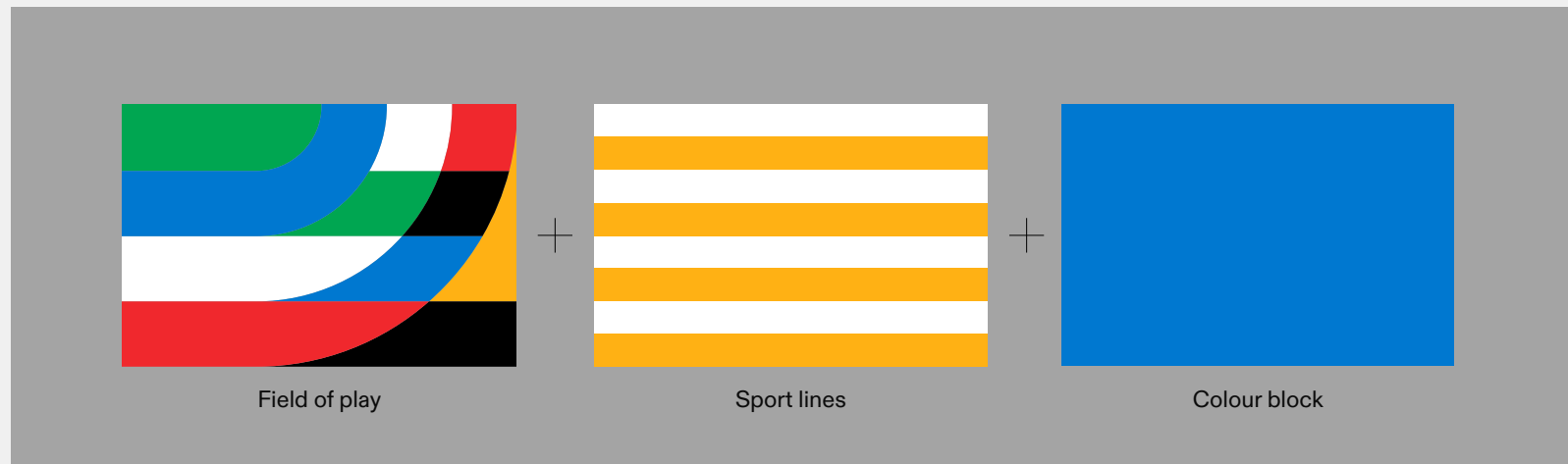
COMBINING GRAPHICS

By combining the field of play graphics, sport lines and colour blocks, the visual volume can be adjusted throughout all applications. This modular approach allows a lot of flexibility.

Colour blocks should always be filled with core Olympic colours and are useful to create space for branding or content.

Remember to keep a lot of white in your compositions, and always try to create alignment between the different graphic devices and typography.

Photographs (Chapter 7) and illustrations (Chapter 8) may also be combined in arrangements with graphic devices.



GUIDANCE

When cropping and assembling field of play elements together, crop along shapes and colour blocks within the artwork to create a consistent visual rhythm. Alignment will strengthen and simplify the compositions.

Field of play artwork can be rotated in 90° increments only.

These compositions are properly cropped.



These compositions are properly aligned.



These crops do not use the shapes of the artwork.



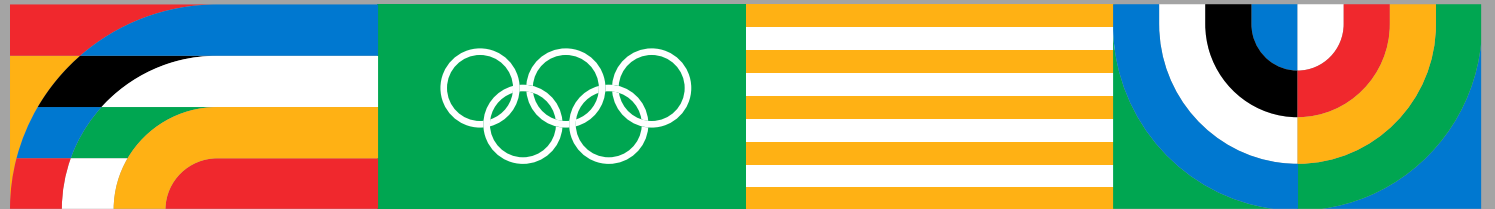
These compositions are misaligned.



GUIDANCE

When arranging graphic devices, do not place two of the same type of graphic device next to each other.

Correct distribution of graphic devices.



Do not place the same types of graphic devices next to each other.

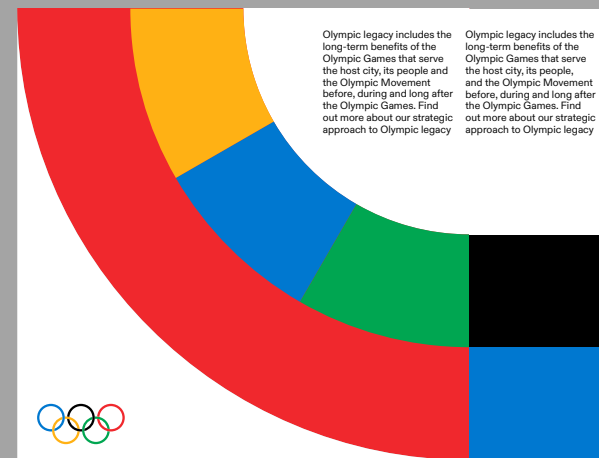


MODIFYING

Basic modifications to field of play graphics are permitted to make allowances for the Olympic rings or typography. Do not add new elements or shapes within shapes. White should always be included in the composition. Always maintain the integrity of the artwork.

If including the Olympic rings in a composition, ensure they are applied to permitted background colours only.

Colours may be modified to allow space for the Olympic rings or text. In this case, the graphic colours have been modified to provide space for two columns of text.



Do not add new graphics or shapes. When adding the Olympic rings or text to graphics, ensure there is ample space surrounding each element.



APPLICATIONS

When applying graphics, a generous use of either white or black helps ground the vibrant graphics and Olympic colours. The development of such products must be submitted to the IOC for approval.

When using graphic devices on digital interfaces, use them sparingly. As these elements are bright and bold, avoid combining with smaller components such as cards that feature frequently across the website, so they don't lose their integrity impact or detract from the content.



7

PHOTOGRAPHY

69	Representing diversity
70	Style
71	Action
72	Emotion
73	Heritage
74	Editorial
75	Photography in digital application
76	Adding elements
77	Post-processing

OLYMPIC PHOTOGRAPHY

Olympic photography is like Olympic sprinting. In both pursuits, success and failure can be separated by hundredths of a second. But Olympic stories are about more than a moment, more than sport. They are about the journey; the lifestyle; the spectacle of the Olympic

Games and the daily efforts and impact of the entire Olympic Movement.

By curating photographs, we build on the athlete journey and express how it feels when the world comes together to celebrate.



REPRESENTING DIVERSITY

The Games feature sports, Olympians and fans from around the globe. The way we use images reflects this diversity.

Always choose images that respectfully portray individuals, and that do not reinforce stereotypes or use objectifying or sexualised imagery. For further guidance, please refer to the IOC Portrayal Guidelines for gender equal, fair and inclusive representation in sport.

When making selections, it is important not only to choose photos that have an aesthetic composition, but also to make sure to balance these four categories, especially if selecting multiple images:

Sport

Balance summer and winter sports, as well as individual and team sports.

Countries

Represent countries from each continent where possible.

Gender

The ratio of men and women should be equal whenever possible.

Ethnicity

Balance people of diverse backgrounds and ethnicities.



STYLE

Composition

Be bold and striking. Highlight the subject and the action by keeping composition simple. Select photos that incorporate negative space to invite the eye to the main focus.

Angle

Mixing wide and close-up shots in layout builds visual interest and hierarchy. Straight, head-on shots as well as bird's-eye view can also create a clean and graphic sensibility.

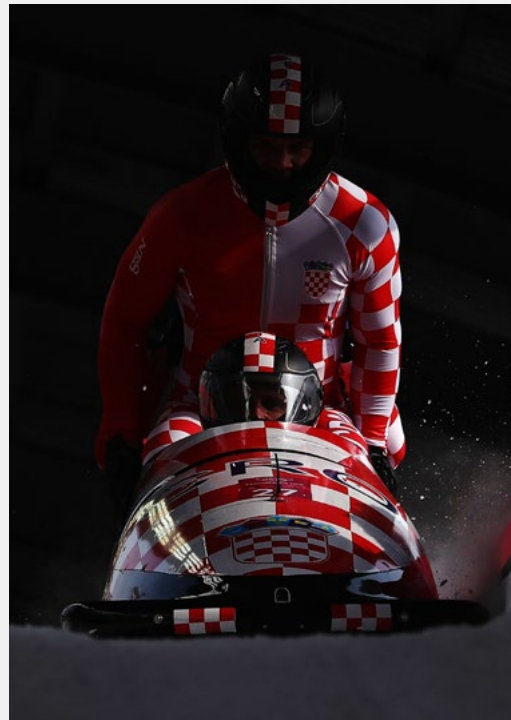
Colour

Images should have deep blacks and crisp highlights, while holding shape and detail, never blown out. They should hold an edge if placed on white. Colour should feel natural and vibrant, not over-saturated. Images should look naturally white balanced, not stylised. Avoid colour effects and photo filters.

Themes

There are four main themes of Olympic images. Depending on the application, sometimes it will be best to balance all themes; other times it will be more useful to focus on one. The themes are:

- Action
- Emotion
- Heritage
- Editorial



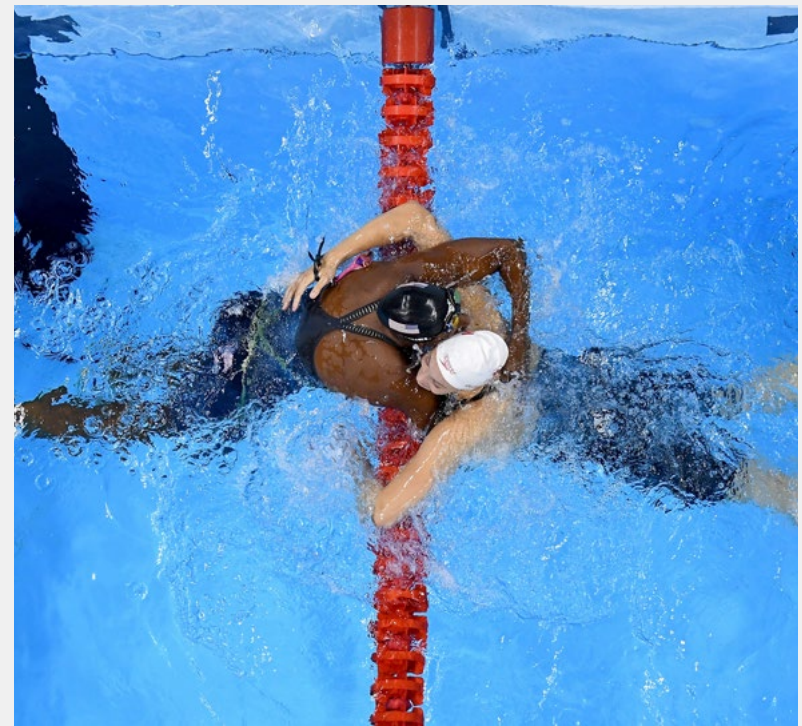
ACTION

Strength, finesse and agility are part of the excitement of the Games. Striking athletic expression can be found in both the athlete's body and face. Use artful images where the focus might not be on the athlete, but on movement itself.



EMOTION

The Games move us. Our photography should do the same. Athletes helping each other, united in teams or celebrating victory are all good examples of moving moments that reflect the Olympic values.



HERITAGE

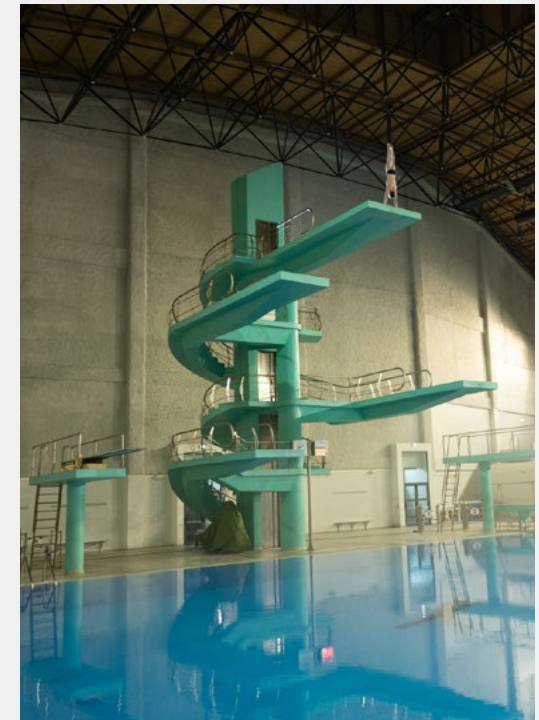
The Olympics have a rich history of inspiring achievements and iconic moments. Use historic photographs as an educational tool to teach and inspire future generations, or simply as a vector for emotion. Showcase historic performances and ceremonies and embrace the vintage feel of these images.



EDITORIAL

Editorial photography illustrates a story through images. And the stories beyond the Games show how the Olympic brand is relevant year-round. Photography can provide a window into the activities of athletes, Olympic Partners and the IOC, including social development initiatives supported by the organisation.

Athlete lifestyle photography should always feel candid and reflect the unique aspects of the athlete and sport. Whether lifting weights at the gym, training along the street in their home town or listening to music before a competition – athletes should be set in their environment.

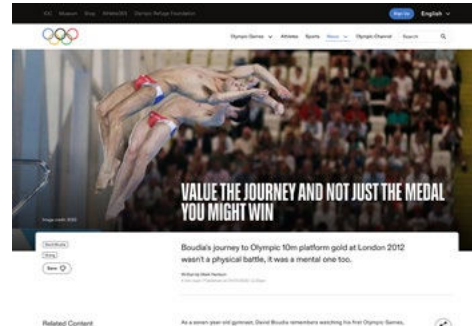


PHOTOGRAPHY IN DIGITAL APPLICATION

When selecting images for digital use, be cogniscent of text placement and favour centrally focused images. In most instances, the top and bottom of the image will be where copy and metadata may be placed.

Accommodate for responsive screen sizes which may alter the aspect or crop of an image too, centrally weighted images will have the most likelihood of not being affected adversely by this.

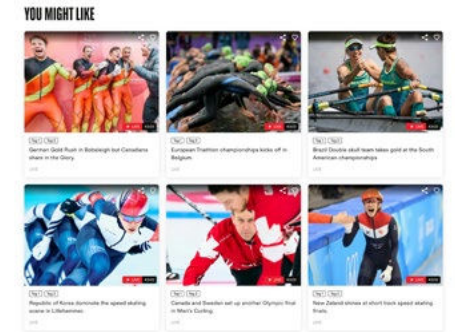
Ensure hero images are not too busy to distract from headline titles.



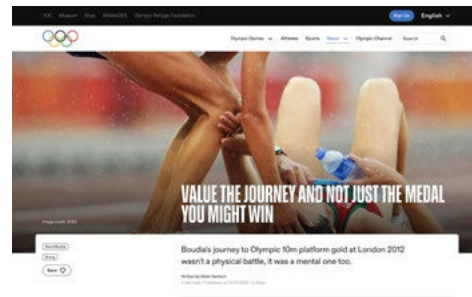
Favour central focused imagery.



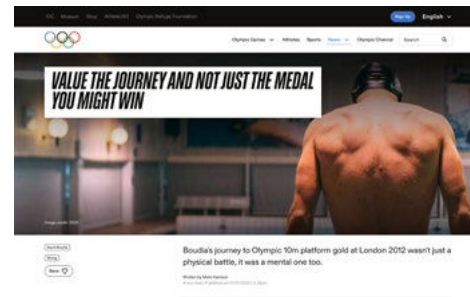
Due to legibility, typography and digital elements such as tags and social icons are placed atop of a gradient.



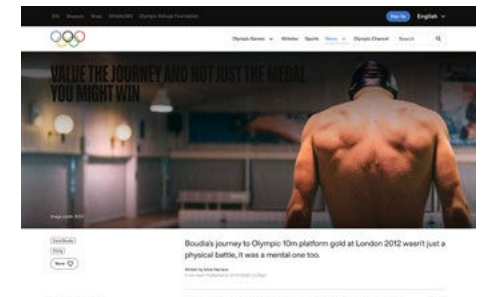
Do not use images with a focal point that is covered by text.



Do not add any styling or effects to typography on top of photos.



Do not place low contrast text atop of photography



ADDING ELEMENTS

When adding branding and typography on top of a photograph, select images with lots of space and low visual noise.

If a busy photograph is important to the communication, use a layout that features the branding and typography in a separate location rather than on top of the photograph.

For more guidance, refer to the Still Images Guidelines.

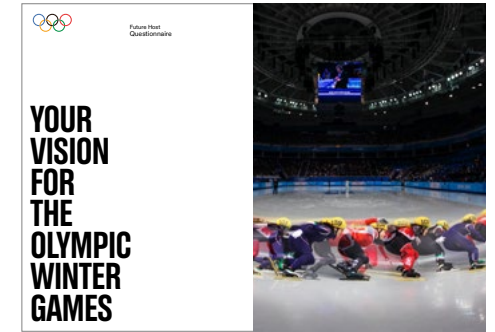
Text and rings can appear on photographs as long as there is enough contrast for legibility.



Typography within templates can be rearranged to best accommodate a photograph.



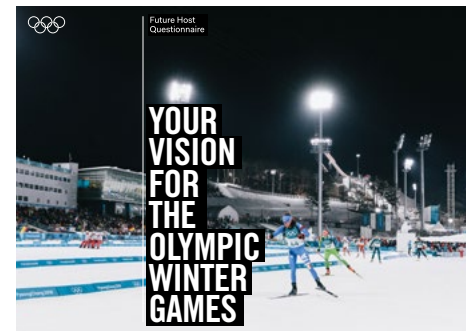
If legibility is a concern, typography can always be placed on a white background.



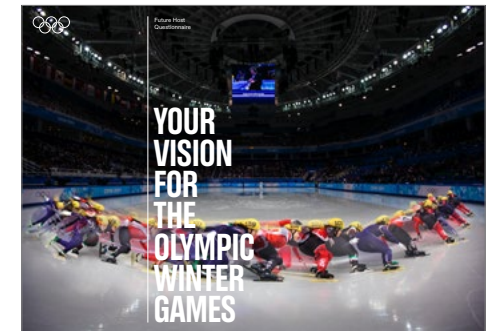
Do not place text on top of busy photographs.



Do not add any styling or effects to typography on top of photos.



Do not place text on top of busy photographs.



POST-PROCESSING

As a general rule, do not over process photographs. Olympic photography should feel people-centric, and any styling or effects that make photos feel supernatural is not encouraged.

Adding saturation and vibrance can give a photo more energy, but adding too much makes it unrealistic. Converting to black and white can add a dramatic effect, while darkening an image, or part of an image, can help the photo interact with other elements such as logos and typography.

For more guidance, refer to the Still Images Guidelines.

Original photograph



Vibrance + saturation



Original photograph



Black and white



Original photograph



Corner of image darkened to increase visibility of rings.



POST-PROCESSING

As a general rule, do not over process photographs. Olympic photography should feel people-centric, and any styling or effects that make photos feel supernatural is not encouraged.

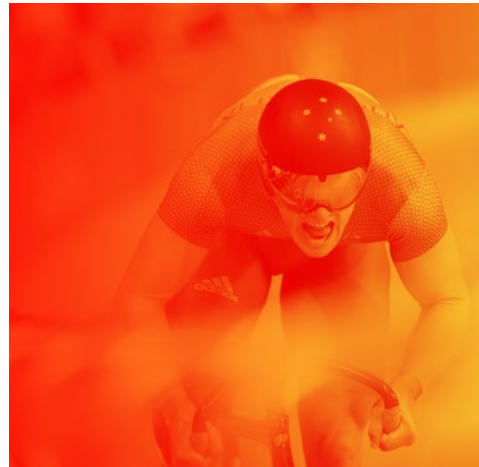
Adding saturation and vibrance can give a photo more energy, but adding too much makes it unrealistic. Converting to black and white can add a dramatic effect, while darkening an image, or part of an image, can help the photo interact with other elements such as logos and typography.

For more guidance, refer to the Still Images Guidelines.

Original photograph



Do not add unnatural styling or effects.



Original photograph



Do not add artificial colouring.



Original photograph



Do not blend images or create supernatural environments.



8

ILLUSTRATIONS

81	Concept
82	Style and Colour
83	Illustration types
84	Combining illustrations types
85	Illustration types guidance
87	Illustration index
88	Cropping
89	Applications
90	Guidance

ILLUSTRATIONS

Illustrations are used to express an idea or message in an engaging way. They help tell the Olympic story, especially themes that are difficult to express with words. Unlike photography, illustrations can communicate without singling out a specific time, place or person.

Art and creativity have played a big role in Olympic history. From 1912 to 1948, art competitions were held alongside sport – with Olympic medals awarded to architects, poets and artists. Today, illustration helps communicate and connect in new ways.



CONCEPT

Illustrations help tell a story and connect to Olympic ideas, old and new. They express themes, values and symbols associated with the Olympic brand.

When developing Olympic illustrations, always consider the concept and look for the most direct way to make the audience understand what you want them to feel and know. Avoid reinforcing stereotypes and, whenever possible, balance sport, countries, gender and ethnicity.



STYLE AND COLOUR

Olympic illustration should be striking and impactful in its approach. Styles vary from geometric to hand drawn, simple to detailed. No matter the aesthetic complexity, illustrations should be clear – with the fewest unnecessary colours, shapes and lines to communicate effectively.

Colour plays an essential role in making illustrations feel Olympic. Use Olympic colours together in a single illustration or individually to bring more visual focus – especially when developing a series of illustrations.

Use extended colours to add accents, highlights and shadow. Never use extended colours in large areas – Olympic colours or medal colours should always be the most visually prominent.

Avoid gradients or overt effects in most circumstances. Olympic colours tend to be most powerful when pure.

The 17 illustrations shown in the following pages are strong examples of impactful Olympic illustrations. The style of these illustrations is not intended to be replicated or imitated. They should instead provide a guiding foundation for the overall approach to Olympic colour, simple lines/shapes and bold ideas when developing additional illustrations.

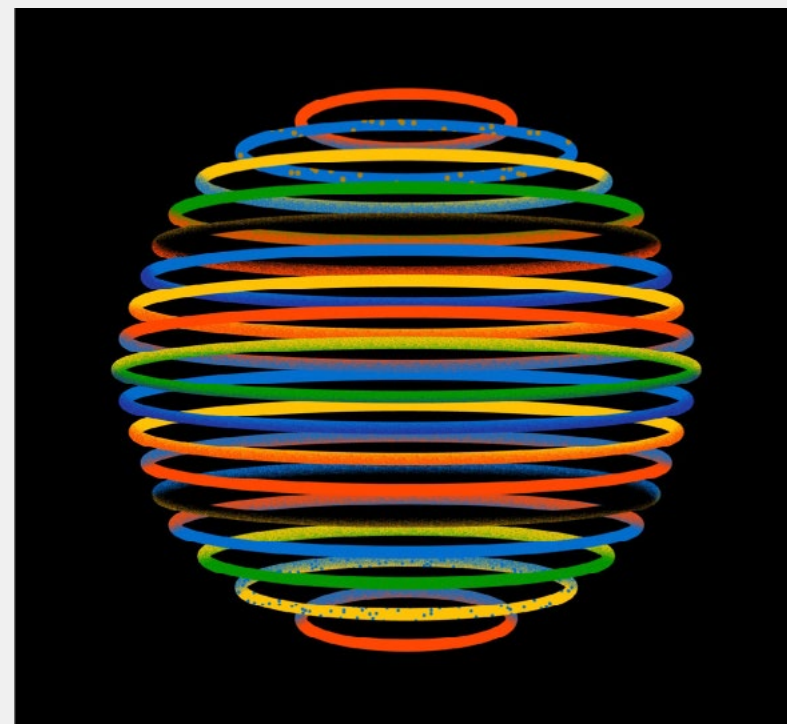


ILLUSTRATION TYPES

Olympic illustrations can be used in a variety of applications and sizes, from large display illustrations to small spot illustrations. When developing an illustration, consider the context of how it will be used and develop a solution with the appropriate complexity. An illustration on the cover of a book will need to reflect the broad concept of the entire publication, while an illustration within its pages can represent a more specific idea drawn from the text. On this page, the three different types of illustrations and their uses are outlined.

The first type are display illustrations. These are the largest and are reserved for large formats and prominent places where the detail and colour can be fully appreciated.

The second type are spot illustrations, which are typically smaller and less detailed. They can also be close-cropped and have no background colour. These are often used within complex layouts next to supporting text. Spot illustrations can also be added to infographics to make complex data more engaging. For guidance, refer to [Chapter 10: Infographics](#).

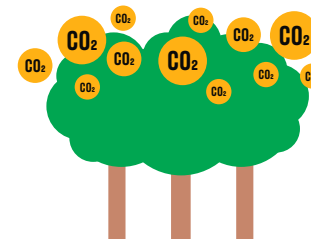
The third type are supporting icons, which are typically even smaller and less detailed. Icons are small and efficient at communicating, and when used almost like bullet points they can provide a visual cue and make text call-outs more striking and digestible.

Display illustration (book cover)



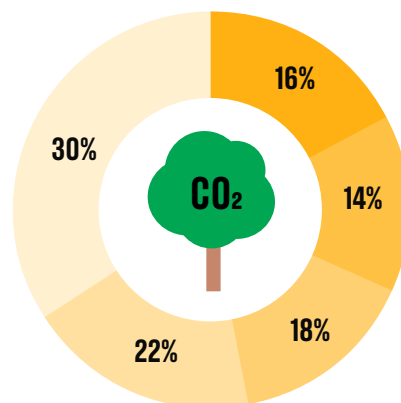
Spot illustration (sidebar)

OLYMPIC FOREST INITIATIVE



Spot illustration (infographic)

OLYMPIC FOREST IS EXPECTED TO ABSORB 200,000 T CO₂



Supporting icons (sidebar)

OLYMPIC FOREST BENEFITS



-  **FOOD SECURITY**
-  **ECONOMIC SECURITY**
-  **CLIMATE ADAPTATION**

COMBINING ILLUSTRATIONS TYPES


The three different kinds of illustrations can also be used in combination with each other to create complex and engaging layouts, but care should be taken to use the correct type of illustration for the context you're working with.

An example is presented here that shows the best way of combining illustrations to create an effective layout. The information is clearly presented and a well defined hierarchy helps the reader easily navigate the large amount of information. In addition to the clear hierarchy, a consistent colour palette and illustration style has been used to ensure a harmonious page layout.

A — A spot illustration is used here to anchor the beginning of the text and communicates the central idea of the following content.

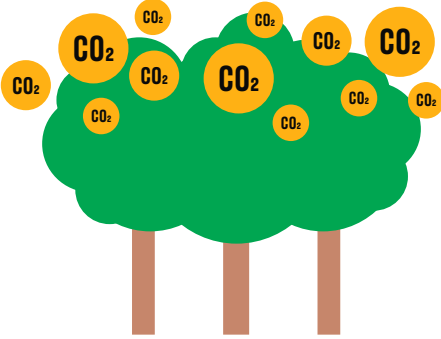
B — A series of icons is used here as bullet points to draw the readers eye to the important points that have been highlighted in the text.

C — A small spot illustration has been added to a doughnut-style chart to create an infographic. This connects the chart with the other illustration at the beginning of the page and continues the theme through all of the visual elements. It is noticeably less complex than the spot illustration at the beginning of the page as space is limited in the infographic and it could easily overwhelm the information.





International Olympic Committee

OLYMPIC FOREST INITIATIVE

OLYMPIC FOREST IS EXPECTED TO ABSORB 200,000 T CO₂

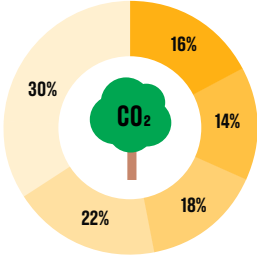


A

-  **FOOD SECURITY**
-  **ECONOMIC SECURITY**
-  **CLIMATE ADAPTATION**

B

355,000 TREES / 2,120 HECTARES



175,000 TREES

1400 HA

AGROFORESTRY FARMLAND

180,000 TREES

720 HA

FOR FOREST ENRICHMENT AND RESTORATION

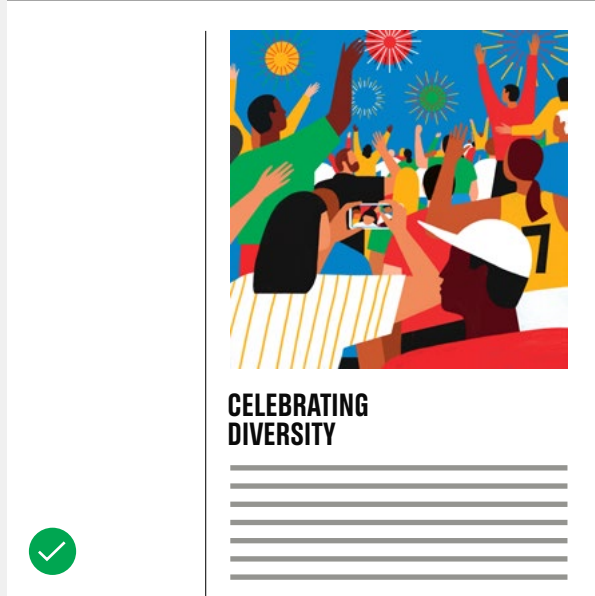
C

ILLUSTRATION TYPES GUIDANCE

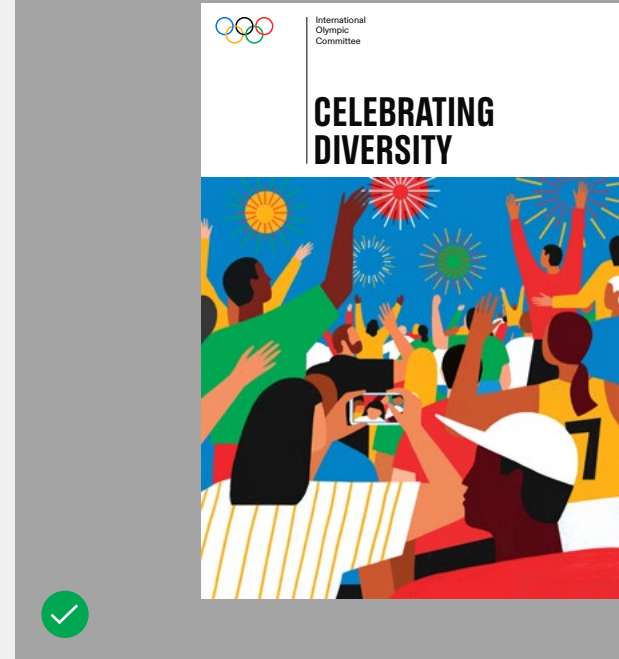
Display illustrations require a large amount of space to work effectively. Don't force a complex image into a small space where it will look cramped and out of place. Display Illustrations should always be given ample space.

Conversely, spot illustrations and icons should also be used in the right circumstances. Placing a simple icon or spot illustration on a book cover will not entice a reader or communicate the concept of the publication as well as a carefully developed illustration.

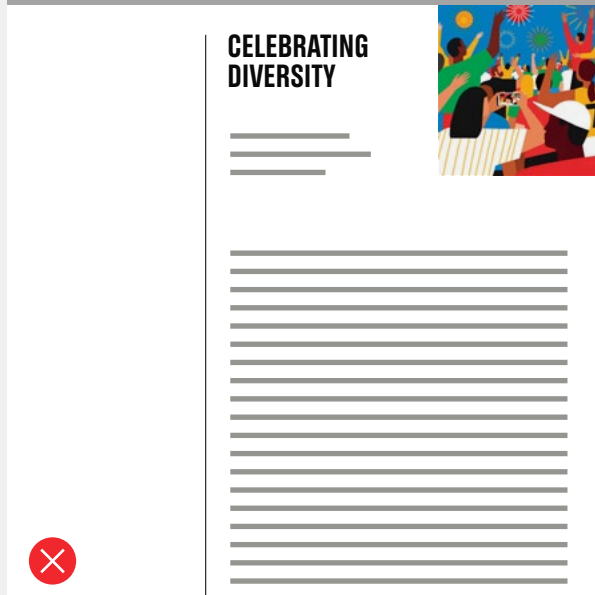
Give complex display illustrations enough room.



A specially commissioned illustration with the correct amount of complexity.



Do not use complex display illustrations in small or cramped spaces where details will be obscured.



Do not use a simple spot illustration in a situation that looks too simple and uninteresting.

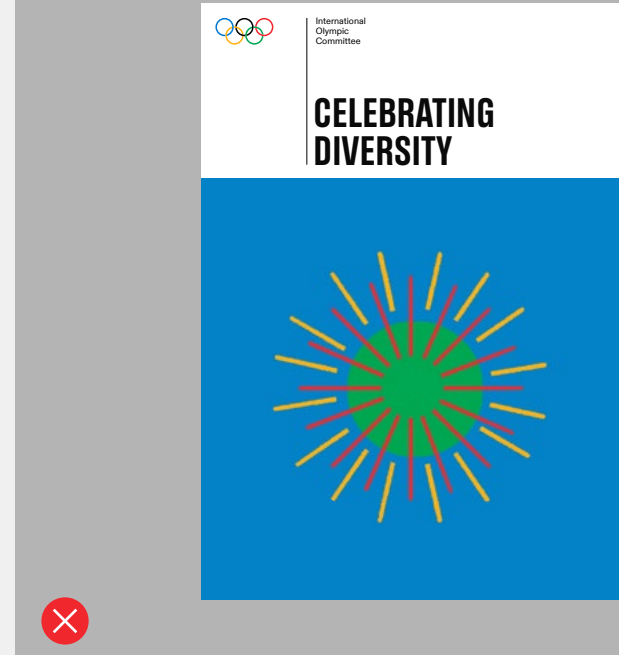


ILLUSTRATION TYPES GUIDANCE

Icons are most effective when they are simple and quickly communicate a single idea. If an icon is too complex or too many concepts are forced into a small space, this will confuse the reader. Additionally, do not use different styles of icons at the same time to ensure visual harmony and consistency. Try to use either outlined or filled shapes and choose between thick or thin line weights to make sure each icon belongs with its neighbour.

Charts are effective at simplifying complex information, and must not be overwhelmed by complex illustrations or images. When pairing an illustration with a chart to create an infographic, take care to complement and support the goal of the data being shown.

Use multiple icons which feel like they belong together.
Use simple icons which clearly communicate a single idea.
Use short and clear supporting titles.



FOOD SECURITY



ECONOMIC SECURITY

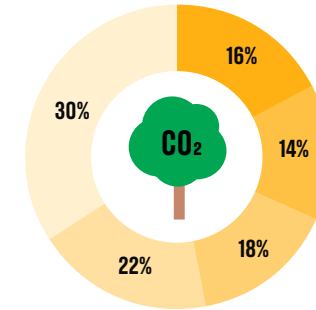


CLIMATE ADAPTATION



Use illustrations and icons in charts that support the content.
Use headlines and typography which clearly support the information in the chart.
Use a consistent and selective colour palette.

355,000 TREES / 2,120 HECTARES



175,000 TREES
1,400 HA

AGROFORESTRY FARMLAND

180,000 TREES
720 HA

FOR FOREST ENRICHMENT AND RESTORATION



Avoid using icons that are too complex or literal.
Avoid mixing different icon styles and colours, and icons of differing complexity, at the same time.
Avoid mixing different icon container shapes.



FOOD SECURITY



ECONOMIC SECURITY

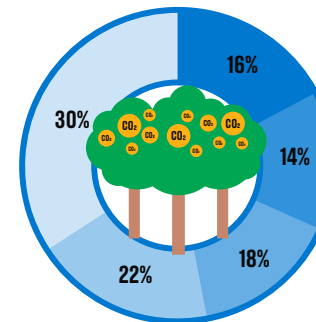


CLIMATE ADAPTATION POLICIES AND MANDATES



Avoid overwhelming charts by adding complex illustrations.
Avoid using complicated and unnecessary design elements and unclear type hierarchies.
Avoid using too many colours.

355,000 TREES / 2,120 HECTARES



175,000 TREES
1,400 HA

AGROFORESTRY FARMLAND

180,000 TREES
720 HA

FOR FOREST ENRICHMENT AND RESTORATION

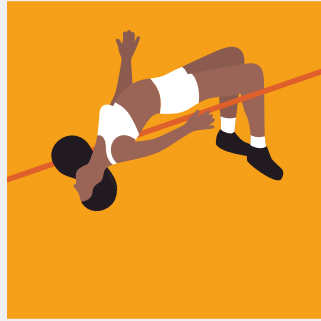


ILLUSTRATION INDEX

Seventeen illustrations have been created for use across publications, digital, environment design and more.



Together
by Francesco Ciccolella
Themes: unity, solidarity, teamwork, togetherness, friendship, sport
Versions: blue and green



High Aspirations
by Francesco Ciccolella
Themes: sport, achievement, inspiration, measuring human potential
Versions: red, blue, green and yellow



Synchronised
by Francesco Ciccolella
Themes: unity, teamwork, solidarity, togetherness, sport



Olympic Torchbearer
by Francesco Ciccolella
Themes: optimism, hope, peace
Versions: red, blue, green and yellow



Olympic Torchbearer
by Francesco Ciccolella
Themes: optimism, hope, peace
Versions: red, blue, green and yellow



Celebrate Humanity
by Francesco Ciccolella
Themes: celebration, solidarity, achievement, unity, togetherness
Versions: blue and green



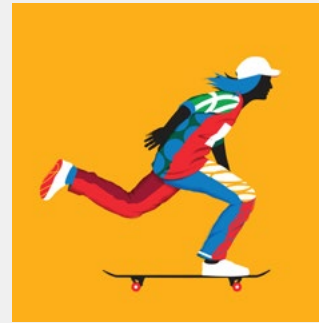
Olympic Dove
by Karan Singh
Themes: peace, hope



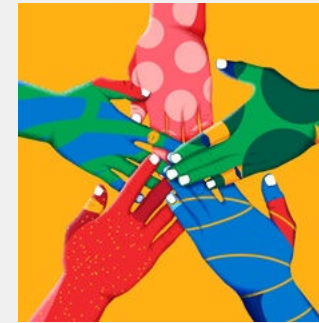
Olympic Dove
by Karan Singh
Themes: peace, hope



Globe
by Karan Singh
Themes: togetherness, unity, peace, hope



Skater
by Karan Singh
Themes: progress, innovation, sport



Hands
by Karan Singh
Themes: unity in diversity, peace, hope, teamwork, solidarity



Flame
by Karan Singh
Themes: peace, hope, solidarity



Olympic Fans
by Abbey Lossing
Themes: uniting the world, togetherness, celebration, solidarity



Rock Climbing
by Abbey Lossing
Themes: progress, innovation, sport, equality



Relay
by Abbey Lossing
Themes: athleticism, teamwork, sport



Summer Collage
by Abbey Lossing
Themes: achievement, performance, excellence, unity in diversity, sport



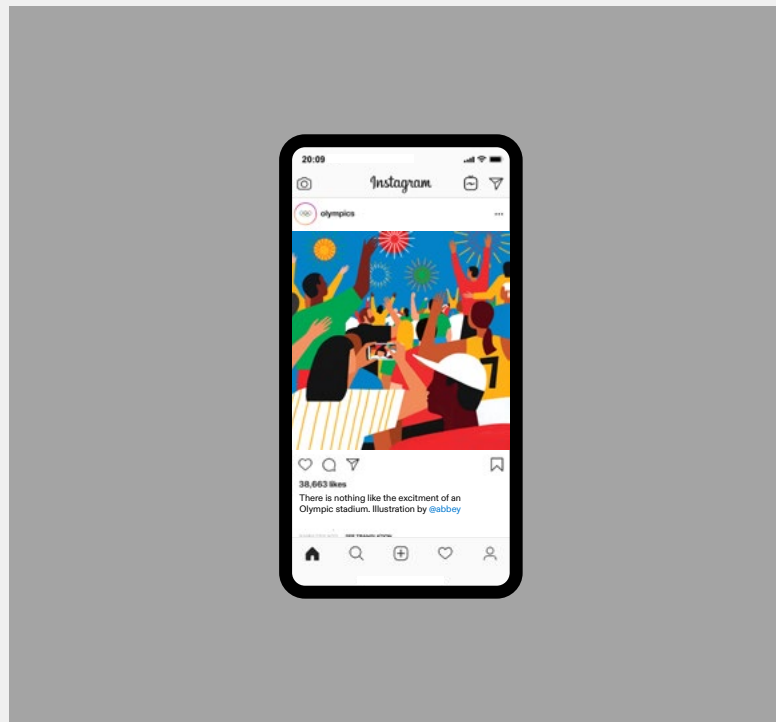
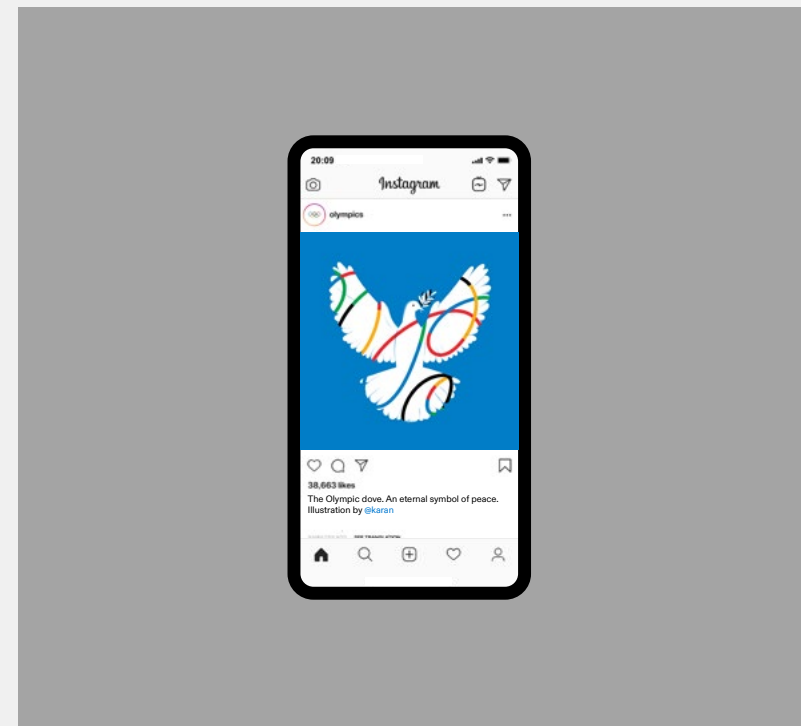
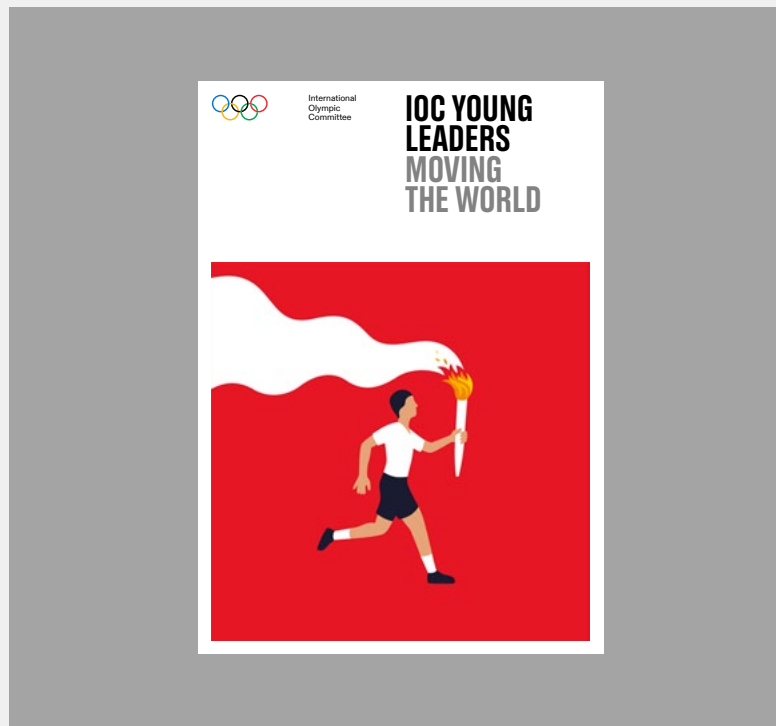
Winter Collage
by Abbey Lossing
Themes: achievement, performance, excellence, unity in diversity, sport

CROPPING

When cropping for different orientations, the meaning and spirit of the original illustration should be maintained.



APPLICATIONS



GUIDANCE

Always honour the intention of the artwork and concept when applying.

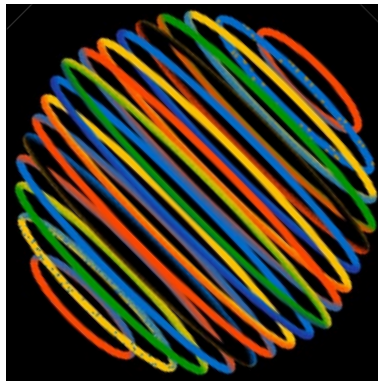
Do not modify colour. Use only the illustrations and corresponding colour versions which exist.



Do not abstractly crop the artwork or add additional elements or text.



Do not rotate or alter the original intention of the concept.



Do not combine multiple illustrations.



9

PICTOGRAMS

92	Universal pictograms
93	Construction, clear space & minimum size
94	Summer sports
96	Winter sports
97	Demonstration sports
98	Functional Icons – Standard
100	Functional Icons – YOG
104	Functional Icons – TOM
106	Versions
107	Backgrounds
108	Pictogram Colour
109	Alignment and grid
110	Removing containers
111	Applications
112	Guidance

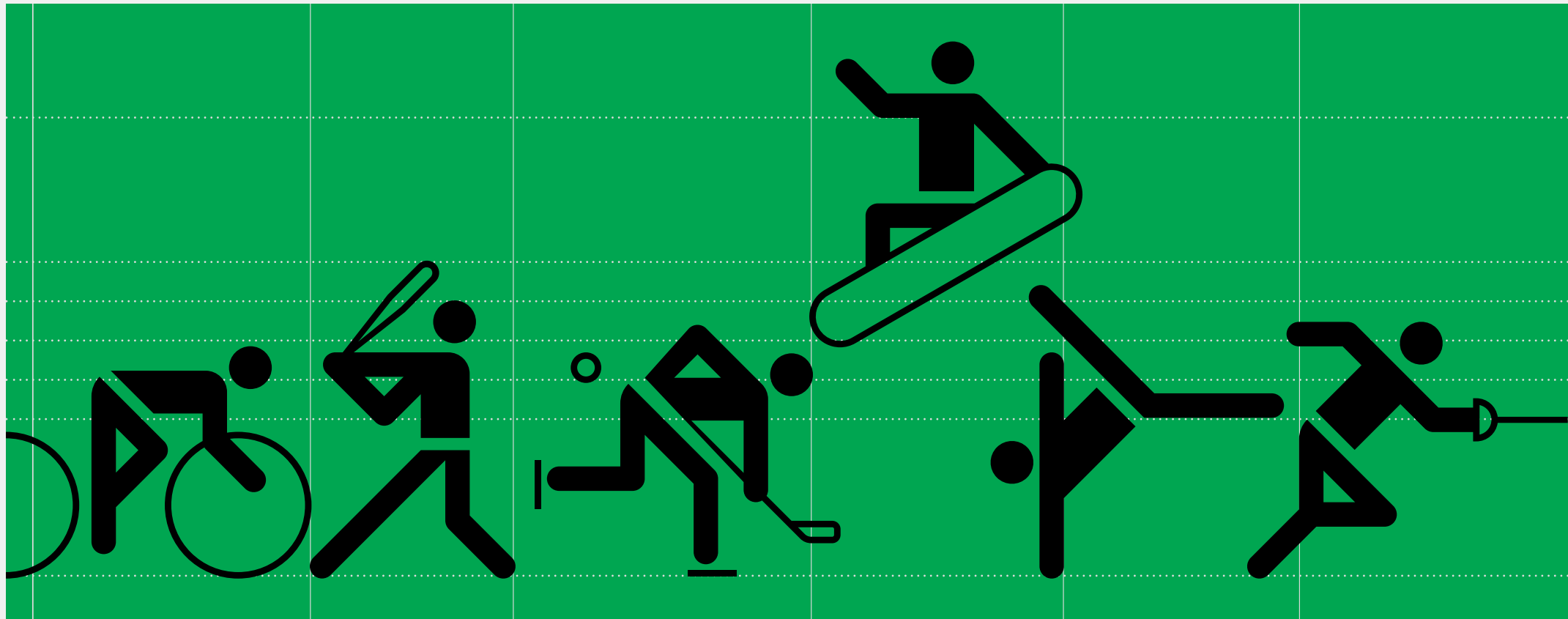
UNIVERSAL PICTOGRAMS

Pictograms are graphic icons used to communicate information without words and capture the spirit of each sport—all in a few simple lines and shapes.

They have been part of Olympic design programs since they were first introduced at Tokyo 1964. The icons were designed to speak to an international audience with diverse language and cultural backgrounds. Not only functional,

they also adorned the field of play and became synonymous with Olympic identities. Since 1964, each Games has iterated on the pictogram system, evolving the style to reflect the host city.

The universal Olympic pictogram system introduced here builds on the groundwork of Olympic history with pure geometry and precise visual rhythm. A timeless approach built for the future.



CONSTRUCTION, CLEAR SPACE & MINIMUM SIZE

The human form provides a consistent and dynamic foundation for the extensive system of sport pictograms. The figure is built off a grid with uniform line weights and geometry. Joints are set at 45° and 90° angles to create an orderly, functional and attractive visual rhythm.

The same grid and approach is used in the construction of all functional icons introduced later in this chapter.

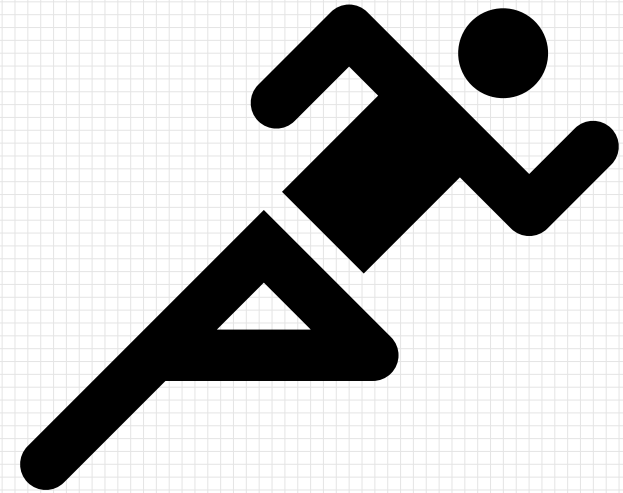
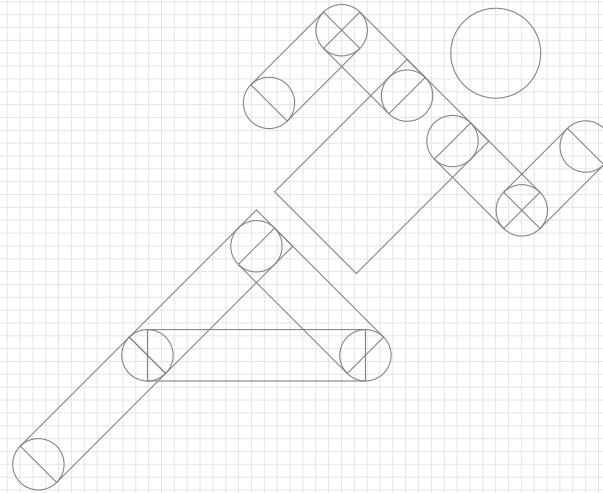
Minimum size

The pictograms have been designed to retain high legibility across print and digital at a range of scales and distances. Visual integrity should be maintained at all times and will vary depending on the scale and resolution. Minimum size for pictograms is 5mm / 20 pixels.

Clear space

The clear space [1/8 X] represents the minimum safe area around a pictogram in application. This area should be kept free of other graphic elements, including other pictograms.

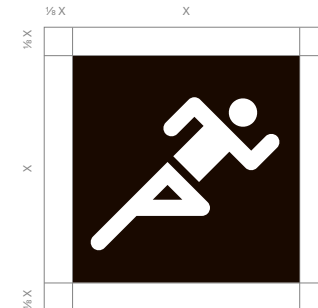
Construction



Minimum size



Clear space



SUMMER SPORTS

There are 75 pictograms representing summer sports. They include sports from all editions of the Olympic Games and Youth Olympic

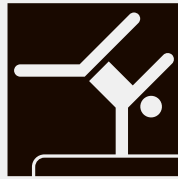
Games, as well as sports which are not in the Olympic programme.



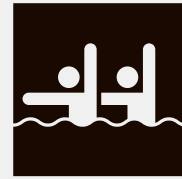
3x3 Basketball



Archery



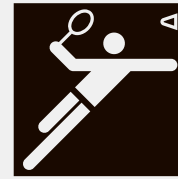
Artistic Gymnastics



Artistic Swimming



Athletics



Badminton



Baseball 5



Baseball Softball



Basketball



Basque Pelota



Canoe Slalom



Canoe Sprint



Beach Handball



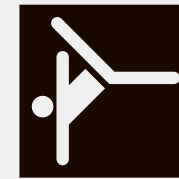
Beach Soccer



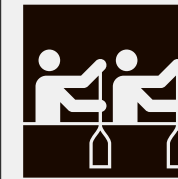
Beach Volleyball



Boxing



Breaking



Canoe Marathon



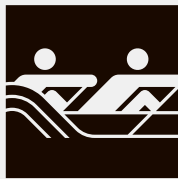
Canoe Ocean Racing



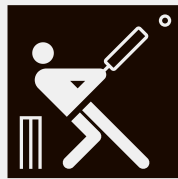
Canoe Slalom



Canoe Sprint



Coastal Rowing



Cricket



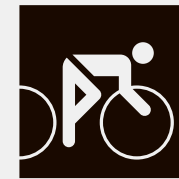
Cycling
BMX Freestyle



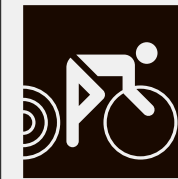
Cycling BMX Racing



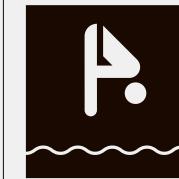
Cycling Mountain Bike



Cycling Road



Cycling Track



Diving



Equestrian



Equestrian Dressage



Equestrian Eventing



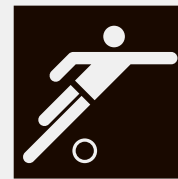
Equestrian Jumping



Equestrian Vaulting



Fencing



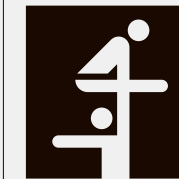
Football



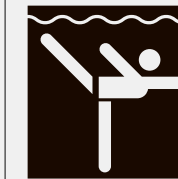
Futsal



Golf



Gymnastics Acrobatic



Gymnastics Rhythmic



Handball



Hockey



Hockey 5s



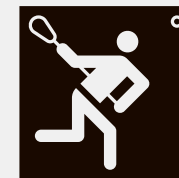
Jeu de paume



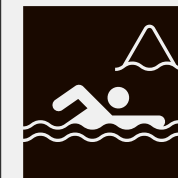
Judo



Karate



Lacrosse



Marathon Swimming



Modern Pentathlon



Modern Pentathlon (Y)

SUMMER SPORTS



Polo



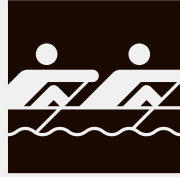
Rackets



Roller Speed Skating



Roque Croquet



Rowing



Rugby



Rugby Sevens



Sailing



Shooting



Skateboarding



Sport Climbing



Surfing



Swimming



Table Tennis



Taekwondo



Tennis



Trampoline



Triathlon



Tug of War



Volleyball



Water Motorsports



Water Polo



Weightlifting



Wrestling



Wushu

WINTER SPORTS

There are 18 pictograms representing winter sports. They include sports from all editions of the Olympic Winter Games and Winter Youth

Olympic Games, as well as sports which are not in the Olympic programme.



Alpine Skiing



Biathlon



Bobsleigh



Cross-Country Skiing



Curling



Figure Skating



Freestyle Skiing



Ice Hockey



Luge



Military Patrol



Monobob



Nordic Combined



Short Track
Speed Skating



Skeleton



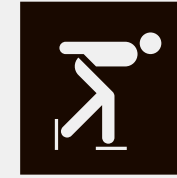
Ski Jumping



Ski Mountaineering



Snowboard



Speed Skating

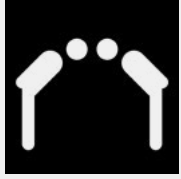
DEMONSTRATION SPORTS

There are 14 pictograms representing summer and winter demonstration sports. They include sports which featured as demonstration sports

from all editions of the Olympic Games and Olympic Winter Games.



Bandy



Budo



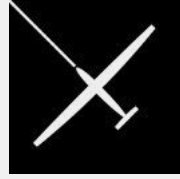
Canne



Eisstockschießen



French Boxing



Gliding



Korfball



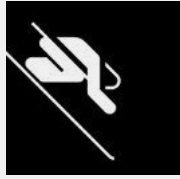
Roller Hockey



Skijoring



Sled Dog Racing



Speed Skiing



Swedish Gymnastics



Water Skiing



Winter Pentathlon

FUNCTIONAL ICONS STANDARD

There are 95 functional icons for various uses from digital to wayfinding, including common Olympic themes.



Accreditation



Achievement



Anthem/Music



Approved



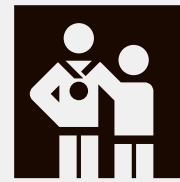
Article/Newspaper



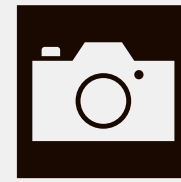
Athletes



Athlete Education



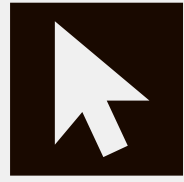
Athlete Role Model



Camera



Cities



Click Here



Cloud



Contract



Culture



Document



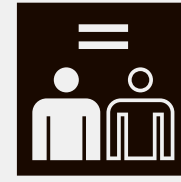
Download



Education



Email



Equality



Event



Excellence



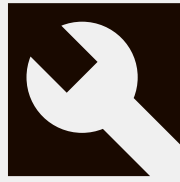
Fair Play



Festival Sites



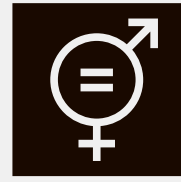
File



Fixing



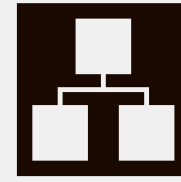
Friendship



Gender Equality



Health



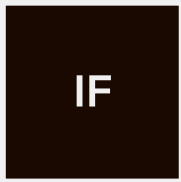
Hierarchy



Human Rights



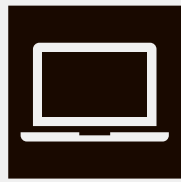
Ideas



IFs



Inclusion/Diversity



Laptop



Learn & Share



Legacy



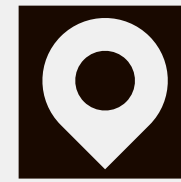
LGBTQI+



Livelihood



Local Communities



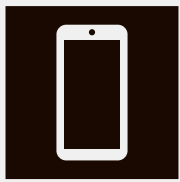
Location



Mental Health



Mission



Mobile Phone



MRHs



NOCs



Non-Binary/
Gender Fluidity/
Gender Inclusion



Nutrition



OCOGs

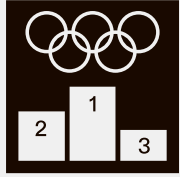


Olympic Flame



Olympic Medal

FUNCTIONAL ICONS STANDARD



Olympic Podium



Olympic Summer Games



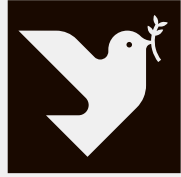
Olympic Torch



Olympic Torch Relay



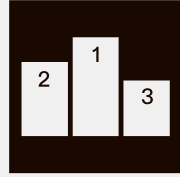
Olympic Winter Games



Peace



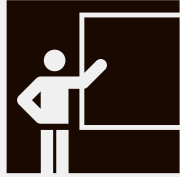
People



Podium



Policies/Procedures



Presentations



Priority/Important Info



Privacy/Private Life



Puzzle



Questions/FAQ



Reading



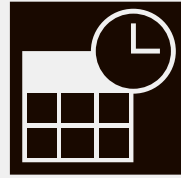
Refused



Respect



Safety/Protection



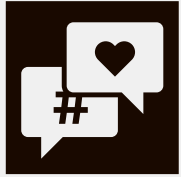
Schedule



Settings



Social Development



Social Media



Solidarity



Speech Bubble



Sport Initiation Summer



Sport Initiation Winter



Sustainability



Target



Teamwork/Teams



Timing/Clock



TOPs



Training



Transport Bus



Transport Car/Taxi



Universality



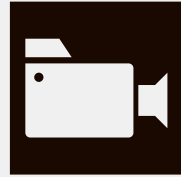
Upload



Useful Information



Victory Ceremonies



Video



Virtual Sports



Voice/
Freedom of Speech



Workforce Employees



Workforce Supply Chain



YOGOCs



Youth Olympic Village

FUNCTIONAL ICONS YOG

There are 187 functional icons which have been developed especially for the Youth Olympic Games.

They can be used for any expression of the Olympic brand.



Accessible Ramp



Accreditation



Accreditation Check



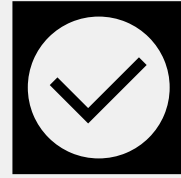
Airport



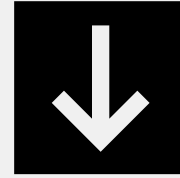
Alcoholic Drinks



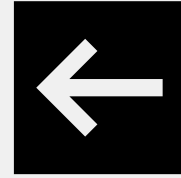
Ambulance



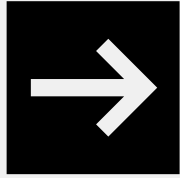
Approved



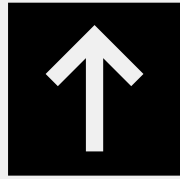
Arrow Down



Arrow Left



Arrow Right



Arrow Up



Assistant Dogs



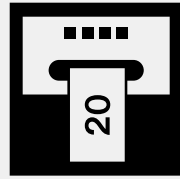
Athlete Change Room



Athlete Change Room - Men



Athlete Change Room - Women



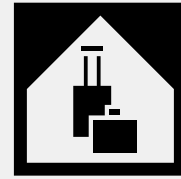
ATM



Baby Care



Baby Food



Baggage Storage



Bank



Bar



Bicycle



Burnable



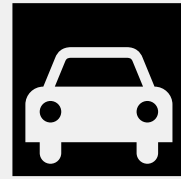
Bus



Bus - Accessible



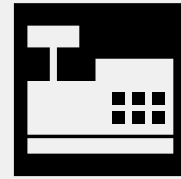
Café



Car



Car - Accessible



Cashier



Cauldron



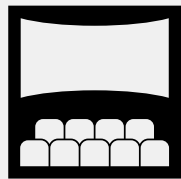
Caution



CCTV



Ceremonies



Cinema



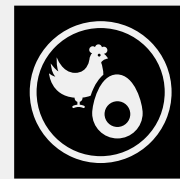
Concessions



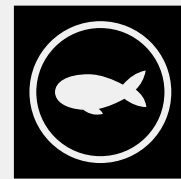
Contains Buckwheat



Contains Crab



Contains Eggs



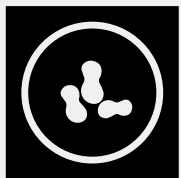
Contains Fish



Contains Gluten



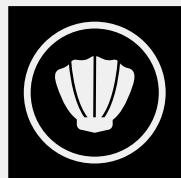
Contains Lactose



Contains Nuts



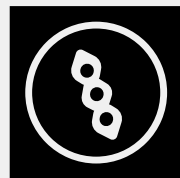
Contains Pork



Contains Shellfish



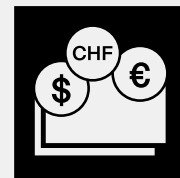
Contains Shrimp



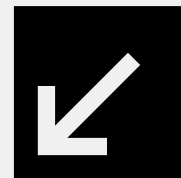
Contains Soybeans



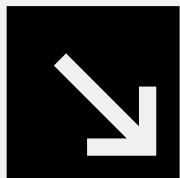
Contains Sulfite



Currency Exchange



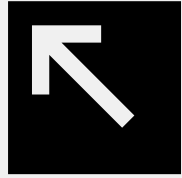
Diagonal Down Left



Diagonal Down Right

FUNCTIONAL ICONS

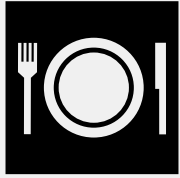
YOG



Diagonal Up Left



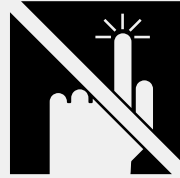
Diagonal Up Right



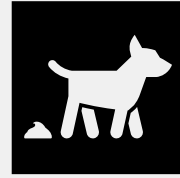
Dining



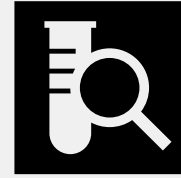
Do Not Run



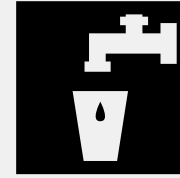
Do Not Touch



Dog Relief



Doping Control



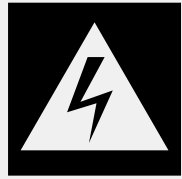
Drinking Fountain



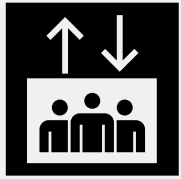
Drop



Drop Off



Electricity



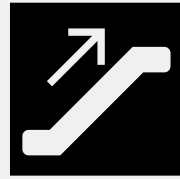
Elevator



Email



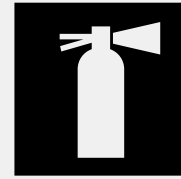
Emergency Exit



Escalator



Exit



Fire Extinguisher



Fitness Centre



Games Room



Gluten Free



Golf Cart



Hair Salon



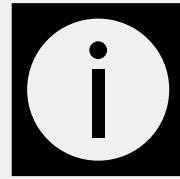
Halal Food



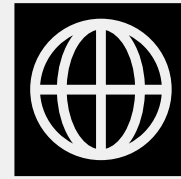
Hospital



Ice Cream



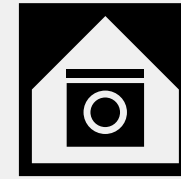
Information



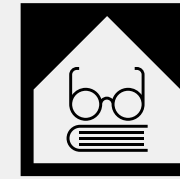
Internet



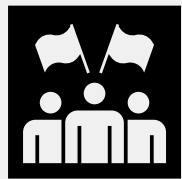
Lactose Free



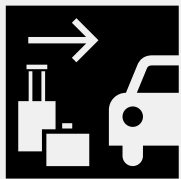
Laundry



Library



Live Site



Load Zone



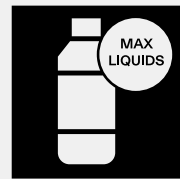
Lost and Found



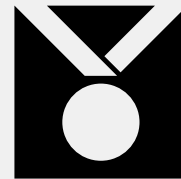
Low Fat



Low Overhead



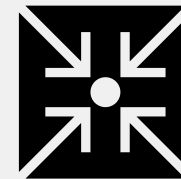
Max Liquids



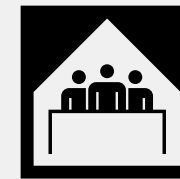
Medals



Medical



Meeting Point



Meeting Room



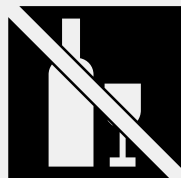
Metro



Museum



News Stand



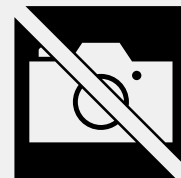
No Alcohol



No Bicycles



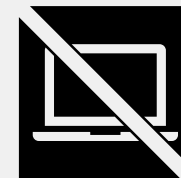
No Bottles or Cans



No Camera



No Cheering Tools



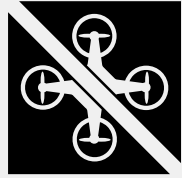
No Computers



No Drinking

FUNCTIONAL ICONS

YOG



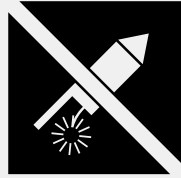
No Drones



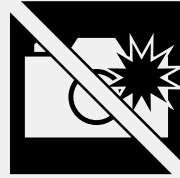
No Entry



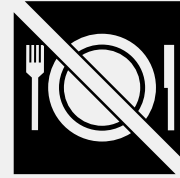
No Entry



No Fireworks



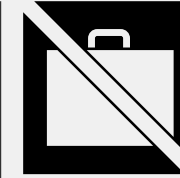
No Flash Photography



No Food



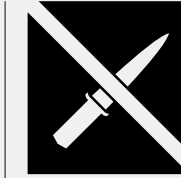
No Guns



No Hard Sided Bags



No Illegal Substances



No Knives



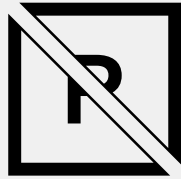
No Liquids Over Two Litres



No Mobile Phones



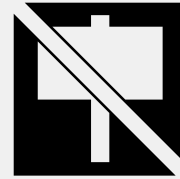
No Open Fire



No Parking



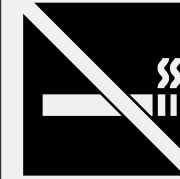
No Pets



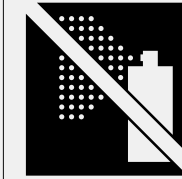
No Placards



No Selfie Sticks



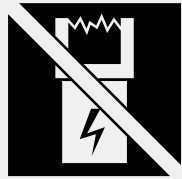
No Smoking



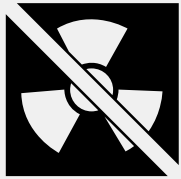
No Sprays



No Strollers



No Stunning Devices



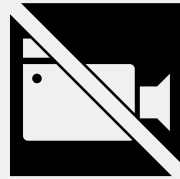
No Toxic Materials



No Tripods



No Umbrellas



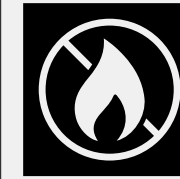
No Video



No Walkie Talkies



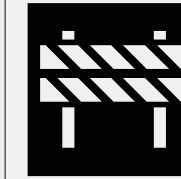
No Weapons



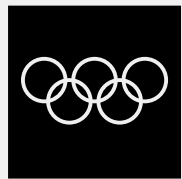
Non-Burnable



Not Drinking Water



Obstacles



Olympic Symbol



Organic



Park and Ride



Parking



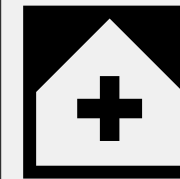
Parking - Accessible



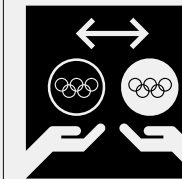
Parking - Bicycle



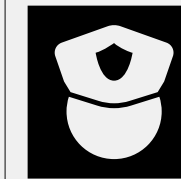
Pedestrian Crossing



Pharmacy



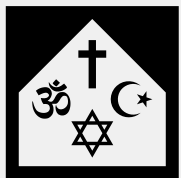
Pin Trading



Police



Post Office



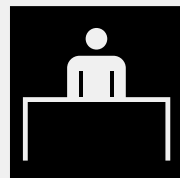
Prayer Room



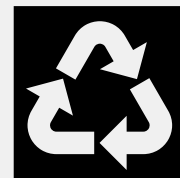
Press Conference Room



Quiet



Reception



Recycling



Recycling - Can



Recycling - Paper



Recycling - PET



Sauna

FUNCTIONAL ICONS

YOG



Security Check



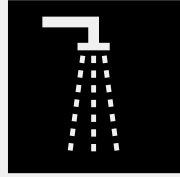
Security Scan



Shop - General



Shop - Retail



Shower



Shuttle Bus



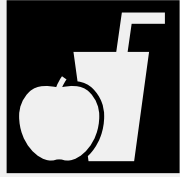
Shuttle Bus Accessible



Slippery



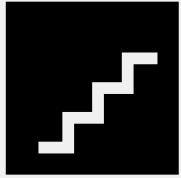
Small Bag / Backpack



Snacks



Soft Drink



Stairs



Stroller Storage



Sugar Free



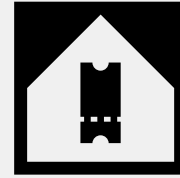
Taxi



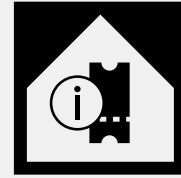
Taxi - Accessible



Telephone



Ticket Box Office



Ticket Resolution Office



Toilets



Toilets Accessible/Unisex



Toilets - Men



Toilets - Women



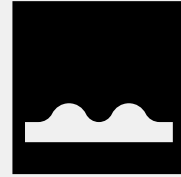
Tools Of The Trade



Train



Trash Bins



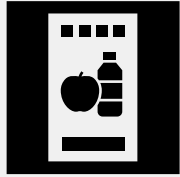
Uneven Terrain



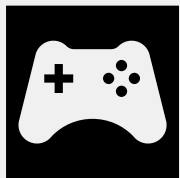
Use Trash Bins



Vegetarian



Vending Machine



Video Games



Waiting Room



Walk



Warm-up Area



Water Bottles



Wi-Fi



Youth Olympic Village

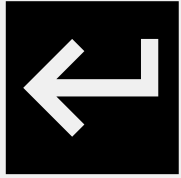
FUNCTIONAL ICONS TOM

There are 71 functional icons which have been developed especially for the Olympic Museum.

They can be used for any expression of the Olympic brand.



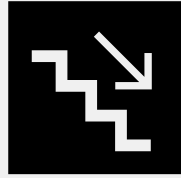
Accessible to disabled



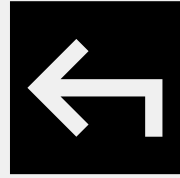
Arrow
Back Left



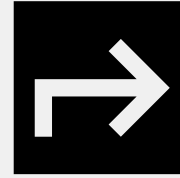
Arrow
Back Right



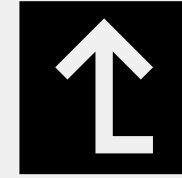
Arrow
Downstair



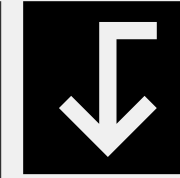
Arrow
Front Left



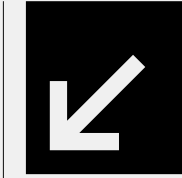
Arrow
Front Right



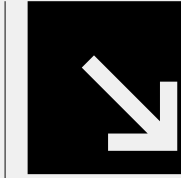
Arrow
Left Ahead



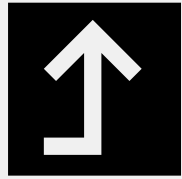
Arrow
Left Back



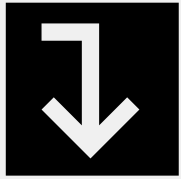
Arrow
Lower Deck Left



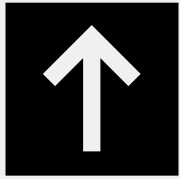
Arrow
Lower Deck Right



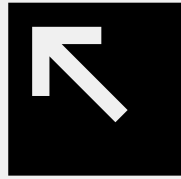
Arrow
Right Ahead



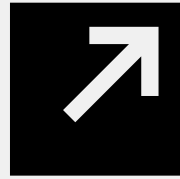
Arrow
Right Back



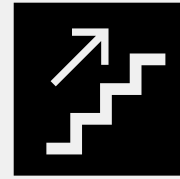
Arrow
Straight Ahead



Arrow
Upper Deck Left



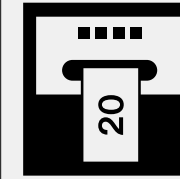
Arrow
Upper Deck Right



Arrow
Upstair



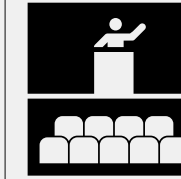
Art



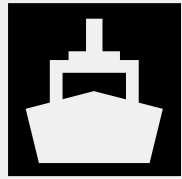
ATM



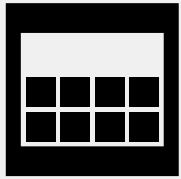
Audioguide



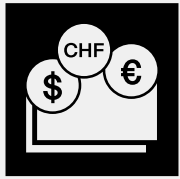
Auditorium



Boat



Calendar



Cash



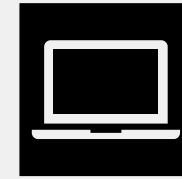
Cloakroom



Coffee



Commercial Elevator



Computer



Culture



Disabled Parking



Disabled Toilets



Drink



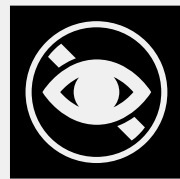
Emergency



Facilities for hearing



Facilities for mentally
disabled people



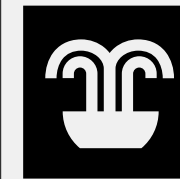
Facilities partially-
sighted people



Family



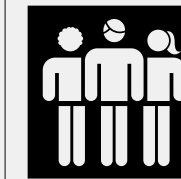
FAQ



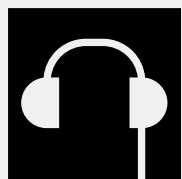
Fountain



Gift Voucher



Group



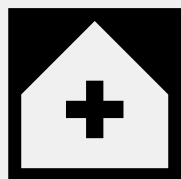
Headphone



Heart



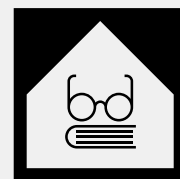
Inaccessible
to disabled people



Infirmary



Kids



Learning Zone



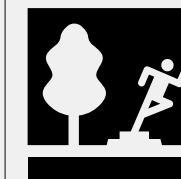
No Backpack



Nursery



Office

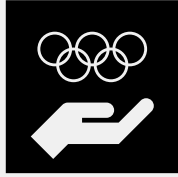


Olympic-Park

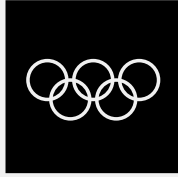
FUNCTIONAL ICONS TOM



Olympic - Walk



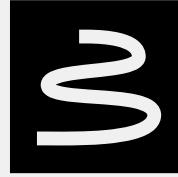
Olympic Values



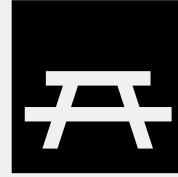
Olympism



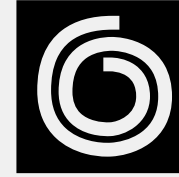
Partially accessible
to disabled people



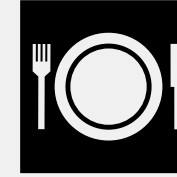
Path



Picnic Area



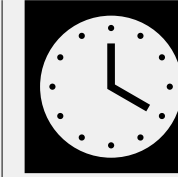
Ramp



Restaurant



Running Track



Schedule



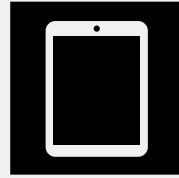
Solidarity



Sound



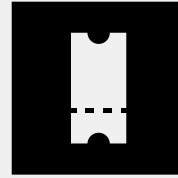
Stroller



Tablet



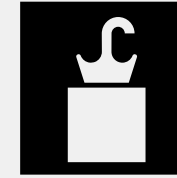
Terrace



Ticket



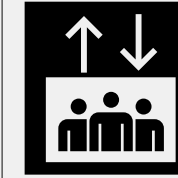
Together



Umbrella Storage



Vegan



Visitors Elevator

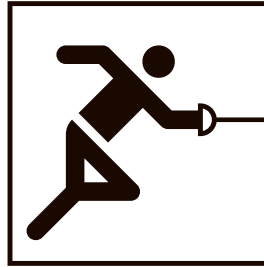


Visitors Guide

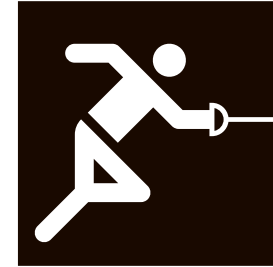
VERSIONS

Pictograms are available with an outlined container and filled container. Each is provided in black and white. Functional icons are also available without a container.

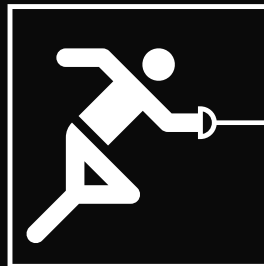
Outlined, black



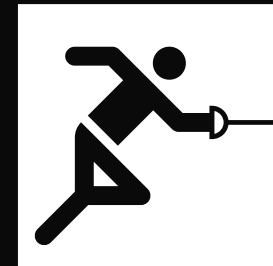
Filled, black



Outlined, white



Filled, white



BACKGROUNDS

Black or white pictograms may appear on any primary or medal colour from the Olympic palette as shown here.




PICTOGRAM COLOUR

Pictograms should be black or white in most instances. In specific cases where the use of colour provides particular functional or aesthetic benefit, pictograms may be filled with an Olympic or medal colour when appearing on a white background only.

When placing pictograms on a photograph, ensure legibility is maintained. Do not use colour pictograms on photos.

Pictograms should be black or white in most instances.



Sliding Centre	←
Olympic Park	→
Ski Jumping	←



In certain cases where colour provides particular functional or aesthetic benefit, pictograms may be filled with an Olympic or medal colour on a white background only.



A very simple sport, golf consists of "playing a ball with a club from the teeing ground into the hole by a stroke or successive strokes in accordance with the Rules." That's the first rule in the Rules of Golf.

Golf is undoubtedly one of the oldest existing codified sports. Indeed, it was in the city of St. Andrews in Scotland that the first rules were established in 1754. But some research shows that a similar sport was


practised beforehand under the name "colf" or "kolf" in the Netherlands, and arrived on the British Isles in the 15th century.



Use white or black pictograms on photos.



Do not use multiple pictogram versions or colours in a single layout.



Sliding Centre	←
Olympic Park	→
Ski Jumping	←



Do not combine colour pictograms with colour backgrounds.



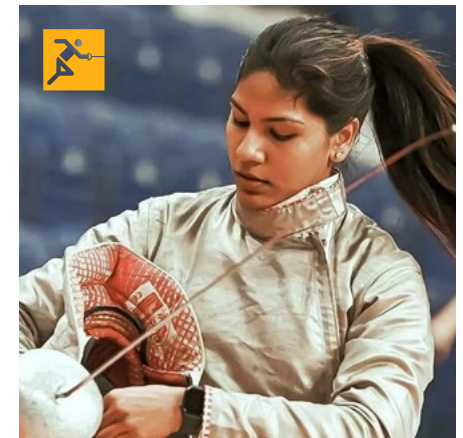
A very simple sport, golf consists of "playing a ball with a club from the teeing ground into the hole by a stroke or successive strokes in accordance with the Rules." That's the first rule in the Rules of Golf.

Golf is undoubtedly one of the oldest existing codified sports. Indeed, it was in the city of St. Andrews in Scotland that the first rules were established in 1754. But some research shows that a similar sport was

practised beforehand under the name "colf" or "kolf" in the Netherlands, and arrived on the British Isles in the 15th century.



Do not use colour pictograms on photos.



ALIGNMENT AND GRID

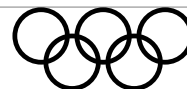
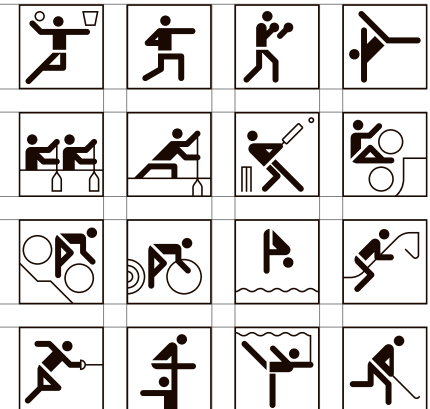
The size of the pictograms should have a proportional relationship with the size of the Olympic rings and typography in layout. In many cases, the size of the pictograms should align with the rings or text line heights — most often one, two or three lines of type.

When arranging multiple pictograms, use a consistent grid and style that relates the rest of the design. Do not mix different versions, colours and sizes in a single layout.



TITLE OF THE DOCUMENT

THE TAGLINE



Long title of
the document

Auxiliary
text goes
here

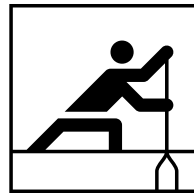
REMOVING CONTAINERS

Where more creativity and flexibility is desirable for feature applications, sport pictograms may be used independently from their outlined or filled containers.

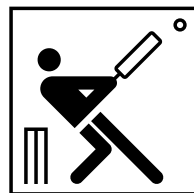
Any cropped elements, such as equipment or environment lines, should be arranged to bleed off the edge of the composition.

If arranging multiple sports, the scale of each pictogram should be consistent.

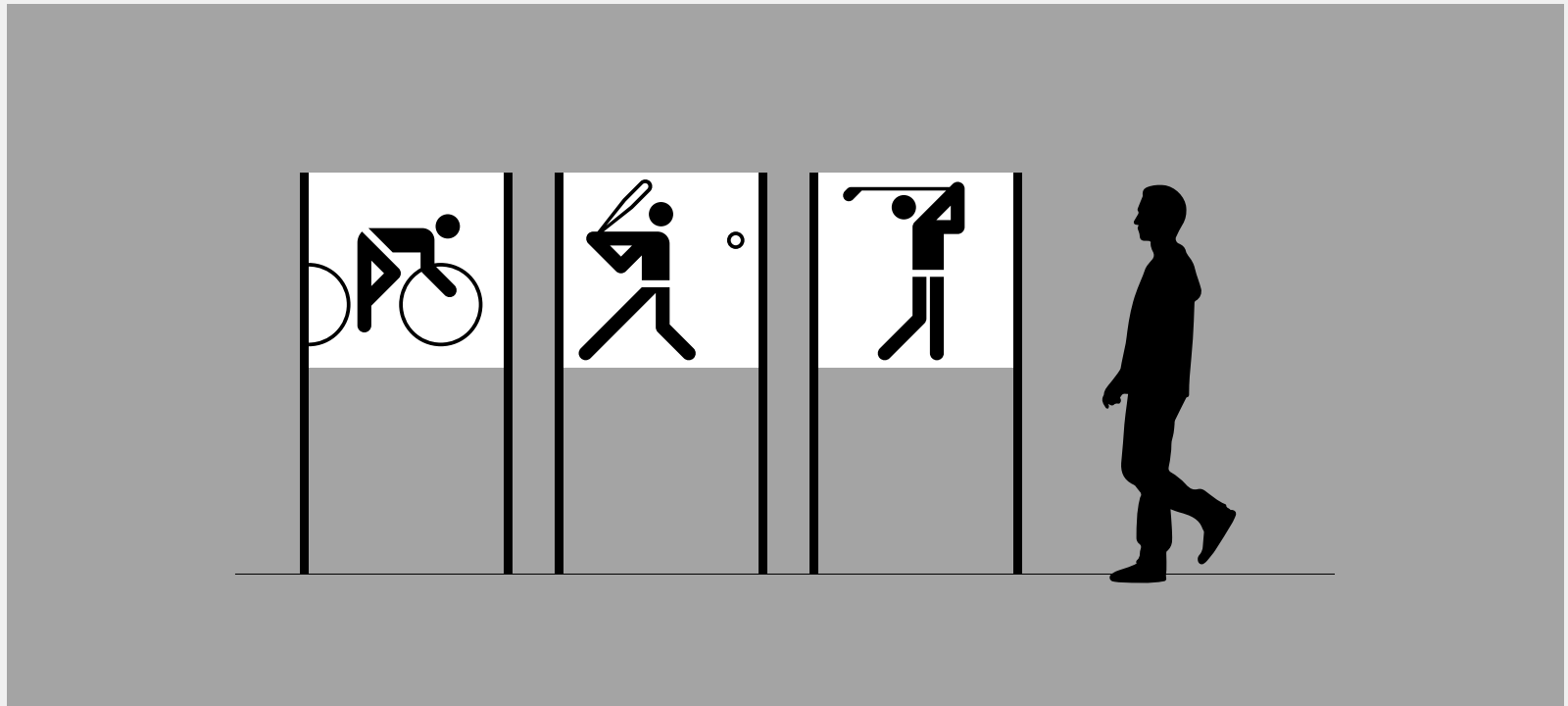
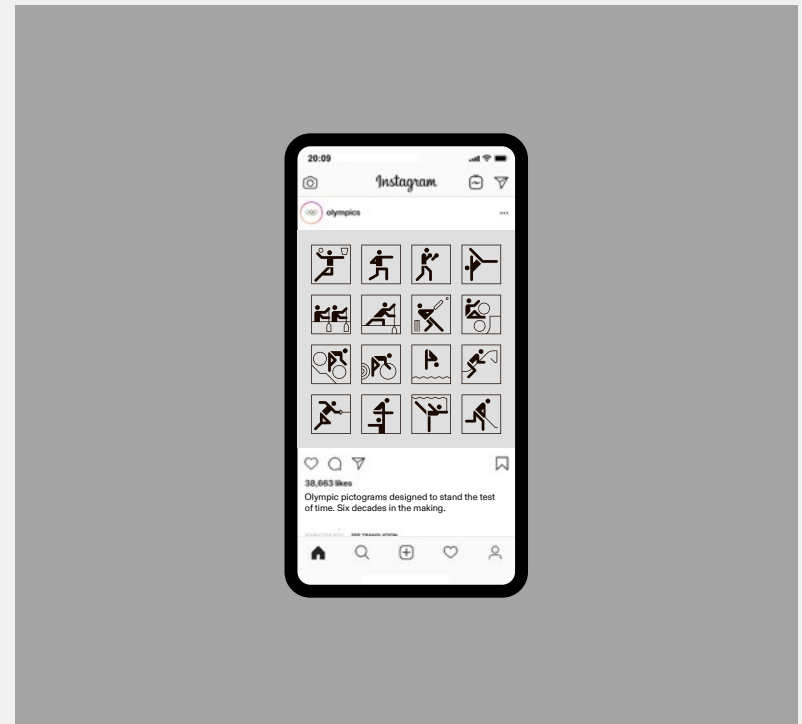
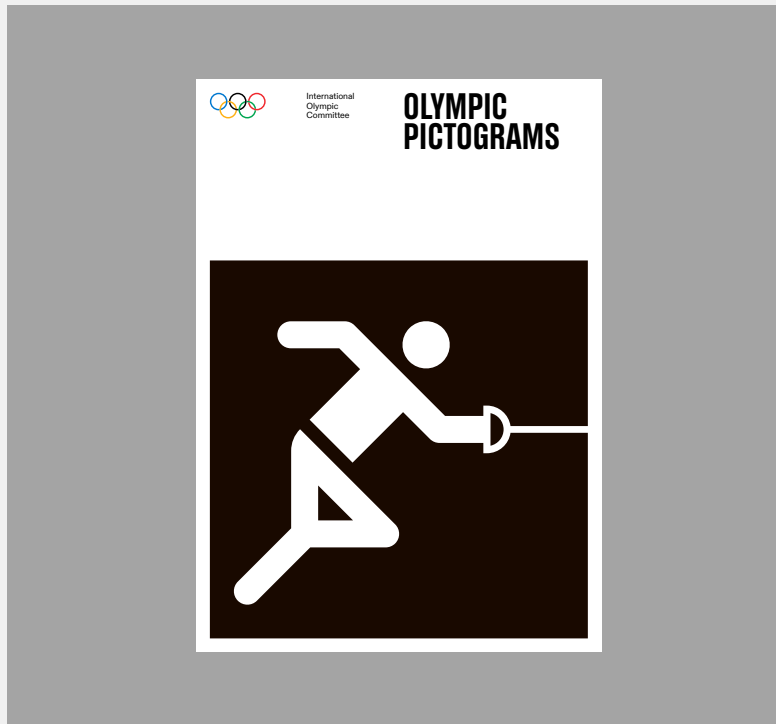
Cropped pictograms should be arranged to bleed off the composition.



The spacing of the container should often be maintained in the composition.



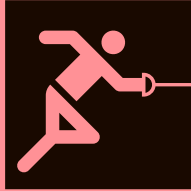
APPLICATIONS



GUIDANCE

Pictograms should not be altered in any manner unless otherwise specified. These are examples only and are not exhaustive.

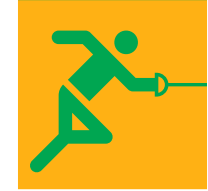
Do not use unapproved background colours. This includes extended palette.



Do not add any effects (such as drop shadows).



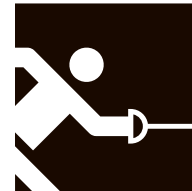
Do not use unauthorised colours or combinations.



Do not flip or rotate.



Do not crop.



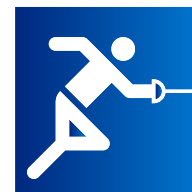
Do not introduce or overlap with other elements.



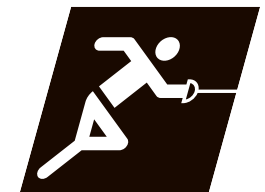
Do not fill with graphics or imagery.



Do not add gradients.



Do not distort.



10

INFOGRAPHICS

115
116
117
118
119
120
122

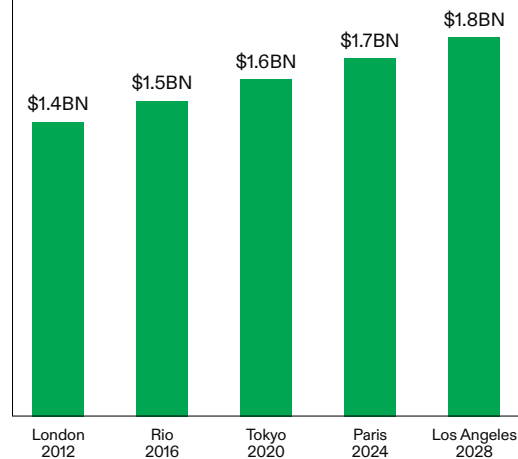
Highlighting data
Part-to-whole charts
Comparison charts
Infographics examples
Infographics with icons
Infographics guidance
Maps

INFOGRAPHICS

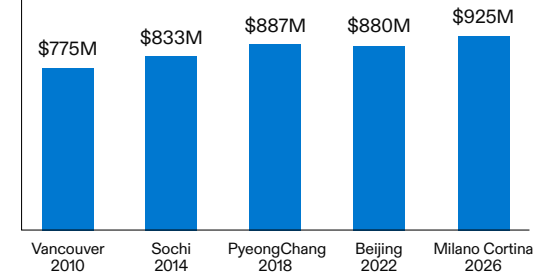
Infographics are graphic representations of information and data. They are designed to help simplify dense or complex information, allowing patterns and trends to emerge, and making it easy

to compare data and use it to tell a story. Infographics should always be organised, structured on a grid and easy to understand.

IOC CONTRIBUTION TO THE OLYMPIC SUMMER GAMES



IOC CONTRIBUTION TO THE OLYMPIC WINTER GAMES



HIGHLIGHTING DATA

There are many ways to express data without the use of complex graphics. Highlighting key figures with the Olympic Headline typeface or presenting them in tables offers a very readable and elegant way to format dense data.

Number (single)
Highlights a number

1.8M

Simple table
Compares, ranks or displays multiple piece of data

Lorem Ipsum	ABC
Dollor Sit	DEF
Amet Callebun	GHI
Ipsum Dollor	JKL
Sit Amet	MNO

Complex table
Compares, ranks or displays multiple pieces of data

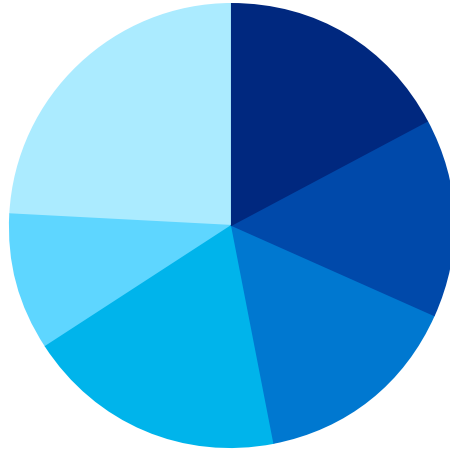
TABLE TITLE EXAMPLE OF INFORMATION

Example of data		Competition Venues													
		Venue number	Venue name	Name of zone (if applicable)	Name of cluster	Seating bowl capacity	Standing area capacity	Total gross capacity	Temporary seating capacity	Legacy seating capacity	Current use	Post-Games use	Games-time warm-up capacity (if required)		
													Number of fields of play	Brief description	
Biathlon	Biathlon														
Bobsleigh	Bobsleigh														
	Skeleton														
Luge	Luge														
Curling	Curling														
Ice Hockey	Ice Hockey														
Skating	Short Track														
	Figure Skating														
	Speed Skating														
Alpine Skiing	Downhill														
	Super-G														
	Giant Slalom														
	Slalom														
	Alpine Combined														
	National Team Event														

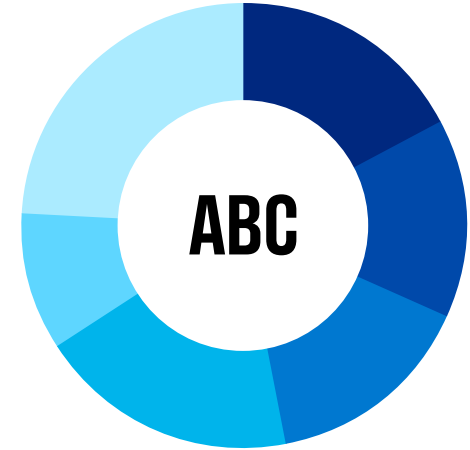
PART-TO-WHOLE CHARTS

Part-to-whole charts show how partial elements add up to a total.

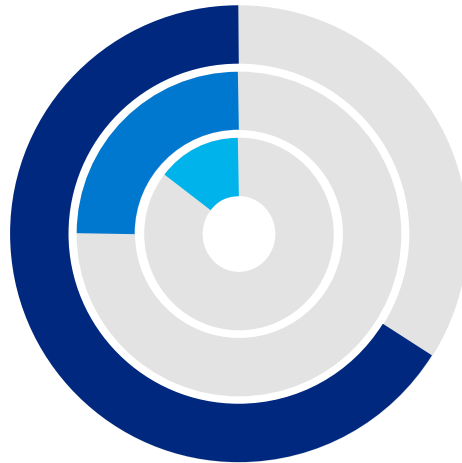
Pie
Expresses portions of a whole.



Doughnut
Expresses portions of a whole while highlighting the overall data.



Sunburst
Compares variations between multiple pieces of data in proportion to the whole.



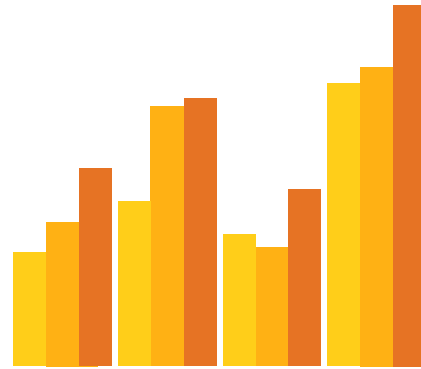
Grader
Expresses multiple points of data in proportion to the whole.



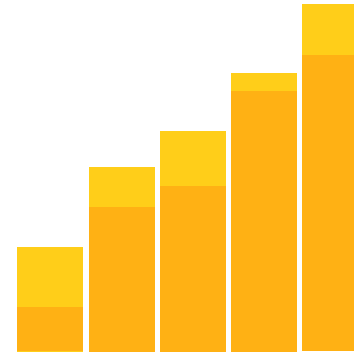
COMPARISON CHARTS

Comparison charts compare data between multiple distinct categories.

Grouped bar
Each group compares multiple data points.



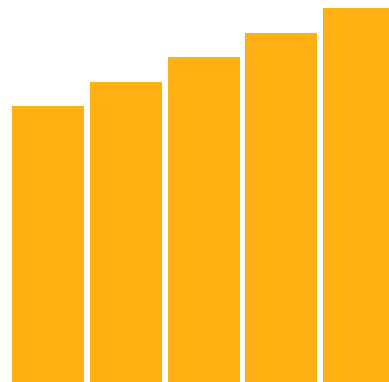
Stacked bar
Each stack compares two data points.



Stacked area
Expresses and compares data variation.



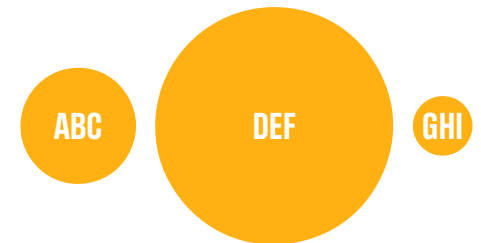
Bar
Compares, ranks or highlights variations.



Lines
Compares, ranks or highlights variations.

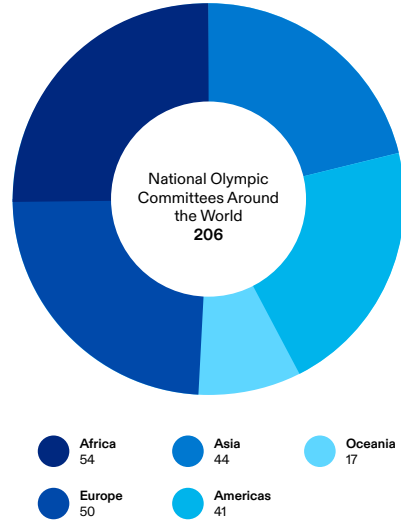


Bubbles
Expresses size difference in data.

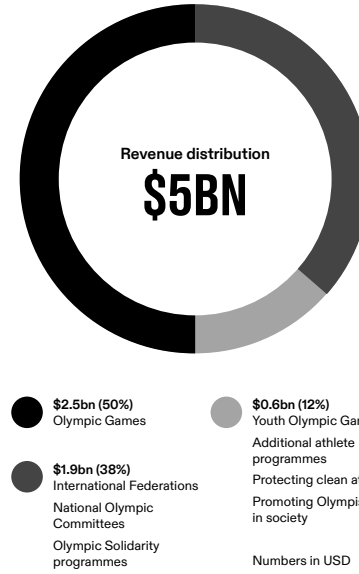


INFOGRAPHICS EXAMPLES

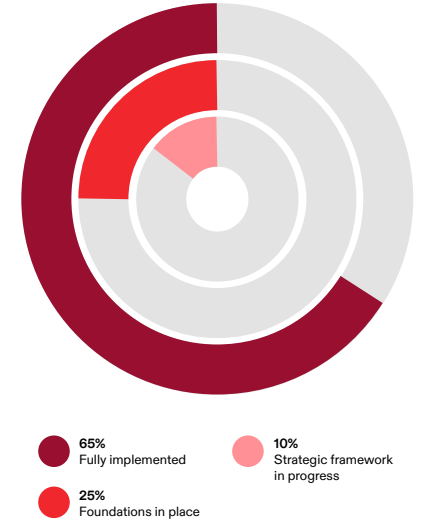
Doughnut



Doughnut

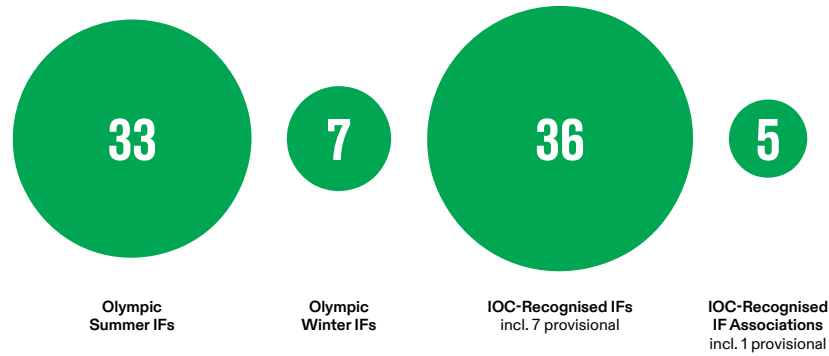


Sunburst



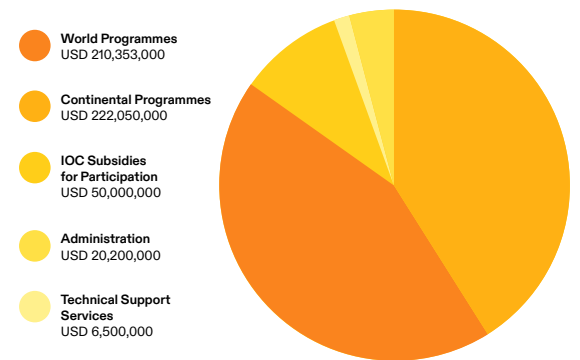
Bubbles

IOC SUPPORT TO IFs



Pie

OLYMPIC SOLIDARITY PLAN 2017-2020



INFOGRAPHICS WITH ICONS

Icons, such as those presented in [Chapter 8](#), and spot illustrations may be used to highlight information or data. The theme of the artwork should correspond to the data.

A spot illustration is an illustration used by itself, usually to accompany text, but not as large as a feature illustration. When developing spot illustrations, look for the most direct way to make the audience understand what you want them to feel and know. Spot illustrations should be clear — with the fewest unnecessary colours, shapes and lines to communicate effectively. Olympic colours or medal colours should always be the most visually prominent.

Icons + statistics



60%
Reduction in water usage at Olympic House



48%
Female participation at the Games, the highest ever

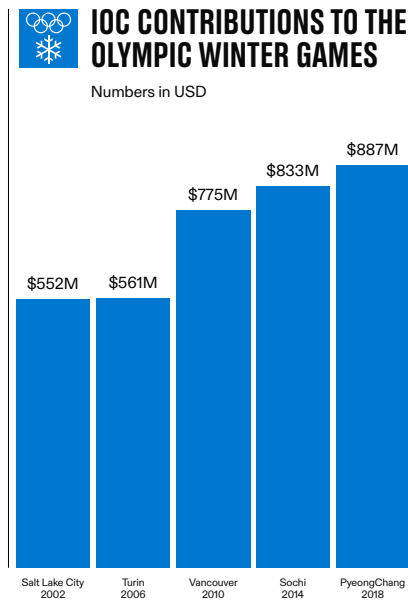


193
Nations signed the Olympic Truce in 2012

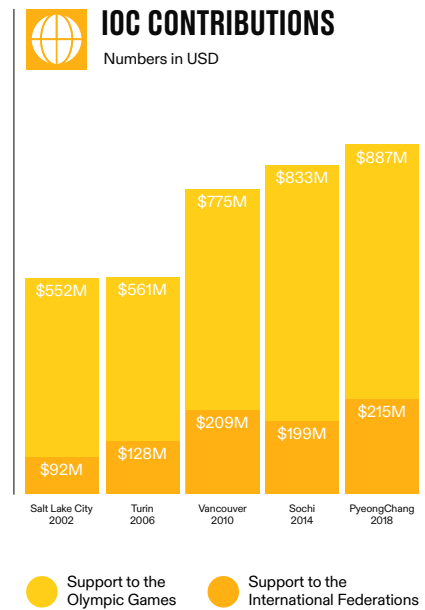


204M
People participated in the 2012 Cultural Olympiad

Bar

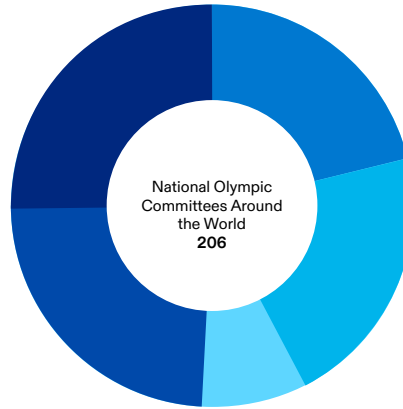


Stacked bar



INFOGRAPHICS GUIDANCE

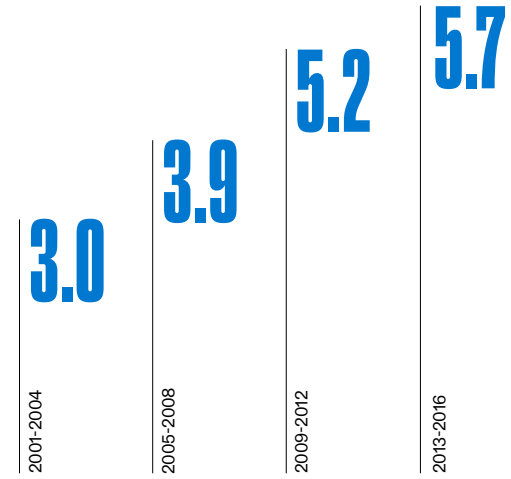
Use multiple shades of a same colour.
Use coloured dots to link the data to a chart.



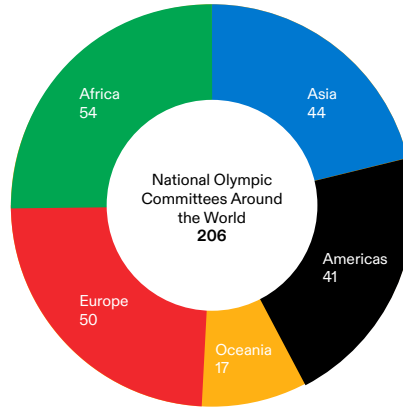
- Africa 54
- Asia 44
- Oceania 17
- Europe 50
- Americas 41



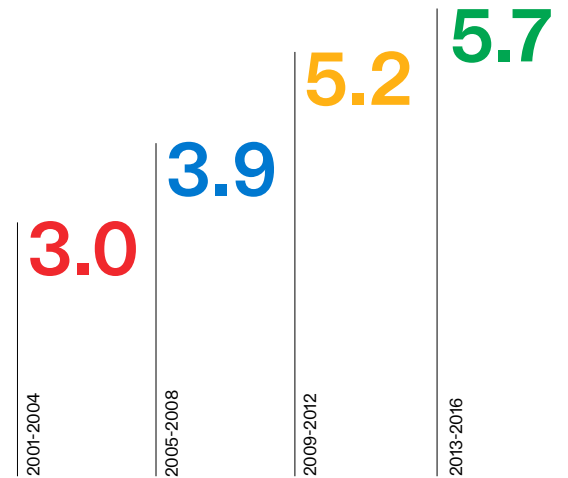
Use Olympic Headline when highlighting numbers.



Avoid using multiple Olympic colours in a single chart.
Avoid putting data on top of the chart.

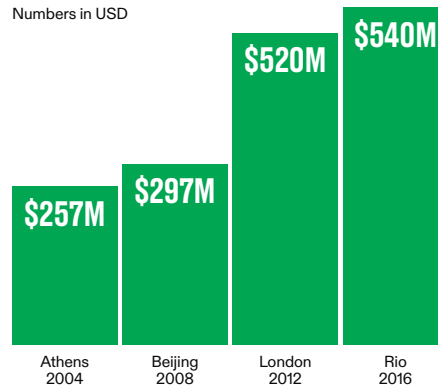


Avoid using Olympic Sans to highlight numbers.
Avoid using multiple Olympic colours to highlight numbers.

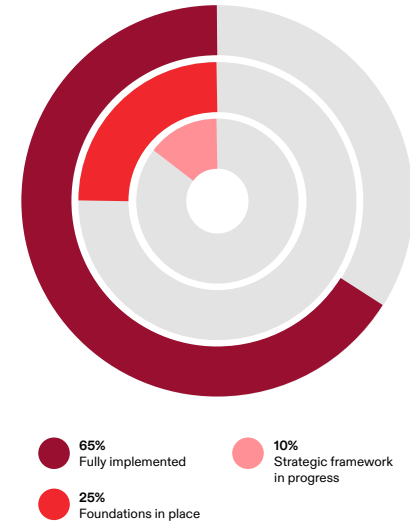


INFOGRAPHICS GUIDANCE

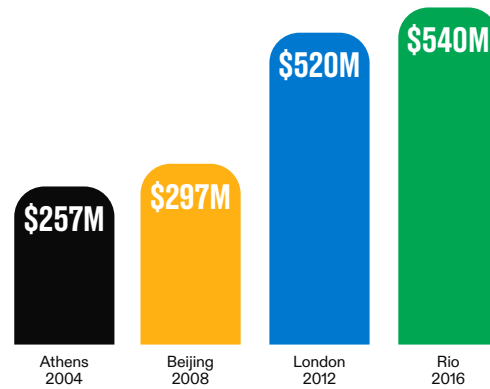
Use tight and consistent spacing between each bar.
Use a single colour for all bars.



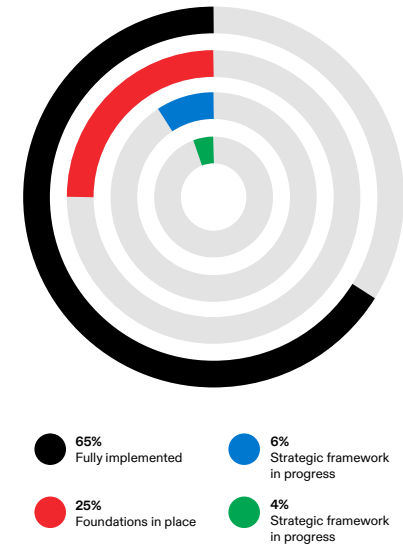
Use light grey full circles as the background of the graph.
Use multiple shades of the same colour.
Use consistent tight spacing between each round of the graph.



Avoid multiple Olympic colours in a single graph.
Avoid using round corners on the bars.

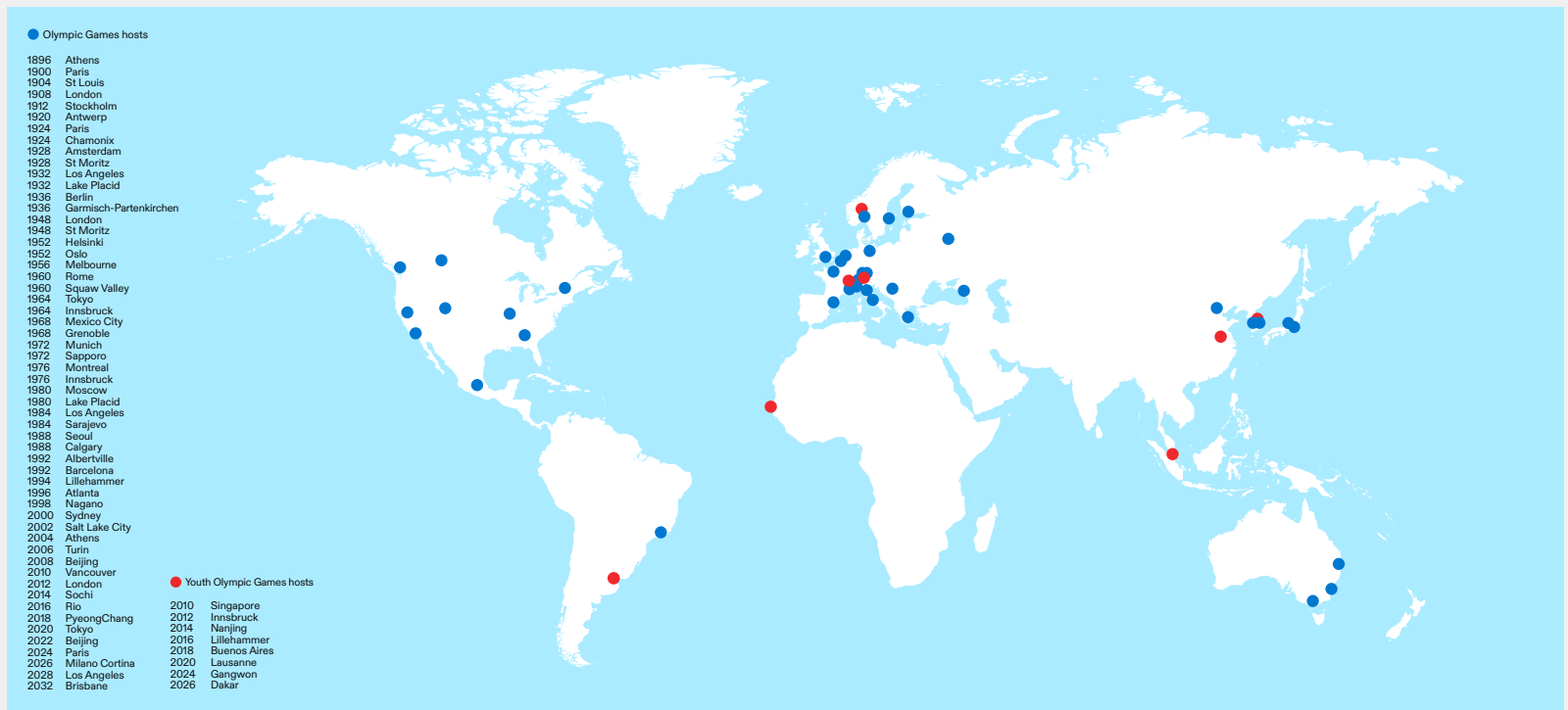


Avoid mixing and matching multiple colours from the Olympic colour palette in the same graph.
Avoid spacing out the circles.
Avoid using more than three circles.



MAPS

Neutral colours are used for maps so that any infographics which may appear over the top can be easily read.



11

COMPOSITION

125	Grids and formats
126	Digital grids and formats
127	Rings and alignment
128	Fine lines
129	A4 portrait layouts
130	A4 landscape layouts
131	Display layouts
132	Digital layouts
133	Spacing in digital
134	Layering digital components

COMPOSITION

The composition system helps professional designers create elegant and sustainable design across all touch-points. By using simple, structured grids and utilising design templates,

the system stays flexible and easy to apply — and a bold use of space allows for inviting forms of expression, in line with the personality of the Olympic brand.



GRIDS AND FORMATS

Grids help maintain an underlying structure and elegant ratios. They are an essential aspect of Olympic design. The following underlying grids should be used for all communications.

For further guidance and template files, please refer to the IOC Publication Guidelines.

Margins

In most applications, the margin should be equal on all four sides. Printed double-page spreads are an exception where extra margin space is needed in the middle of the document to ensure good readability.

Tight margins are part of the Olympic brand. In-house printers for documents such as stationery may need slightly larger margins.

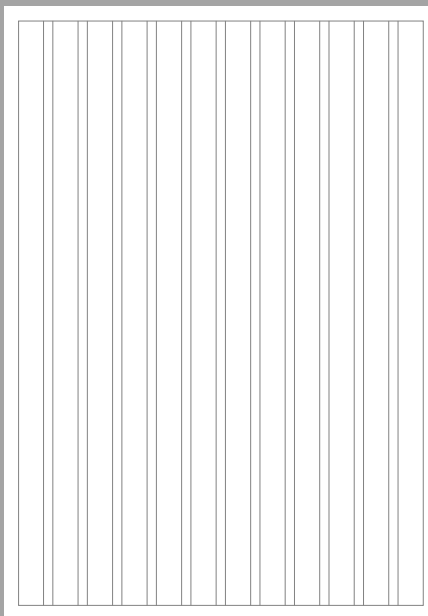
On digital interfaces, margins are only equal on left and right sides with no margins at the top and bottom of the page. See grids and formats in digital section for more details.

Columns/Column gutter

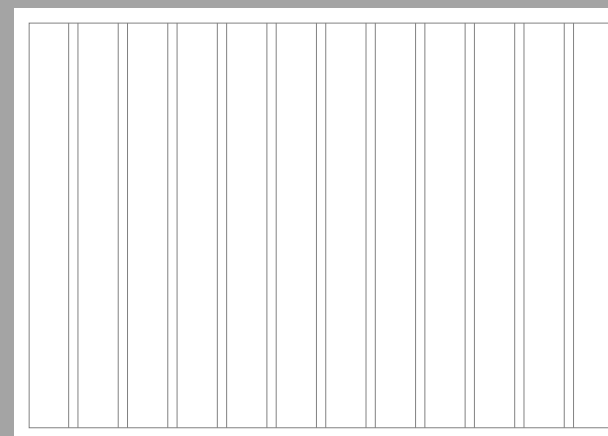
For each page, create a set number of columns. For complex layouts, 12 columns is a good starting point as it can be divided by 2, 3 and 4. Depending on the format, these numbers may need to be adjusted.

The column gutter is the space between columns. For standard A4 documents, 5.5mm gutters are optimal. For digital layouts, such as presentation documents or social media publications, slightly larger gutters will be needed to ensure a comfortable reading experience.

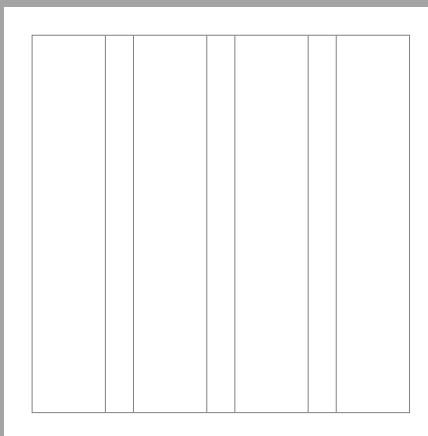
A4 portrait
210 × 297 mm
12-column grid
7 mm margins
5.5 mm gutters



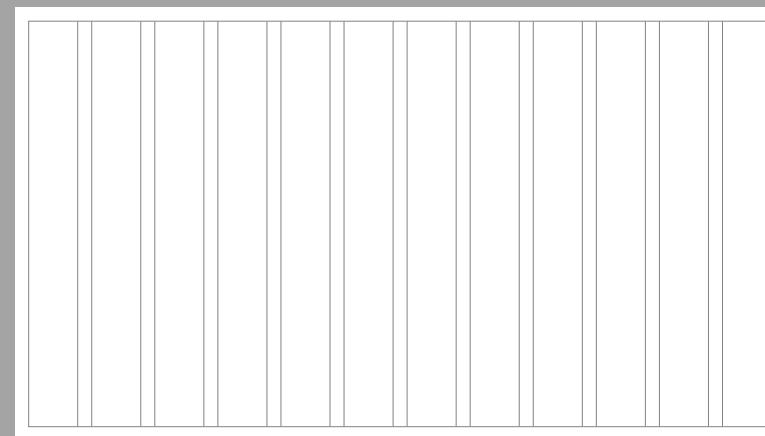
A4 Landscape
297 × 210 mm
12-column grid
7 mm margins
5.5 mm gutters



Instagram post
1080 × 1080 px
4-column grid
70 px margins
70 px gutters



Presentation document
1920 × 1080 px
12-column grid
35 px margins
35 px gutters



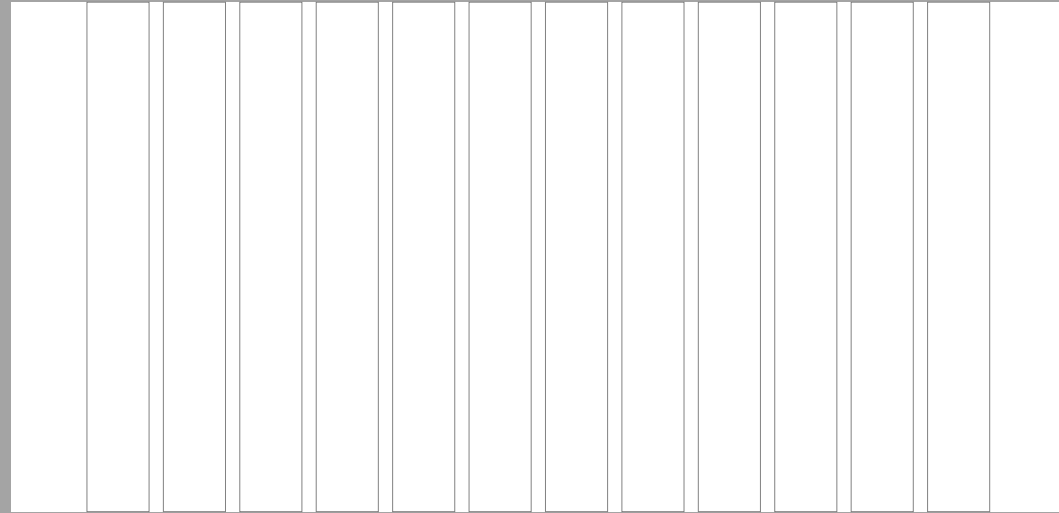
DIGITAL GRIDS AND FORMATS

Digital interfaces are designed to a 8px grid, designing to multiples of 8. This applies within components as well as the overall page.

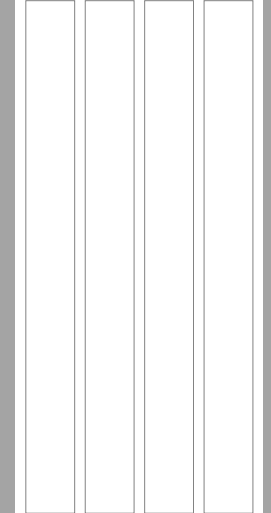
We design for and accomodate 4 page sizes for digital.

Margins are only applied to the left and right of the page, not the top and bottom.

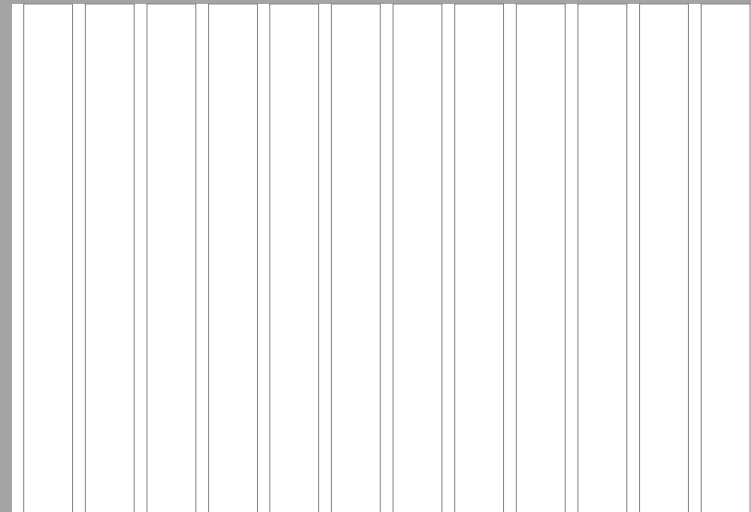
Extra Large
1600 px wide
12-column grid
104 px margins
24 px gutters



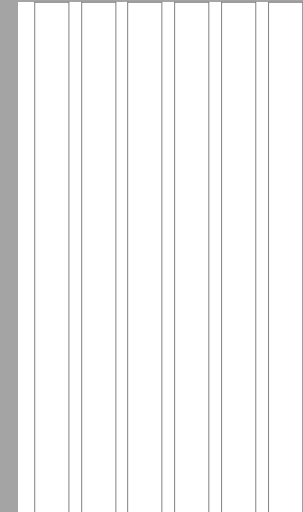
Small
375 px wide
4-column grid
16 px margins
16 px gutters



Large
1025 px wide
12-column grid
24 px margins
24 px gutters



Medium
577 px wide
6-column grid
32 px margins
24 px gutters



RINGS AND ALIGNMENT

Just like in the logo system, the size of the rings will impact the size of typography in all Olympic layouts. The size of the rings should align with text line heights — most often one, two or three lines of type.

On digital interfaces, the logo should centrally align with the navigation element rather than the text height.



**TITLE OF
THE DOCUMENT**

**THE
TAGLINE**

Auxiliary text
goes here



Olympics Games ▾ Athletes Sports News ▾ Olympics Channel

Search

FINE LINES

Lines are used to organise information and subdivide layouts. They reinforce the grid and are an essential part of the Olympic brand. They can be placed vertically or horizontally and should be contained within the grid. They should never extend past the margins of a layout.

Size

Most commonly used at 0.3pt (like the line on the left of this text block), thin lines may be optically adjusted to best suit a particular application. They should never be thicker than the body text weight.

Colour

Lines are most commonly used in black. They can also be white when used on a darker background, or a 50% tint of black when black is too stark. Colour is permitted in very few cases, most notably in digital and only as an accent along side text, never as a divider.



Vision, Games concept and legacy

The Olympic Games have the power to deliver long-lasting benefits that can positively impact a community, its image and its infrastructure. To take full advantage of the opportunities that hosting the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games can provide, clear objectives must be in place for what you want the Games to deliver to your citizens, city, region and country. And to be truly sustainable, these objectives must align with your long-term development planning and goals.

15

23



GAMES EXPERIENCE

Athlete experience is at the heart of the Olympic Games. The success of the Games depends on their performance, so ensuring the best possible conditions for them both on and off the field of play is critical.

This begins with the Olympic Village(s), which ideally should be close to the competition and training venues to limit travel times. It also extends to the athletes' participation at the Opening and Closing Ceremonies and the creation of opportunities for Olympians to come together in a spirit of celebration.

One effective way to ensure an optimal athlete experience is to involve them in the decision-making process from the very beginning, with roles in the planning and delivery of the Games, and an Athletes' Commission within the Organising Committee.

The spectator and fan experience is also crucial to the success of the Games. The Games provide an experience that is modern,

profound and impactful. Spectators and fans do not simply watch the Games; they experience them through a variety of initiatives before and during the event that provide authentic opportunities to participate in the heart of the action.

Some initiatives are already well established, such as the Torch Relay and the Opening and Closing Ceremonies, while others such as open warm-ups, mass events, sports initiation programmes and open days are under development. Many activities are free, making the Games even more accessible for everyone. Other activities are amplified through online platforms to connect the physical with a digital experience.

OLYMPIC RESULTS

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Eget sit amet tellus cras adipiscing enim eu turpis egestas.

SALT LAKE CITY 2002

BEIJING 2008

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Maecenas varius orci elit, at finibus purus euismod nec. Aenean consequat risus condimentum, porta risus sit amet, pharetra ipsum.

EVENT	SPORT	RESULT
Extra long name of event goes in here	Volleyball	1 Gold XXXXX
Extra long name of event goes in here	Volleyball	1 Gold XXXXX
Extra long name of event goes in here	Volleyball	1 Gold XXXXX

A4 PORTRAIT LAYOUTS

A4 portrait is the official format for printed publications. Here are a few layout options.

Note how the underlying grid keeps all the typographic elements in proportion with one another, using the Olympic rings as the base measure for all those proportions.

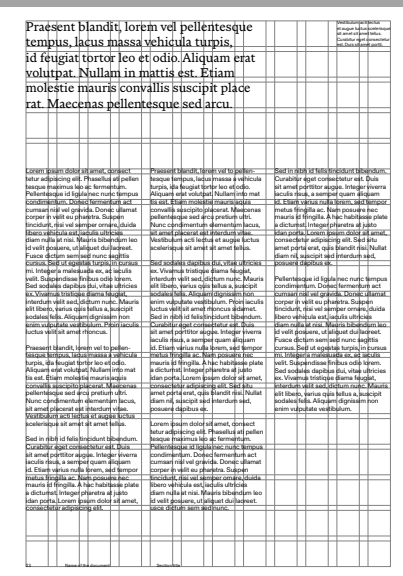
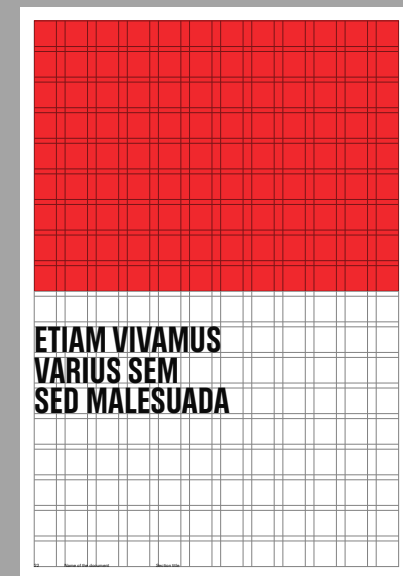
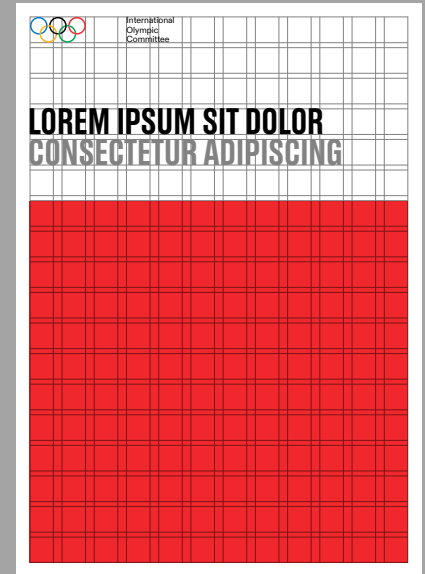
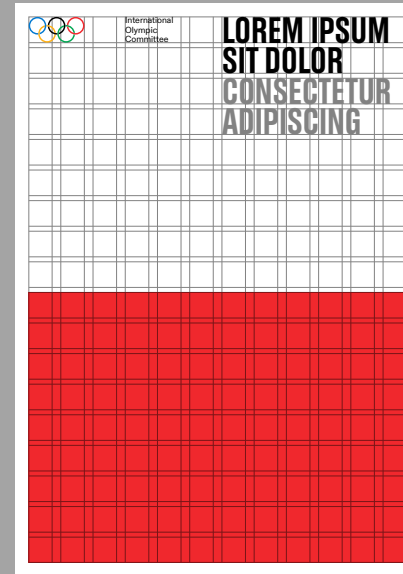
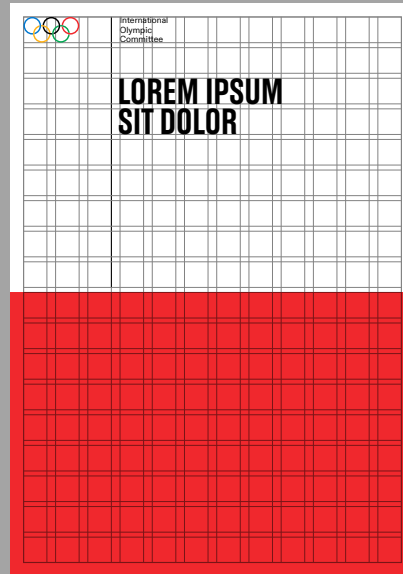
For further guidance and template files, please refer to the IOC Publication Guidelines.

Covers

- Margins: 7mm
- Number of columns: 12
- Column gutter width: 5.5mm

Inside facing pages

- Top, bottom and outside margins: 7mm
- Inside margins: 14mm
- Number of columns: 12
- Column gutter width: 5.5mm



A4 LANDSCAPE LAYOUTS

A4 landscape is the official format for on-screen publications, as the horizontal format is optimal for a good desktop reading experience. This format is single page only. It does not allow for facing pages. Here are a few layout options.

Note how the underlying grid keeps all the typographic elements in proportion with one another, using the Olympic rings as the base measure for all those proportions.

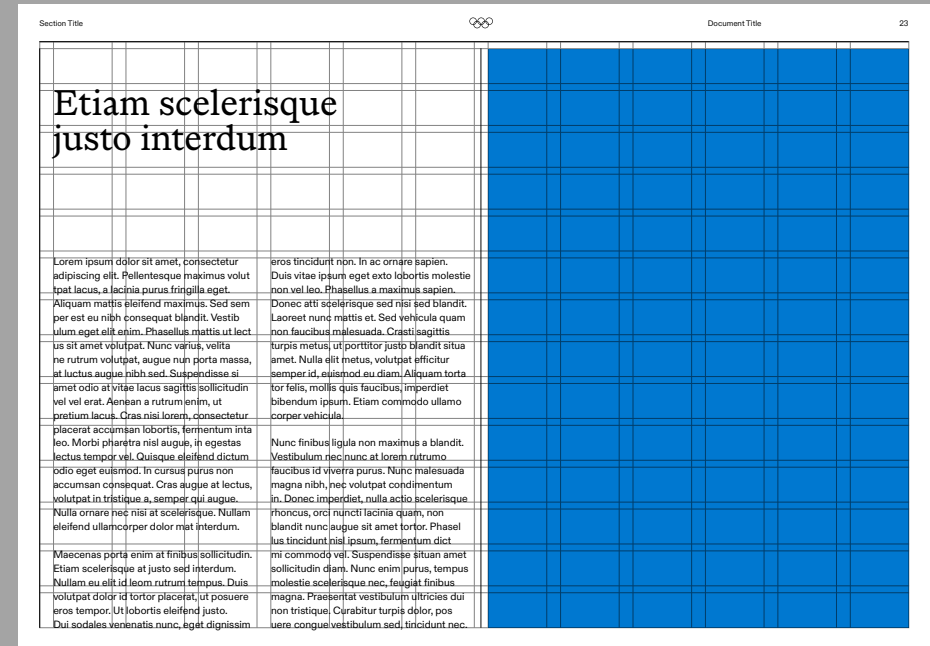
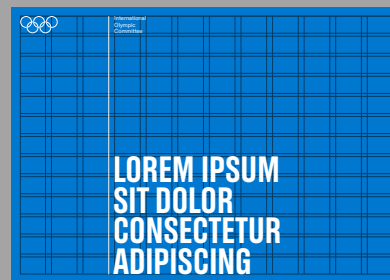
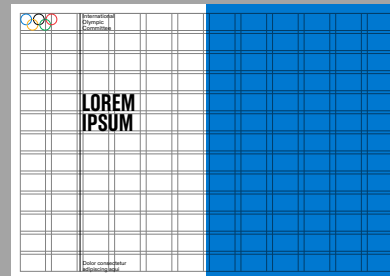
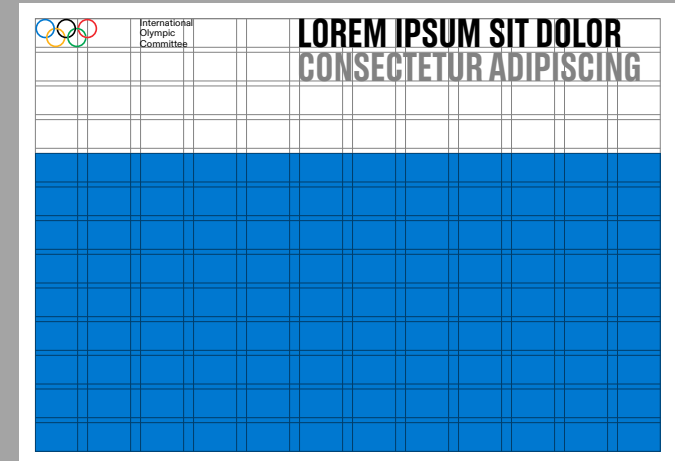
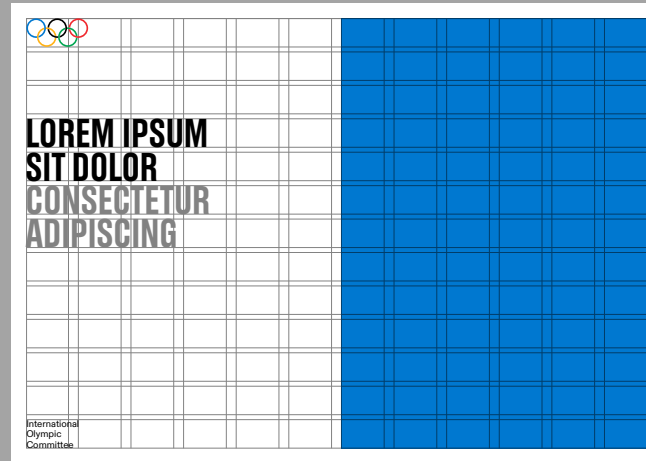
For further guidance and template files, please refer to the IOC Publication Guidelines.

Covers

- Margins: 7mm
- Number of columns: 12
- Column gutter width: 4.5mm

Inside pages

Inside layouts use the same metrics as the cover, but an additional gutter is added on the left and at the top of the document. These are used to add space between the content and the lines surrounding the layout.

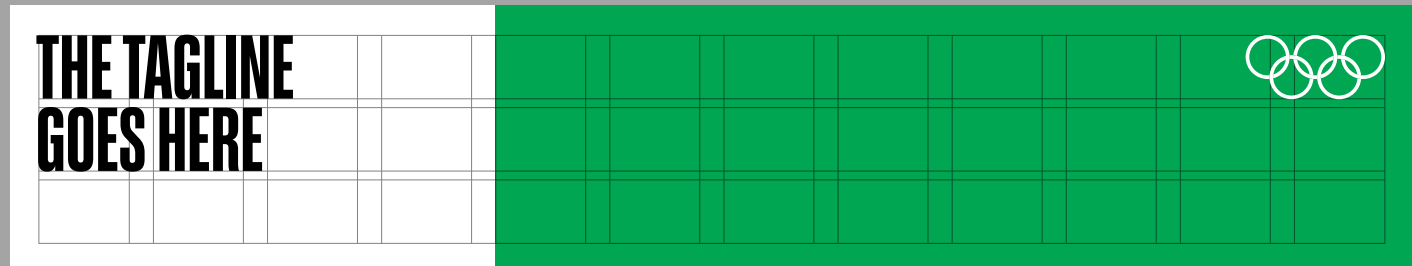


DISPLAY LAYOUTS

To reduce complexity and maximise impact in extreme size layouts, images should be full bleed.

Note how the underlying grid keeps the typographic elements in proportion with the Olympic rings.

In most instances, headline type should be left-aligned and locked to an edge of the grid, with the rings locked to a corner of the grid.

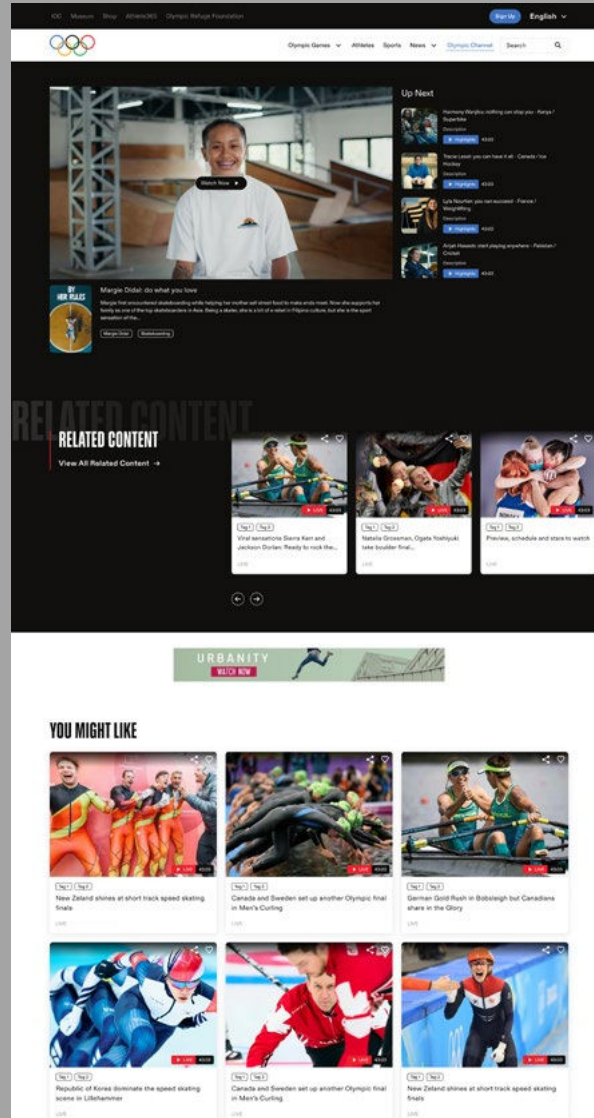


DIGITAL LAYOUTS

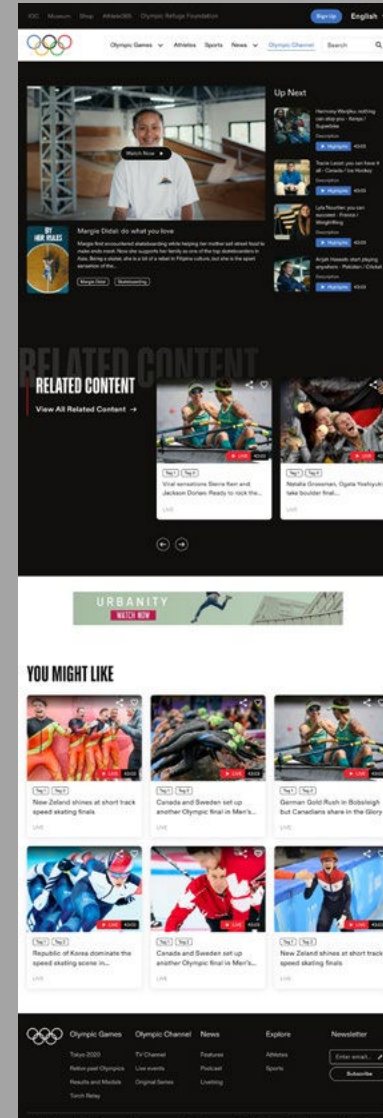
Digital layouts conform to the grids that are used for the respective screen sizes. Each page can be treated as different sections stacked on top of one another.

For the sections that require greater emphasis, images can be full bleed, breaking the grid.

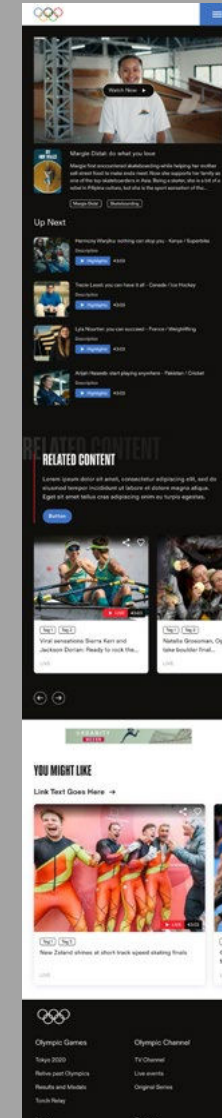
Extra Large
1600 px wide



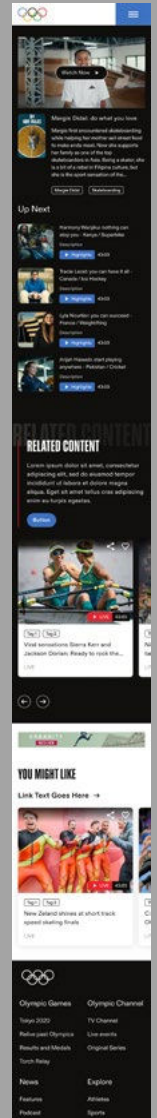
Large
1025 px wide



Medium
577 px wide



Small
375 px wide



SPACING IN DIGITAL

Content should be associated by proximity, avoiding large areas of whitespace.

Care should be taken to make sure enough content is visible per viewport so users do not need to scroll excessively.

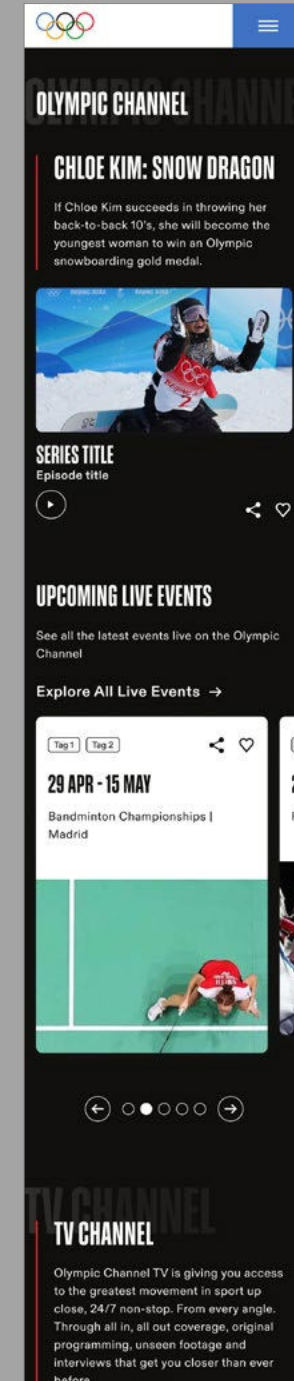
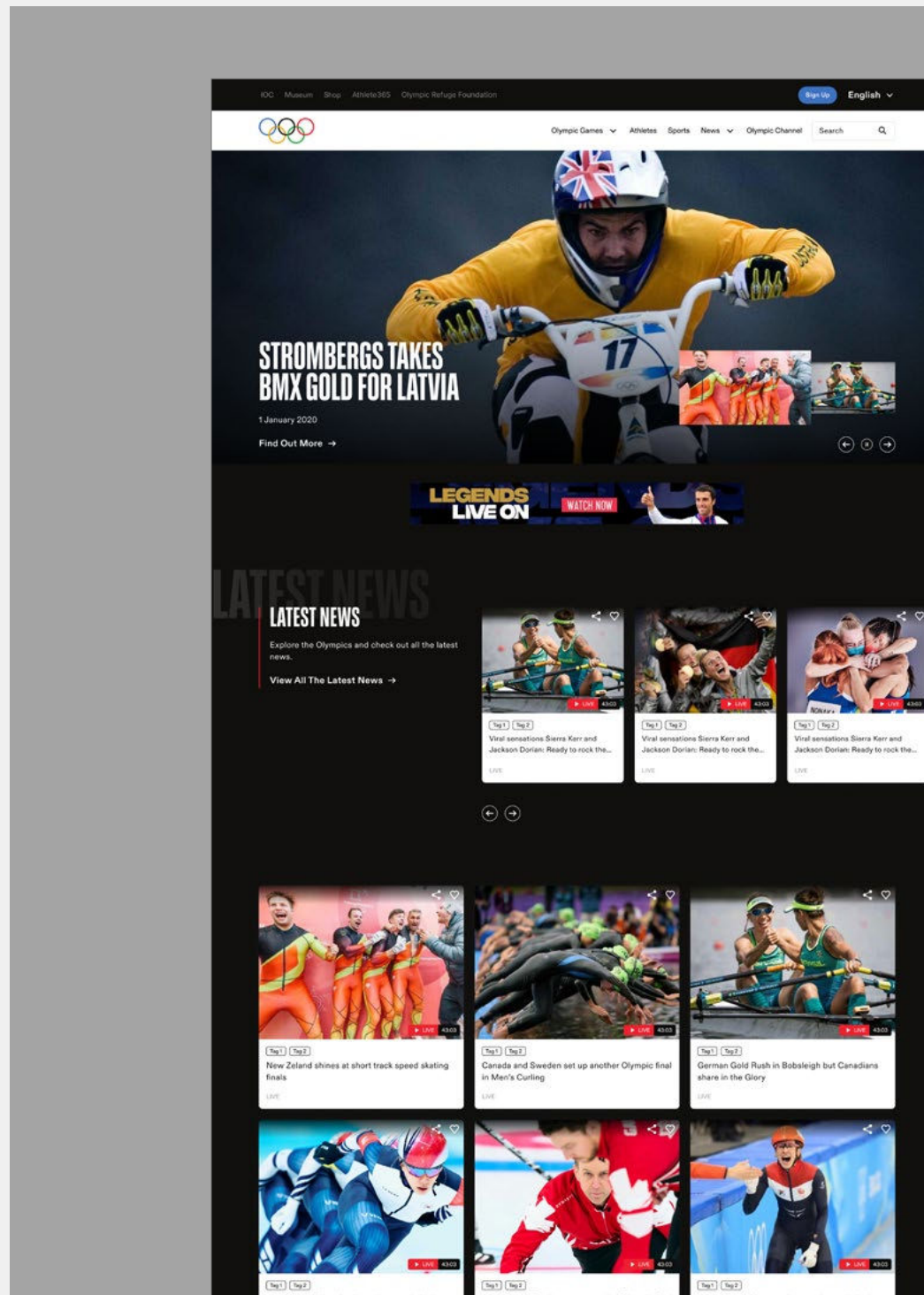
For headings

Bring headings closer to the content they relate to so they are associated by proximity. Leave an adequate gap above headings to separate them from the previous content.

For tables

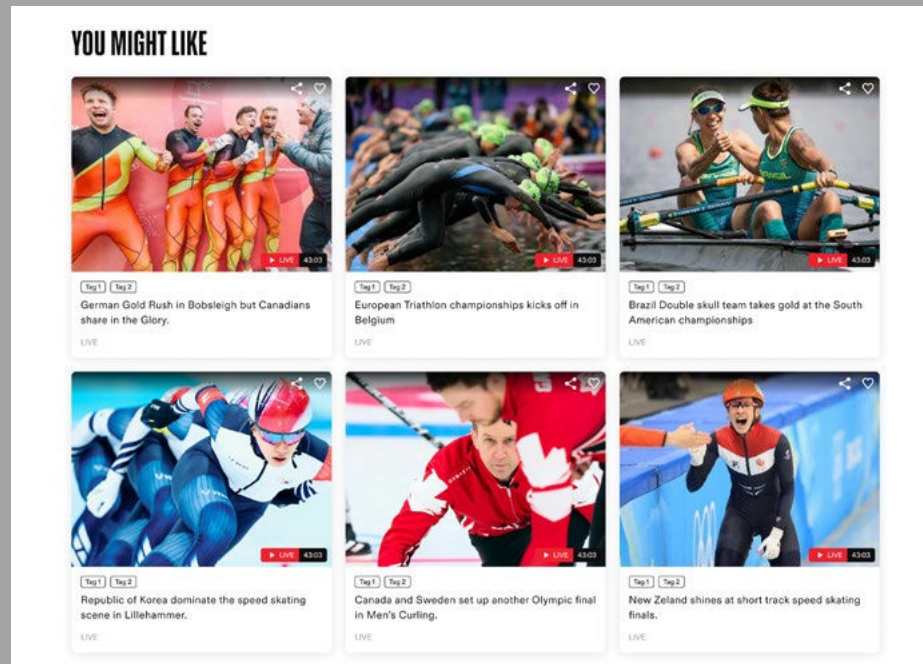
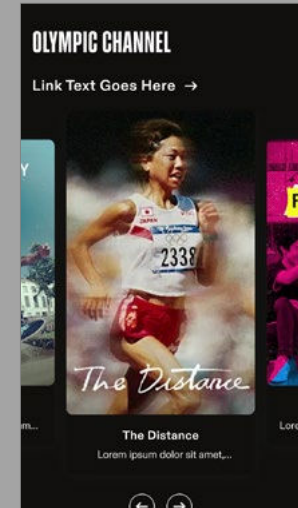
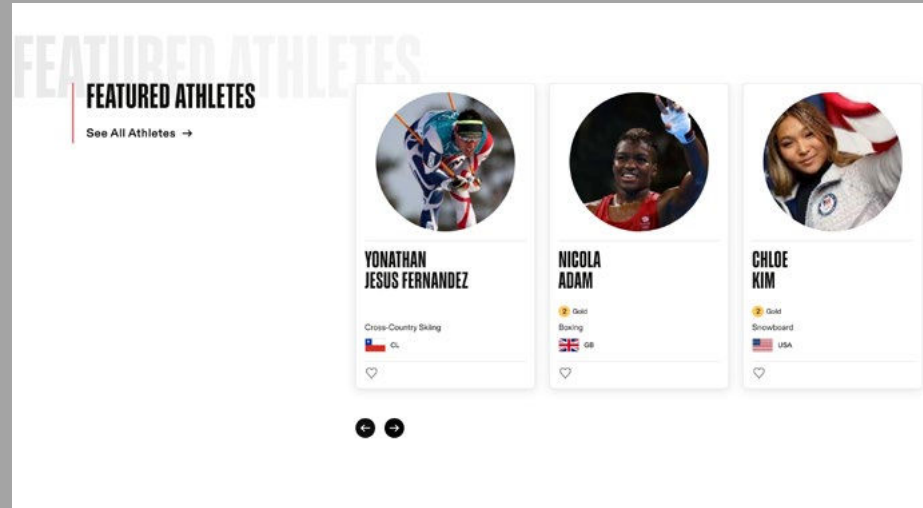
The height of tables should be contained so several items are visible in one viewport. The number of items visible in a table viewport should be 5 to 9 given working memory capacity.

Reference : The Magical Number Seven, Plus or Minus Two (George A. Miller)



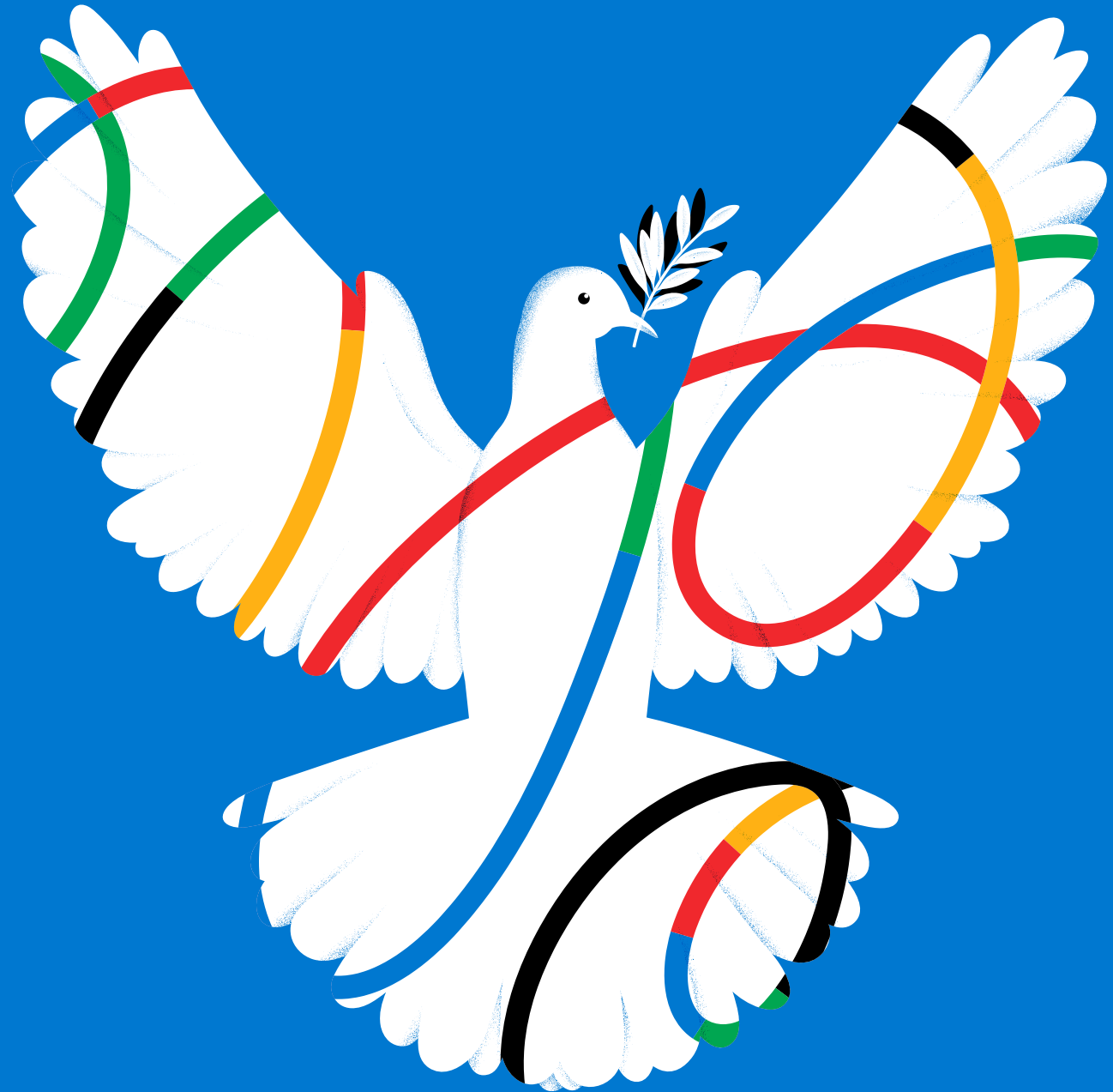
LAYERING DIGITAL COMPONENTS

Use elevation such as shadows and skrim to show layering in digital environments.



CONTACT & ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For further information, please contact your IOC key contact person or the Brand Management team for assistance. We also recommend you visit the Olympic Brand Centre to download brand assets, guidelines and learn more about the Olympic brand.



The Olympic rings, typography, pictograms, photographs and other assets featured in these guidelines are the property of the International Olympic Committee, all rights reserved.

© 2023 International Olympic Committee.
All rights reserved.